

▲ THRILLING TALE OF HUMAN LIFE

QUIET BREAKS OUT.

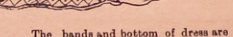
"Yes, that is what we thought," said Guest sadly.

18 something about the south; but whether

"I don't mean anything bad," said Gu hastily; "and if old Mal thinks he is ing to get rid of me he's mistaken. I it not a woman, to throw a fellow over

"Next time he comes, Mrs. Brado," Guest, slipping a sovereign into her hand, "send your husband on to me directly to try and keep Mr. Strattor till he comes back."

"That I will, sir," she cried eagerly; she kept her word over and over again, to Guest's intense chagrin always too late.



but how much would be in it to him
late. married her.

he | "an' it's moighty dry wurrk, an' that's the
thruth, sorr."

This graceful costume is adopted from the Greek for evening wear as a tea gown.

"That I will, sir," she cried eagerly.

Fortune Telling.

"Oh, Mr. De Spud," exclaimed the young maiden, "they say you can fortunes. Can you tell mine?"

"I wish I could," responded De earnestly because he had been wondering how much would be in it to him married her.

Disappointed in his visit to the inn, Guest went back to his own chambers, where his feet, set on reaching his room, with a

No idea came, for Brettison was one of the most erratic and enthusiastic of beings. Being very wealthy, and living in the simplest way, money was no object; and he would go off anywhere, and at any cost, to obtain a few simple and rare plants for his herbarium. As Guest mused over the matter, he recollected that Stratton said something about the south; but whether

The German government is already place a proposition before European

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NEW LINE TO FRANCE

Improved Steamship Communication
and Early Possibility.

AUSTRALIA AS A COMPETITOR

Our Sister Colony in the Antipodes' Making an Effort to Tie With Canada in Cheese Production—Other Topics Discussed by Cable Letter.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—There seems to be a prospect of improved steam communication between Canada and France in the near future and the probable early ratification of the Franco-Canadian treaty is of course stimulating the organization of the scheme. The proposal is to run a line of steamers regularly between Belgium, France and Canada in the winter, and summer if reasonable encouragement can be obtained from the Dominion Government and the merchant shipping companies. At present intermittent communication between Antwerp and Montreal in the summer months, but the intention, if satisfactory arrangements can be made, is to run a regular advertised service to Montreal during the season of navigation, commencing in April or May next. Not only will the service be of value so far as trade with France is concerned, but it should lead to the expansion of Canadian exports and to imports from both Belgium and Germany via Antwerp. There is also the chance that additional communication may be provided, as it is well known that the Hansa line have it in contemplation to arrange for the despatch of steamers at frequent intervals to Antwerp. Much more might be done in the way of increasing the commercial relations of the Dominion with France, if the steamers of the company were transferred to Havre were utilized. The surplus of tonnage, which is added on importations into France via a European country other than the United States, does not apply to imports from Canada by way of United States. The same remarks apply to the trade with Germany by way of the Hamburg and Bremen. These questions are receiving the attention of those interested in the development of trade between Canada and the Continent and in the exploitation of new markets for its products.

Australian Cheese in England.

The Australian colonies are making wonderful strides in the development of the export of dairy produce. For some time they have regarded Canada's pre-eminence in the cheese trade with a certain amount of envy, and it is an open secret that they mean to endeavor to get a share of the trade which they are also trying to do in the case of live cattle. Initiation is the sincerest form of flattery, although it may not always be palatable, and this will probably be the feeling of Canada in reference to the announcement that a ton of cheese from the Antipodes at the Hawkesbury Agricultural College in New South Wales on the Canadian Channel system with the object of sending it to England to test the market. Specimens of the cheese are to be sent to the Government analyst of the Agricultural Department before shipment in order that they be compared with cheese of Canadian manufacture.

Australian Live Cattle.

Particulars are now available of the results of the recent experiments in the shipment of live cattle from Australia to England, and they will be interesting to Canadian readers. All animals from the Antipodean colonies are slaughtered at the ports of landing, owing to the admitted prevalence of pleuro-pneumonia among the Australian herds. Seventeen animals are included in the account, consisting of short horns and nine Devons. The latter were very superior in quality, well above the average and equal to the best cattle received from the United States. The short horns were fine cattle also, but at the butchers' standpoint were too fat, although this seems almost incredible, in view of the fact that the animals had travelled 12,000 miles. In consequence they did not bring so much per pound as the Devons. The day's allowance of food per animal on the voyage was 6 pounds of hay, 4 pounds of lucerne, 6 pounds of maize and 4 pounds of bran. Three of the short horns (1,092 pounds each) realized 4-5-8 per pound, or 424 in. and the remaining five (1,151 pounds each), 4-1-3 per pound, or 403 pounds each. Four of the Devons (weighing 922 pounds each) brought 5-1-4 per pound or 473 1/2 in. and the remaining five (weighing 922 pounds each) were sold at 5-1 per pound, or 406 1/2 in. The total sum realized was therefore £1,045 7-6, the average price per head being £20 1-4.

The Photographic Exhibition.

It is to be hoped that Canadian photographers will make a brave show at the forthcoming photographic exhibition at the Imperial Institute. The galleries are well adapted for the purpose, and selections of photographs of the scenery in the different provinces also illustrating the industries of the country, agriculture, forestry, mining, lumbering, fishing and manufacturing would be a valuable object lesson and give the British public a better view of the resources and capabilities of Canada. Such an exhibition would also assist in very marked way the efforts that are being made to encourage the investment of capital in the country, and besides the splendidly displayed collection of the Queen's highway to the east, about which so much has been written.

Kingville Has a Bad Fire.

LEAMINGTON, Ont., Feb. 6.—The village of Kingville, about 8 miles from here, was visited by a disastrous fire yesterday morning, destroyed a large portion of the business part on the south side of Talbot street. Shain's dry goods store and express, and a warehouse, were destroyed. The Dunlop, Andrew Wigle's and Conklin blocks. The sufferers besides the owners of the buildings are W. J. Shain, dry goods, Jas. Wigle, millinery, Thornton's millinery, Brown's barber shop, Pierce's grocery, S. L. McKay's Mechanics' Institute over the shop and hardware store. Loss \$30,000, mostly covered by insurance.

"No Trouble" Burned to Death.

MONTREAL, Feb. 6.—A fire broke out at night in the exchange stables at Point St. Jacques. The fire was not of much consequence, but it resulted in the loss of a valuable horse, "No Trouble," owned by J. Burke, of Ottawa, which was here to race in the Jacques-Cartier races, and was burned to death. "No Trouble" was a very fast horse, being the winner of the 2,17 at Ottawa, and was entered in the same class here. "Money Maker," owned by Mr. Burke, was also badly burned.

THE GLENWILLIAMS ASSAULT.

Joe McMaster Committed to Stand His Trial and Hailed.

GEORGETOWN, Ont., Feb. 4.—Joe McMaster, who was charged with the assault on Glenwilliams, was brought before Judge Kennedy and hauled, charged with assaulting him to do grievous bodily harm on Albert Turner. County Crown Attorney Matheson prosecuted. The prisoner was committed to stand his trial at the Ontario Court of Sessions, by Barrister John Shilton, of Toronto. Turner, who looks anything but well, said that he attended church at Glenwilliams on the evening of Friday 29, that after the service, and as he and Miss Wheeler were moving away from the church steps, he was suddenly seized from behind by the defendant, who attempted to rise, but was struck and went down. The assault was continued until he became unconscious. Several other witnesses were examined, all of whom swore they saw McMaster assault Turner.

Their witnesses considered a clear case had been made out against McMaster and they were ready to stand his trial at the spring assizes. After consultation they decided to accept bail. This was forthcoming.

FROZE HIMSELF TO DEATH.

A Cincinnati Man Ends His Life in a Desperate Struggle.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 6.—W. H. Goodie, of 253 Central avenue, deliberately froze himself to death in Lake View Park. His body was found on one of the benches in the park in the morning. The following letter was found in his pocket:—
"To whom it may concern:—I am W. H. Goodie. I have decided to end my life. Don't take me home but drop me at your morgue and let my wife know. Break it gently to my wife and then drop her in some handy hole so it won't take any expense. My wife has no means to foot any bills. Signed, W. H. Goodie."

The Linwood Mystery.

BERLIN, Ont., Feb. 6.—The only developments in the supposed Linwood child murder case are that the constable was out in pursuit of the couple yesterday morning. They are described as being about 33 years old each. Several of the villagers, whose suspicions had been aroused, visited the place where the fire had been made, and at once began kicking the ashes around more or less, and when Dr. McCreary visited the place he found some difficulty in gathering up any of the supposed remains. In an interview with him he says the cluster he secured is composed of ashes, snow and other substance, but he would not swear that it was that of human bones. There can be no further developments until the arrest has been made. The constable, who is a young man, says, "They had a child with them," or "I think they had," while others say they saw them in the neighborhood for a few days and took no notice of the presence of a child.

A Brave Rescue by Firemen.

MONTREAL, Feb. 4.—A fire which broke out in the picture framing establishment of Mr. T. Bean, 37 St. Antoine street, although extinguished by the brigade, was attended by a serious property loss and narrowly escaped being the cause of a tragedy. The firemen at the risk of their lives rescued from the top flat of the burning building Mrs. John Martin, an aged and almost helpless lady, from death. The fire started in Mr. Bean's store from some unknown cause, and quickly spread to the restaurant of Mr. J. McKinley and to his and Mr. John Martin's dwellings above. The firemen were quickly on the scene but the flames spread so quickly that Mrs. Martin's escape was only by the grace of smoke and flames the men made their way to the fire-imprisoned lady, and the crowd cheered when they again appeared bringing her to their own safety. By the stores on the street flat were gutted by fire.

Brusseau Makes a Confession.

DETROIT, Feb. 6.—William Brusseau spent three hours last night confessing to Detective Sergeant Baker and Detective Soder. He seems to be mentally wrecked, possibly from the effect of the deed. He says the body lay in the chair when Mrs. Pope awakened him and that she had committed the murder. Brusseau says Mrs. Pope made six attempts on her husband's life by means of coal gas. Then she decided to cut his throat or shoot him in such a way as to indicate suicide. The past six weeks she had been studying out some definite way of doing the deed which was performed on Saturday morning.

Had Fire in Quebec.

FARNAUX, Que., Feb. 6.—W. L. Hibbard's saw mill was destroyed by fire. J. R. Smith's furniture shop was in the same building, also the plant of the electric light company. The fire was of considerable total loss. The wind was so high that it burnt in a very short time and nothing of any consequence could be saved. Loss about \$50,000. The Canadian Pacific bridge of the St. Hyacinthe branch, near the Central, caught and was destroyed. The building Vermont railway bridge, as well as the water works building, were in imminent danger.

An Escaped Thief Recaptured.

WITTON, Ont., Feb. 6.—Wm. Crandell, the man arrested at Galt last year for stealing from the express office and other places here, made his escape by jumping from the roof of the Rogers Hotel where he was confined. The constable had his clothes but he took two blankets from his bed and took them to the Rogers Hotel where he was a better cold night. He was recaptured about 600 yards from the farm house, both feet being badly frozen.

Five Horses Burned.

HAMILTON, Ont., Feb. 6.—Yesterday a barn in rear of 96 Bay street, owned by Thomas White and rented by Mrs. Sutton, was burned to the ground together with contents. The fire started in the lower part of the barn and spread to the upper part. Five horses were consumed in the flames. Mrs. Sutton had four of the horses insured for \$100 each. White lost \$200 on the building.

A Sarina Man Asphyxiated.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—George Brown, a wealthy resident of Sarina, Ont., who was visiting his daughter's in this city, was found dead in his room yesterday morning. He was asphyxiated by escaping gas which he had failed to properly turn off.

PERSONALS OF ROYALTY.

The queen of England always sleeps with her bedroom window open.

Among his many accomplishments the duke of Edinburgh can speak seven different languages.

Sir Edwin Arnold said the other day that he had ended a ramble once made by Chaucer's M. Depew: "Fame depends on being civil to interviewers."

The duke of York has never conquered his tendency to seasickness, and although he does a great deal of yachting, with his father it is not all plain sailing with him.

Lord Aberdeen first met his wife on Guisachan, his father's estate, when he was a lad, and, having lost himself on the hills, begged shelter at the lodge for himself and his pony.

Here is a good story which is told of Sir Arthur Sullivan: It was at dinner, and a young lady inquired of Sir Arthur whether he was composing at the present. "No," he replied, "at present he is decomposing."

The duke of York, who is an enthusiastic stamp collector, recently applied to the agent-general of the colonies for specimens of the issues of their countries.

In reply stamps have been sent to him by the sheet, and in some cases issues withdrawn have been reprinted for him.

WHY AND WHEREFORE.

Clouds that move in the direction opposite to that of the surface current indicate a change of weather, because they prove the existence of two air currents, one warm and the other cold, and the mingling of these often causes rain.

The strongest muscle in the calf of the leg, and the locomotor muscle of the most necessary functions. The great muscle of the calf has been found by actual experiment to be capable of sustaining seven times the weight of the body.

Many persons lay a poker across the top of a grate to make the fire burn, because a popular superstition, once prevalent, held that the devil was due to the devil. Two pokers were used, and were laid across the fire in the form of a cross.

WORK AND WAGES.

An engraver in Rio de Janeiro can make \$13 per week.

A blacksmith in Jerusalem can make \$1.92 per week.

The King of Bavaria has a salary of \$1,412,000 a year.

A printer in Peru can make from \$1.25 to \$1.80 a day.

Shop girls in France receive an average of \$10 a year.

In Mexico seamstresses are paid 37 cents a day; weavers, 50 cents.

Bookkeepers in Germany receive from \$300 to \$800 a year.

Teachers in Hamburg receive from \$11 to \$23 per month.

Fig packers in Asia Minor, if skillful, can make 20 cents a day.

A camel owner and his beast in Palestine are worth \$1 a day.

Railroad clerks in Germany are paid an average of 32 cents a day.

Houses for working people in Germany rent for \$25 to \$45 a year.

GOSPEL HYMNS.

"Drooping souls, no longer mourning," was the work of Thomas Hastings, the author of more than six hundred sacred songs, and even better known as a composer of church music for use in popular religious assemblies.

"Come, O Thou All Victorious Lord," is by Charles Wesley. It was written for the quinquennial of Portland, and contained several allusions to their business, which were readily recognized and heartily appreciated.

"O Love divine that stooped to share," was by Oliver Wendell Holmes, and first appeared in one of the series of papers entitled "The Professor at the Breakfast Table," published at the Atlantic Monthly for November, 1839.

"I'll praise my Maker while I've breath," came from the pen of Watts. It was a favorite hymn with John Wesley. The day before he died he sang it through, and the night of his death he vainly attempted several times to repeat its words.

MEN OF MONEY.

William Waldorf Astor has an income of eight million nine hundred thousand dollars a year.

Princess Ton is an Alaska Indian woman. She is the richest of her race in the far northwest. She is a shrewd trader and wears upon her arm thirty bracelets made of twenty-dollar gold pieces.

M. Schneider, the head of the great Creusot foundry, was married the other day in Paris. Creusot has grown in sixty years from a village of five hundred inhabitants to a town of thirty thousand people—larger than Krupp's town of Essen.

Henry W. Cramp, secretary of the great Cramp Ship-building company, is an enthusiastic boatman, and is particularly interested in ferries and piers. His father, Charles H. Cramp, is said to be one of the best-posted men in the country on the commercial and utilitarian value of the various works of the United States.

MISSING LINKS.

A piano contains nearly a mile of wire.

There are 147 Indian reservations in the United States.

A Bohemian monk, in 1754, invented the first lightning conductor.

Recruits for the Chinese army will not be accepted unless they can leap a ditch six feet wide.

Paladin makes its own gas, and it cost of 77 cents a thousand feet, and it is sold to consumers at \$1.25.

England has forty ships engaged in South African traffic, Germany eight and the United States only two.

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

A BRIGHT CHAPTER CONTAINING 30 MINUTES OF FUN.

The Amiable Couple Indulge in a Spelling Match That Causes Trouble—Some of the "Exercises"—He Only Spells "Three Out of Four."

"Well, by George, but what a man that was," exclaimed Mr. Bowser as he looked up from his paper the other evening.

"What is it, dear?" queried Mrs. Bowser.

"Why, a husband and wife living in Iowa attended a spelling school, so seems that she spelled him down, and he was so mad about it that he got home and killed her."

"Is it possible?"

"If I'd been a neighbor of that man, do you know what I'd have done? I'd have seen that he was strung up to a gallows on the way out of the district hold of him. Where's the dictionary?"

"On the lower shelf of the bookrack in the library. What word is it you want to look up?"

"I just thought of something. Wait a minute. Now you take the book and give me a lot of words to spell. I don't claim to be way up in orthography, but I scrape along with most of 'em."

"Please let it go till some other evening," replied Mrs. Bowser, fully realizing what would be the result.

"Never mind about some other evening. I feel particularly good to-night, and I'll bet you two to one that you don't catch me with any common word."

"What if I do, won't you?"

"But the matter with you? It's come to a pretty pass when you and I can't sit together for half an hour without a row. Hold on. I'll give you 20 words, and then you may give me 20. I shall not let you win. Why are you giggling? We'll only laugh over it. Already now. As a starter I'll give you 'canistry.'"

Mrs. Bowser spelled the word correctly, and he slipped about to "feldpa those," "spagistry," "rondeau," "quantitative" and various other words with a catch in them. When he had finished with the 20 words, she had missed three, but he patted her on the shoulder and said:

"You needn't be ashamed of that record, my dear. Now you take the book and give me some regular old sockdol aggers, and if I do make old Noah Webster look pale then I'm a goat."

Mrs. Bowser looked all around in a helpless way, but as there was no escape she turned over the leaves and gave out the word "primordially." Mr. Bowser tackled it with a snarl of self-conceit, but he missed it. She then gave him "pleuristical," and he missed again. He hit "maneuver" all right, but went all to pieces on "inexplicability."

"You have missed three out of four," she said, "but if you wish to—"

"Three out of four," he shouted as he struck his favorite attitude. "Mrs. Bowser, don't try to make out that I'm a dolt. I may have got slightly mixed upon that first word, as I hadn't seen it for three or four days, but I know I spelled the others correctly."

She knew he hadn't, but she let it go and began his "inexplication." "fossili ferous" and "cataclysm."

"You missed them all," she said as she closed the book.

"What! I missed every one?"

"Yes, dear. You missed six out of seven words, but you needn't feel—"

"Six out of seven words! Never!" he shouted as he began growling. "I may have mixed that first word, but as for the others I know I had 'em right. Why, woman, do you suppose I was born in a swamp and brought up in a barn? That's the way with you. If we ever start out to have a pleasant evening, you hunt for some excuse to spoil it."

"You don't want me to say you spelled the words right when you didn't, do you?" she asked.

"But I did spell 'em right," he persisted. "You were simply determined to come out ahead on the record. Mrs. Bowser, I am thankful that the Lord did not make me with your disposition."

"I have to decide according to Webster," she quietly replied.

"And who is Webster?" he loudly demanded. "Because old Noah Webster went at it and collected a lot of words and spelled them to please himself, does it follow that his spelling is correct? Have the rest of us got to follow him like a flock of sheep? I say I spelled six of those right, Webster or no Webster!"

"But you said I missed three. Why don't I claim I spelled the whole 20 correctly?"

"As a fact, Mr. Bowser, as a matter of truth and fact, you missed about 14 words, but I didn't want to hurt your feelings. If you hadn't betrayed your feelings, I should have said, 'You were a word about it. I know, and you know that I can spell 40 words to your one. But we'll end the matter right here.'"

"You might try again. I think you were a little excited."

"Not another try. When you saw me feeling good-natured and happy, you made up your mind to sit down on me and spoil the evening. You have succeeded. I take back what I said about your spelling. You were a word about it. I know, and you know that I can spell 40 words to your one. But we'll end the matter right here."

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PEOPLE OVER THE SEAS.

Henry M. Stanley and his beautiful wife reside quietly at St. Moritz, in Switzerland.

In the House of Commons several members take notes in shorthand for their personal reference. Tim Healy is one of this group.

Mr. Mancherjee Mervanjee Bhownagare, a Parsee, will stand for parliament as a Liberal. The first Indian admitted the house or commons, Dadabhai Naoroji, is a Liberal.

Marshall Blaine's son has lately returned from Mexico, where he tried in vain to obtain the restitution of his mother's property, confiscated by the Mexican government. The family is now in abject poverty.

The house in which Martin Luther died at Eisenach, Germany, bore no mark to indicate this fact until a few weeks ago. The famous house, however, has been repaired and restored in a worthy fashion. It contains many relics of the great reformer.

Baron von Munchausen, the winner of the recent Baden Jubilee cup, is not only a namesake but a lineal descendant of the baron, whose various tales of travel and adventure, as told by Rudolph Rusepe, have been immortalized by Cruikshank and Gustave Doré.

INTERESTING BITS.

The fuchsia was named for Fuchs, a distinguished German savant.

Plants could not grow if the red and orange rays were eliminated from the spectrum.

The Russian peasant never touches food or drink without making the sign of the cross.

The Moravians claim to have had an independent church in Bohemia as early as the ninth century.

A man versed in language heard ten different tongues spoken while he walked across the Brooklyn bridge the other day.

If applied immediately after attack aqua ammonia, it is claimed, is a specific for bee stings. It should be applied thoroughly, and will reduce or prevent swelling.

The windmill, which is so conspicuous in Dutch and Belgian scenery, is likely to be seen in India. It is proposed to drain the unhealthy flats around Bombay by means of windmill pumps on the system of the low countries.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER

Rejoice Together.

Nine Year Old Maggie McRitchie, a Victim of Chronic Fainting Spells and Nervous Weakness, Completely Cured by South American Nerve After All Other Efforts had failed. The Mother, a Sufferer From Nervous Prostration and Indigestion, Likewise Cured. Hear What the Thankful Father Has to Say.

cases, I decided on trying it for her, and I must say that I noticed a decided change in my daughter for the better after she had taken only a few doses. As a result of using this medicine, she is now entirely free from those fainting spells and possessed of that life and brightness that is the happy lot of childhood. I am satisfied it is an excellent medicine for any nervous weakness. My experience has been further supplemented in the fact that my wife has also been using South American Nerve for indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration, and has found very great relief.

Whether the patient be man or woman, young or old, South American Nerve provides a complete medium for restoration to health. It is a medicine differing absolutely from every other. A cure is effected by application to the nerve centres of the human system, and science has proved that when these nerve centres are kept healthy the whole body is healthy. For these reasons failure is impossible.

FOR SALE AT R. PARKER'S DRUG STORE.

THE WOMEN.

Lady Brooke has about twenty small Japanese spades, worth \$500 each.

Mrs. George W. Childs, widow of the Philadelphia editor, has arranged for the building of a palatial mansion in Washington.

Mrs. S. E. Taylor, a Georgia preacher, is said to surpass Sam Jones in the plainness and persuasiveness of her pulpit eloquence.

The widow of Senator Hearst, of California, is said to be the most heavily insured woman in America. She has policies amounting to \$300,000 on her life.

TRY.

In the water for purple and blue calicoes, soda added.

Purifying jars from grease, by soaking in strong soda water.

For washing ceilings blackened by a kerosene lamp, soda water.

In the rinsing water for pink or green calicoes, vinegar added.

Washing an oilcloth with a flannel and warm water, wiping dry, and rubbing a little skim milk over—Good Housekeeping.

NAMED BY THE PUBLIC.

The Duke of Wellington was called the Achilles of England, from the victory at Waterloo.

James Penmore Cooper has been called the Scout of the Sea, from his stories of marine life.

Charles I. was called the Man of Blood by the Puritans and the Royal Navy by the Royalists.

Sir Philip Sydney was the Poet of Kissing because of the amatory character of much of his verse.

Henry Fielding was called the Prince of Novelists, from his skill in depicting character in fiction.

Haydn was called the Father of Symphony, from the prominence he gave that form of composition.

Charles James Fox was called the Man of the People, from his generally taking the opposition in politics.

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THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1895.

Vol. XVI, No. 2.

BUSINESS CARDS.

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G. G. THRASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c. Office over Dr. Parker's
Drug Store, Stirling, Ontario.

J. EARL HALLIWELL, B.A.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, COMMISSION-
ER, &c. Office over Boldrick's store, Stirling.

STEWART MASSON,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,
Conveyancer, &c. Office, South side Bridge
St., over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Belleville.
Money to loan at lowest rates.

C. D. MACAULAY,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., OFFICE,
Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

W. P. MACMAHON,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY
Public, Conveyancer, &c., Belleville, Ont.
Private Money to loan at Lowest
Rates.
Office, East side Front St.

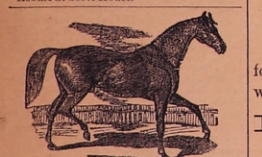
FLINT & McCAMON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES
Public, &c. Solicitors for the Canadian
Bank of Commerce.
Money to loan at Lowest Rates and
no Commission Charged.
Office—City Hall, Belleville.
JOHN J. B. FLINT. W. J. McCAMON.

JOHN S. BLACK,
CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR
taking Affidavits, Office, at residence,
Front Street, Stirling.

STIRLING LODGE
No. 239,
I. O. O. F.
Meets in the Lodge room,
Conlay block,
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING
At 8 o'clock. G. L. SCOTT, R. S.

STIRLING
ENCAMPMENT No. 80,
I. O. O. F.
Meets in Oddfellows' Hall
the 1st and 3rd Monday even-
ings of every month.
G. L. SCOTT, Chief Patriarch.
E. JACKMAN, Scribe.

DENTISTRY
C. L. HAWLEY, D.D.S.
TRENTON, GRADUATE OF THE TORON-
TO School of Dentistry, will visit Stirling
professionally, the first and third Fridays of
each month.
The Dental Engine, Vitalized Air, Gas, and
all the modern improvements known to Den-
tistry, will be used for the painless extrac-
tion and preservation of the natural teeth.
Rooms at Scott House.



Dr. Wm. S. Cook, V.D., V.S.,
Stirling, Ontario.
GRADUATE IN HIGHEST HONORS AT
the Toronto Veterinary College. Gradu-
ate in highest honors at the Ontario
School. Registered member of the Veteri-
nary Medical Society. Treats all diseases of
the domesticated animals in the latest sci-
entific and modern principles.
Dentistry, Castration, and Surgical Opera-
tions, a specialty.
All calls day or night, Telegram or Tele-
phone, promptly attended to.
Office opposite G. L. Scott's grocery. Con-
sultation free. Charges low.
SALE AND LIVERY STABLES.

1894. 1895.

The Old Year has died, the New
Year is born, and we are not paid.
We can't do business without money
any more than a farmer can grow
grain without land, therefore we very
respectfully request all our customers
to call and settle up either by note or
cash before we are compelled to place
our accounts in other hands for col-
lection.

We now offer the balance of our
Winter Goods at Cost for Cash.
P. WELCH & CO.
Springbrook, Jan. 10th, '95.

LOUTTIT'S....

CATARRH CURE.

A sure and effectual Remedy
for CATARRH, COLD in the
HEAD, CATARRHAL DEAF-
NESS, HAY FEVER, HEAD-
ACHE, Etc.

For Sale by Dr. H. J. Meiklejohn & Co.

The News-Argus to Jan. 1st, '95c.

BLOWN ALL TO ATOMS IN THE LAST GREAT STORM, OUR PRICES IN FURS.

COON COATS, CORSICAN LAMB COATS,

LADIES' ASTRACHAN JACKETS,

LADIES' FUR CAPES,

LADIES' FUR SETTS, SEALETTE CAPS,

TWEED CAPS, FUR CAPS,

ROBES THAT ARE ROBES.

We want to make room for our large spring arrivals, so
that the above must be cleaned out before the end of next
month at all hazards. Do you want Bargains? Now is your
time at the Big Fur Store of

FRED. T. WARD,
THE PEOPLE'S TAILOR AND FURNISHER,
MILL STREET, STIRLING.

CASH BUSINESS.

Go to G. L. SCOTT with your Cash, where you can get

23 lbs. No. 1 Granulated Sugar, \$1.00. 27 lbs. Bright Yellow Sugar, \$1.00.

5 lbs. 25c. Tea for \$1.00, and he throws in a nice tea canister.

He has another new lot of DINNERWARE this week. It will pay you to

see them before you buy.

Want all Farm Produce in exchange for goods.

MILL STREET, STIRLING.

CARD OF THANKS.

FULLER, P.O., Feb. 2nd, 1895.

S. BURROWS, Esq.,

General Agent,

Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.,

Belleville, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to acknowledge

the receipt of your Company's Cheque

for \$2000.00, being the amount of In-

surance on the life of my late husband

in your company.

I also beg to thank you for the very

prompt and satisfactory manner with

which your Company has settled this

claim, and can sincerely recommend it

to all intending insurers.

Yours truly,

(Signed) ISABELLA BROUGH.

Have You Bought Yet?

If not now is your opportunity.

LADIES,

for the next Fifteen Days we

will have a Sale that is a Sale.

MANTLES,

SELLING AT COST,

And everyone of them bought

for this season's trade.

This is a great offering and

don't you neglect giving us a

call.

J. PATERSON,

SYNDICATE STORE,

BELLEVILLE.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF THE

Powers contained in a certain Mortgage,

which will be produced at the time of sale,

there will be offered for sale by Public

Auction on

Saturday, Feb. 16,

at the hour of one o'clock in the after-

noon, at the

SCOTT HOUSE,

IN THE

VILLAGE OF STIRLING,

the following Lands and Premises:

Park lots numbers Five and Six on the

West side of Henry Street, as laid down on a

Plan and survey of part of Lot No. 25, in the

Ninth Concession of the Township of Sidney,

in the County of Hastings, made by one John

J. Hallett, Esq., Provincial Land Surveyor,

and duly registered.

This property consists of ten acres of land,

the soil is a sandy loam, and has erected

thereon a good Frame House, and Drive Barn.

There is a good young Orchard of 50 trees,

and a good well on the premises. The lot is

enclosed by a good fence, the buildings and

fences are all painted, and the whole property

is in a first-class state of repair.

Terms.—Ten per cent. Cash at time of sale,

balance to be paid in 30 days on easy

terms. For further particulars and conditions

apply to

J. EARL HALLIWELL,

Solicitor for Vendor, Stirling.

Dated at Stirling, the 10th day of January,

A.D. 1895.

THE NEWS-ARGUS

TO JANUARY 1st, 1896, 75c.

Farmers' Institute.

We noticed last week the formation
of a Farmers' Institute for North Has-
tings, but were unable to give full par-
ticulars. The following report is taken
from the Madoe Review:—

"Thanks to the efforts of Mr. J. G.
Foster, of Madoe, a Farmers' Institute
has been successfully organized for North
Hastings, and will, let us hope, be-
come one of the 'institutions' of the
future. A meeting was held, called by Mr.
Foster, on Tuesday afternoon, which was
attended by representative farmers
from all the surrounding townships.
Mr. Foster was appointed temporary
Chairman, and Mr. Fred. Herity, Sec'y.
The meeting was addressed by Mr.
M. Farley, ex-Warden, of Sidney, who
gave some valuable information in re-
gard to organizing. The advantages of
having such an organization was fully
set forth, and the result was that up-
wards of 60 members were enrolled in a
short time.

After a motion by Messrs. James Mc-
Comb and James Montgomery, that an
Association be formed to be known as the
Farmer's Institute of North Hastings,
the following staff of officers were elected:—
President—James English, Madoe.
Vice-ols. Paul Kingston, Rawdon.
Sec.-Treas.—J. G. Foster, Huntingdon.
Directors.—J. Montgomery, Rawdon;
J. B. Fox, Huntingdon; W. H.
Kelle, Elzevir; Angus Nicholson, Ma-
doe; W. Hamilton, Marmora; J. E.
Halliwell, Stirling; P. P. Clark, Lim-
rick; Sam. Hareyett, Montegale; R.
Lancaster, Dunnville.

Mr. J. G. Foster was delegated to at-
tend the Central Farmer's Institute at
Toronto, on the 6th and 7th of this
month.

On motion, it was decided to hold the
next meeting at Madoe and the second
meeting at Springbrook, on dates to be
set when suitable speakers could be
secured."

Canada, according to Prof. Robertson,
only supplies two per cent. of the but-
ter imported into Great Britain. But
the Dominion furnishes over half the
cheese imports of the Mother Country.

The fact that Canada supplies so much
of the one and so little of the other is
due to the difference in quality in the
articles furnished and that difference

should be removed by an improvement
in the quality of the butter sent to the
British market. To encourage the es-
tablishment of creameries the Dominion
Government propose to pay 20cts. per
pound on all creamery butter of firm
quality made between Jan. 1st and
April 1st, 1895, when delivered in neat
packages in Montreal.

Belleville's grand new hotel "The
Quinte" is to be opened the 1st of March.

A snow plow ran off the track near
Sidney between Belleville and Trenton,
on Saturday night. The engine was
overtaken and two men were badly in-
jured. They will probably recover.

The house and contents belonging to
Mr. C. Hendrick, about three miles from
Frankford, were destroyed by fire on
Wednesday morning, Feb. 6th. The
house was totally, and the contents
partially destroyed. Loss, about \$800;
insurance, only \$400.

The White Lake school house was de-
stroyed by fire a few days since. The
loss is \$1500, partly covered by insur-
ance. A school house in Ameliasburg,
near Redburne was also destroyed by
fire on Friday evening last. Loss,
\$2,500; insured for \$500.

On Friday last the Grand Trunk train
from Peterboro due at Toronto at 12:15
p.m., which was following a snow
plough, ran into the latter near Union-
ville. Engine driver Riggs was killed,
and two brakemen were injured.

Not only did the extreme cold of last
week extend all over North America
but was felt in Great Britain and
Europe. On Friday last, in the mid-
land districts of England the thermom-
eter registered 10 degrees below zero.

The severely cold weather of last
week extended all over the southern
states and it is stated that the orange
trees of Florida are probably destroyed,
also all vegetable crops and half a
million quarts of strawberries which
were just beginning to ripen.

Sir Oliver Mowat presided at General
Booth's farewell meeting in Massey Hall
Tuesday night, at which the General
outlined his social scheme. Hon. Geo.
W. Ross and Chancellor Burwash also
spoke in praise of the Salvation Army's
efforts to remove poverty.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing
Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in
six hours by the "GRAND SOUTH AMER-
ICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy
is a great surprise and delight on
account of its exceeding promptness in
relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys
and back. It relieves retention of water
and pain in passing it almost immedi-
ately. Sold by R. Parker, Druggist.

A Great Rush Saturday.

There was a great rush at the Oak
Hall, Belleville, Saturday, as a result of
our tempting offer, 20 per cent. off win-
ter clothing. We are glad to know that
the public have faith in us, and you may
depend we will try and deserve it.

We are giving the biggest bargain in
clothing ever offered in Belleville, and
this statement comes from a firm who
was never known to make a mis-state-
ment in advertising.

A Little of Everything.

BY OUR SPECIAL CONTRIBUTOR.

In spite of ourselves we have laid
things. There is a growing quaintness
to everything that is old, and our
minds cling to them with a clasp that
will ever bind. The rendering of
"Home, Sweet Home," on Monday
night, by the Van Amburgh Family,
was particularly pleasing; and when
the grand old stanzas of "Annie
Laurie" were heard the whole house
was touched with that feeling that
only old things can touch. We all
have a sigh for bygone days. We may
say we are advancing, and the mind is
being enlarged, and our faculties are
being sharpened, but in spite of it all
we sigh for that which is past. Social
life is certainly on the wane. There is
brotherly love of one for another, but
gradually dwindling. No friendship
is lasting now. A man suspects his
brother, and the whole world is com-
posed of men striving to achieve one
thing—the mighty dollar. What a
grand old song, "Home, Sweet Home"
is! Nothing stimulates our tenderest
emotions as it does "Home," the very
word thrills us with love, and speaks
of all that is happiness. It calls up
the fondest memories of life and opens
in our nature—the purest, deepest,
richest gush of consecrated thought
and feeling. Home is the haven of
the weary, the retreat of the weary
one, the centre of our most endearing
thoughts. How careful we should be
to preserve it, and to guard it! When
all other friends prove false, when we
find the world cruel and life dark, we
turn to that which inspires new hope
—Home. And if there we have no
friends, no kind voice to welcome us,
no tender arms to embrace us we are
indeed wretched. Home will remain
though thrones fall and empires pass
away, for home is not of gold or wood
but of the deeds of love! 'Tis the
nearest type of Heaven!

If a foreigner were to pick up the
pages of our dailies and read first the
speeches of Montague and Foster, and
hear in glowing language the condition
of Canada and the Canadians described,
and then those of Laurier and Car-
tright, telling of the great distress in
consequence of the N.P., we would not
wonder at his being bewildered. I
don't like to associate Cartwright's
name with Laurier's, but as Car-
tright is such an adept at crying down
his own country I know of no better
man to contrast with Montague and
Foster. It is rather remarkable that
Sir Richard was not present at the
two great political meetings at Mon-
real and Toronto. Several papers have
been striving to solve why it was, and
the general verdict is that the Reform
party have made up their mind that
they are not materially aided by his
efforts in their behalf. Laurier is a
gifted orator, and his able speech at
Toronto has been read by thousands
who delight to follow the thoughts of
this great leader.

It makes the oldest inhabitant stop
and scratch his head to recall a season
when we had more snow. The rail-
road companies are heavy losers, for
the packed banks of snow all over
Canada are impeding traffic. When
it takes a team three days to get to
Stirling from Marmora, the roads are
pretty bad. It seems rather odd that
19th century progress to have banks
of snow defy the power of steam.

No doubt that before many years, a
plow will be brought out that will cast
aside such impediments, and Her
Majesty's Royal Mail will not suffer
delay by every big snowstorm. IHS.

The Drunkard's Will.

I leave to society a ruined character,
a wretched example, and bad memory.
I leave to my parents during the rest
of their lives, as much sorrow as humanity
in a feeble and declining state can find.
I leave to my brothers and sisters as
much mortification and injury as I
could bring upon them. I leave to my
wife a broken heart, a life of wretched-
ness and shame, to weep over my pre-
mature death. I leave to the saloon
keeper a vacant place, to be filled by
another. I leave to the neighbors of
my children poverty, ignorance, and low
character, and the remembrance that
their father was a drunkard.

The Chinese are said to have lost 7-
000 in killed in the defence of Wei-Hai-
Wei, just captured by the Japanese,
whose loss is reported to be very small.
It is said that the Chinese will not
arrange terms of peace till Pekin shall have been
captured.

Not Crude Material.

Scott's Emulsion is Cod Liver Oil per-
fected and is prepared upon the prin-
ciple of its digestion and assimilation in
the human system; hence it is given
without disturbing the stomach.

Do you Feel the Cold.

If you are dressed good and comfort-
able these cold days and do not feel the
cold, you are all right, and you ought
to be thankful. But there is a man
who needs a good warm overcoat and
has but very little money, go to the
Oak Hall, Belleville, and take advan-
tage of the bargain being offered there.

WANTED.
FRESH EGGS,
GOOD BUTTER,
DRIED APPLES,
T. G. CLUTE.

BEST
...AMERICAN...
—AND—
...CANADIAN...
COAL OIL.

—ALSO—
PURE DRUGS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
STATIONERY & DRUGGISTS'
SUNDRIES,
—AT THE—
NEW DRUG STORE.
DR. H. J. MEIKLEJOHN & CO.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF
JOHN DANDFORD, late of the Township of
Sidney, in the County of Hastings, yeoman,
deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the
provisions of the revised Statutes of Ontario,
Chapter 140, Sec. 36, to all creditors and other
persons having claims against the said John
DANDFORD, late of the Township of Sidney,
in the County of Hastings, yeoman, de-
ceased, who died on or about the 25th day of
December, A.D. 1894, leaving a will, to send
by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the
estate of the said JOHN DANDFORD, or to his
executor, as hereunder, on or before the 23rd
day of FEBRUARY, A.D. 1895, a statement in
writing of their names and addresses, and full
particulars of their claims and demands, and
the nature of security (if any) held by them.

And notice is further given, that after the
said date mentioned, the said executor will
proceed to distribute the assets of the said de-
ceased, among the persons entitled thereto,
without regard to the claims of any person
whose claims have not been given as required. All per-
sons indebted to the said estate, or who have
heretofore received from the said estate any part
of their indebtedness, on or before the 23rd day
of FEBRUARY next, to the said executor or
his said solicitor.

Dated the 15th day of January, A.D. 1895.

J. EARL HALLIWELL,

Solicitor for Executor.

Commissioner Robertson announces
that he is prepared to take charge of
shipments of farm creamery butter for
export to Great Britain.

Dundas St. Methodist Church, Lon-
don, Ont., was burned early Wednes-
day morning. Loss, \$25,000; insurance,
\$15,000. Incendiarism is strongly
suspected.

CATARRH BELIEVED IN 10 TO 60 MIN-
UTES.—One short puff of the breath
through the Blower supplied with each
bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder,
diffuses a fine, warm, soothing vapor
over the nasal passages. Painless and deli-
cious to use, it relieves instantly, and per-
manently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever,
Hay Cough, Sore Throat, Tonsils and
Deafness, 60 cents. At R. Parker's.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

CANADA.

General Booth's tour of western Ontario is a triumphal march. The mercury dropped to 34 below zero at Port Arthur on Thursday night.

Both the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Legislatures opened on Saturday.

The Ontario Legislature has been called to meet on Thursday, February 21st.

The town of Blenheim, Ont., has decided to separate from the county of Oxford.

Mr. F. W. Stone, the well-known stock breeder, of Guelph, is dead, aged 81 years.

Mr. James A. Cantile has been elected president of the Montreal Board of Trade.

Premier Greenway, of Manitoba, is ill with bronchitis, and is confined to his room.

John M. Lord, ex-tax collector of London West, has pleaded guilty of embezzlement.

Queen's avenue Methodist church, in London, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night.

The smallpox quarantine against O. A. College students at Guelph has been raised.

The net earnings of the Richelieu Steamship Company last year amounted to \$164,000.

A Manitoba school teacher has been bounced from North Dakota under the alien law.

Thomas Ringer was found frozen stiff on Hamilton bay on Tuesday, and foul play is suspected.

Rev. J. G. Stuart, B.A., of Toronto, has been invited to become pastor of Knox Church, London.

Mr. J. O. Rowand, a farmer living near Elkhorn, Man., was gored to death by a mad bull last Friday.

Mr. James Gibbons, a highly respected citizen of Berlin, Ont., died of heart failure on Saturday morning.

Archbishop Cleary has sent a balance of \$115 to Hon. Edward Blake for the Irish parliamentary fund.

John M. Lord, the collector of London West, has been committed for trial. He is charged as a defaulter.

Serge Major Smith has been appointed chief of police of Hamilton. He has been on the force many years.

Melvin McPherson fell 40 feet from a tree in the bush near St. Catharines Friday and broke his neck.

Mr. W. Evans, Deseronto, has been appointed hall inspector at Toronto, succeeding the late Capt. Harbottle.

A business man in Winnipeg who lost his hundred dollar watch threatened to bring an action for its recovery.

Within the past 12 months Mr. G. W. Hinkley, of Chatham, Ont., has shipped over 1,800 horses to the old country.

The Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen have accepted for Ontario the hall tendered by the citizens of Montreal.

The annual debate between Toronto and McGill universities took place in Montreal Friday night, Toronto winning the decision.

It is stated in Ottawa, that Mr. J. M. McDougall, Q. C., of Hull, will soon be summoned to the Provincial Treasuryship of Quebec.

The Winnipeg Grain Exchange has arranged with the railway company to carry seed grain to farmers at half the usual rate.

It is said Detective Fahy, of Montreal will soon be liberated from penitentiary. He was sent for 14 years, and has served half that time.

Emory McEllen, 28, was caught in the act of counterfeiting 50 cent pieces in a house in Jarvis street, Toronto and looked up at police headquarters.

The Marquis of Lorne had an article in Saturday's Pall Mall Gazette reviewing Pope's Life of Sir John Macdonald. The Marquis says that the author will find all he said in praise of the dead Premier will be "echoed by all of us who knew him."

The Canadian Pacific railway authorities in Montreal ridicule the despatch from London stating that a scheme was on foot to build a railway paralleling the Canadian Pacific. "The despatch," they say, "is a hoax and that he would like to see the English capitalists who would endorse such a scheme."

The bronze statue of Sir John Macdonald, which is being made in England for the Montreal Committee, is almost completed, and will be ready shortly for shipment. The statue will probably be placed in position about the last of May, and the unveiling ceremony will take place on the Queen's birthday.

Mr. J. S. Ewart, who was one of the counsel retained by the appellants in the Manitoba school case, arrived in Winnipeg on Thursday. When asked what his client would now do he replied that the Roman Catholics would be ready to accept the Government's offer to appoint a day for hearing the appeal on its merits.

On Wednesday at the Court of Revision for the Dominion judges' list at London, Ont., the name of the late Sir John Macdonald, as a document from Washington having been submitted in proof that he was a Canadian citizen, the proceedings were taken to remove him from the list of the Council on the same ground.

In regard to the Canadian Pacific Railway of the late Sir John Macdonald, there is no reason whatever for the decline outside of the present universal condition of business in America. The Government's consequence of low traffic. He knew of no insiders who were selling Canadian Pacific stock.

Mr. Macdonald's missionaries in Japan recently sent a letter to the Executive of the Missionary Board of the Methodist Church in which they expressed a desire to be released from their duties. The Executive just closed, the matter was discussed fully. It was decided to write and ask the missionaries to state their reasons for wishing to retire from the work.

GREAT BRITAIN.
The Bank of England has reduced the price of gold 1-2 p. per ounce.

The rates for money ruled stronger in London last week on the prospect of an American loan.

Hon. Cecil Rhodes, Premier of Cape Colony, was on Saturday sworn in as a member of the House of Commons.

The colossal battleship Majesty was launched at Portsmouth on Wednesday. The vessel was christened by the Marchioness of Lorne.

The Prince of Wales presided at a meeting of the Colonial Institute in London on Thursday, when Mr. Jameson spoke on South Africa affairs.

There was a heavy snowfall throughout the country on Sunday night, and intensely cold weather prevailed. In Lincolnshire there have been cases of persons frozen to death.

In London on Tuesday Reginald Saunders, a nephew of Col. Sanderson, the Orange leader in the House of Commons, was murdered by a woman, last November, was formally declared a lunatic, and was sent to Broadmoor asylum.

UNITED STATES.
The East Side Bank in New York has been closed.

Ward McAllister died in New York on Thursday night.

The gold reserve at Washington is now down to \$42,861,966.

Lawrence Maxwell, Solicitor-General of the United States, has resigned.

The naval hydrographic office at Washington predicts a stormy February.

Owing to a railroad war, soft coal was sold in Chicago on Thursday at \$2 a ton.

The will of the late James G. Fair, of San Francisco, has been probated.

Last week \$7,288,490 in gold, and \$672,552 in silver were exported from New York.

Judge E. Rockwood Hoar, the eminent Massachusetts jurist, died on Wednesday evening in Boston, aged 79.

The United States Whiskey Trust has been placed in the hands of receivers. Poor business caused the trouble.

David Hampton was electrocuted at Sing Sing on Thursday, for murdering Mrs. Abern, a wealthy widow of New York.

A dog was the only survivor of the wreck of the steamship "Grand Opera house" lost off Boston Harbor, Mich., last week.

Congressmen Breckinridge and Heard came to blows and caused a commotion in the House of Representatives at Washington yesterday.

The champion American cyclist, Zimmerman, has completed arrangements for racing in the States, Australia, Japan and France next season.

Prof. V. G. Anderson, one of the greatest physicists in the world, and a member of the Swedish Academy, shot himself in Chicago on Tuesday night.

GENERAL.
More Italian troops are being sent to Egypt.

There was a heavy fall of snow in Rome on Monday night.

The Amer of Afghanistan will visit England on the special train.

The Portuguese troops have defeated the Delagoa Bay rebels.

The Spanish budget for 1894-95 shows a deficit of 6,978,000 pesetas.

The Norwegian Ministry have resigned, and the King has accepted their resignation.

Propositions in favor of confederation with Canada are being circulated in Newfoundland.

With state honors the remains of Marshal Canrobert were interred on Sunday in Paris.

The Hovas recently commenced to bombard Tamatave, but they were repulsed by the French troops.

The Chinese envoys sent to Japan to negotiate for peace have been sent home, their credentials being found imperfect.

There is a rumor from Hanoi of the arrest and imprisonment of ex-Queen Likoukhan, on a charge of conspiracy.

Six hundred French Royalists held a meeting in Paris Thursday evening to promote the restoration of the monarchy.

The police on Saturday found a bomb factory at the lodgings of Ravogliola and Capelli in Rome, who, with two others, were arrested.

Henri Rochefort, who was banished from France along with Gen. Boulanger, has returned to his own country, having been freed from the amnesty bill.

Emperor William, in a letter to Mr. Foster, M.P., thanking all those concerned for their attention to the survivors of the sinking of the Titanic.

It is said a confederation of Central American republics has been formed, and Honduras, Nicaragua and San Salvador will co-operate with Guatemala in repelling any attempt at invasion by Mexico.

It is stated that the Porte has entrusted a confidential agent in London with a large amount of money to bribe the Executive of the Anglo-Armenian Association before the resumption of the Parliament.

The "bargain sale," so dear to the women of this continent, has been introduced into Germany with results so disastrous to conservative German men that the Government has been appealed to to cure the evil.

Referring to Emperor William's birthday celebrations, some of the Berlin papers are increasing by day.

It is stated that the Russian Ambassador at London, upon the latter completing fifty years in the service of his country, looked him for assisting in bringing about the friendly relations existing between Russia and England.

The trial of Mme. Henri Jonass, a woman moving in the best circles of Brussels, concluded on Sunday morning. The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

At different periods she had poisoned her brother, sister and uncle, to realize the insurance she held on their lives.

ANOTHER RAILWAY WRECK.
Two Killed—Fifty Injured—An Ontario Man Among the Number.

A despatch from Indianapolis, Ind., says:—A terrible wreck, causing loss of life and maimed limbs occurred at Costerville on Monday afternoon, when Vandalla train No. 1, due in this city at 2.35, was wrecked by the spreading of the rails. Two persons were killed almost instantly and 40 or 50 others were injured.

The train was traveling at a high speed, running at full speed and about 20 minutes late. It had just passed the town of Costerville, and was rounding a curve when the rails gave way.

The train was carrying a large number of passengers, and the wreck was a terrible one. The train was traveling at a high speed, running at full speed and about 20 minutes late.

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A HEROIC NURSE

Stayed by Her Patient in a Furnace of Fire—Both Rescued.

A despatch from Cleveland says:—Four lives were lost in a fire which almost destroyed the Deaconess' Hospital at 163 Jennings avenue shortly before noon on Friday.

The dead are: Jacob Kraus, 65, burned; John Almer, 50, burned; Minnie Baumer, nurse, 25, from Chicago, burned; Clark Walter, 6 months old, suffocated.

Several other patients were injured, but none seriously. It was 10.30 o'clock when Rose Gerber, one of the laundry girls, discovered flames in the basement of the hospital.

The first persons to arrive were screams and saw flames shooting from every window on the second and third floors. Suddenly a woman's face appeared at one of the windows, and she was seen to smash the heavy glass with her fist.

Then she leaned out head first and struck on her face. The fire department was slow in reaching the hospital, the snow and ice in the streets preventing a quick run, but when once at work the fire was quickly subdued.

There fifty patients were taken to the upper part of the building, one from the front and one in the rear. The nurses got out safely almost at the start, with the exception of Minnie Baumer, who, nearly sixty years of age, was taken to the building was nursing Kraus, who was also burned to death.

She sat by the side of the sick man until death came to both of them. The injured were taken to the other hospital of the city. The Deaconess' Hospital is under the direction of the M. E. Church.

It was opened last October, and is nearly filled with patients. The front part of the building is entirely destroyed.

The Duke of Argyll.

In matters touching the state, the church, the sciences, the name of the Duke of Argyll is well known.

George John Douglas Campbell, bespeaks his nationality, and in behalf of Scotch Presbyterianism he had taken up his pen before he was out of his teens, as he has done more or less since then.

On his succession to his father's title he began his career as a statesman, and he soon made his mark as an eloquent member of the House of Lords.

During several administrations he held important offices; and under Gladstone, in 1881 he was secretary of state for India, a position that

he held for two years. In the Spanish Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday, Senor Molina, a member from Porto Rico, moved for the negotiation of a treaty with Canada, saying that the best friends of the British Empire were Canada, and not the United States.

The czar, in a despatch addressed to M. de Staal, the Russian Ambassador at London, upon the latter completing fifty years in the service of his country, looked him for assisting in bringing about the friendly relations existing between Russia and England.

The trial of Mme. Henri Jonass, a woman moving in the best circles of Brussels, concluded on Sunday morning. The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

At different periods she had poisoned her brother, sister and uncle, to realize the insurance she held on their lives.

A LUCKY PARIS CABMAN.
He Receives a Reward of 5,000 Francs from a Chicago Lady for His Humanity.

A rich American lady in Paris, so runs the story in a French exchange, took a few weeks ago a cab to one of the largest dry goods stores in that city.

She alighted, paid the cab driver his fare. She had scarcely entered the store when she discovered that she left her shopping bag, containing 5,000 francs in currency, two very valuable black pearls and a couple of diamond rings in the cab.

Her friends advised her to at once notify the police, but she did not think it worth while. Finally, however, she decided to do so, but did it more to please her friend than with any idea of recovering her money and jewels again.

Imagine her amusement and delight when she was informed by a police commissioner that her bag and contents had been left by the cabman in care of the police. She immediately called on the commissioner to send the honest driver to her hotel. He came and the first thing she asked him was if he had any children.

"Well, keep the 5,000 francs," said the fair American, "it will be 1,000 francs for each child. It was the jewels that I particularly wanted to recover, and I cannot enough reward the one who has brought them back to me."

The cab driver was almost too happy to find words to express him.

"Well, what do you expect to do with your money?" asked the lady.

"I have no money," he replied, "I only have my cab, and now I expect to get my own rig and start in business for myself."

"That," said the benefactress, "and bring your cab to the hotel and I will let you drive me."

A few days after the cabman appeared with a very stylish brand-new rig. He was very much pleased to receive the American lady, made him drive her around the city for two hours, for which she paid him 50 francs.

Her friends remonstrated with her for doing too much for the man.

"Let me do as I please," she replied, "and I will let you know if I should never have seen the shadow of it again. I want this man fully rewarded for his honesty which I did not dream existed."

Canadian Hay Exports Increasing.
A despatch from Buffalo, says:—The notable increase of trade with Canada under the new tariff law is shown by the Buffalo customs house figures on hay, an article now dutiable at \$2 per ton and up to \$4 per ton under the old tariff.

The average value, a trifle over \$5.50 per ton, was about the same in each year. Hay has been exported to the minor markets for many years, but it is now imported from the Province of Quebec into Northern New York and the New England states have always been considerable.

A COUNTERFEITER CAUGHT.

The Man Who Attempted to Kill Detective Davis Nabsed in Chicago for Passing Bogus Money.

The York county police have received information of the capture of John Robinson, a young colored man who is wanted in Toronto on a charge of counterfeiting.

Robinson lived in the village of New Toronto with a young white girl to whom he had been married a few months, and accompanied by Detective Davis, constables Stewart and Sheppard made a hunt for him on Saturday night.

They met him, but he gave Detective Davis a long run across the commons, and made a desperate attempt to take the officer's life, firing three shots at him at uncomfortably short range. The inkiness of the night saved Davis' life, but allowed Robinson to escape.

Word now comes from Chicago that Robinson had been arrested there on the charge of making and passing counterfeit money. From the particulars received, Robinson made a stubborn resistance when the American officers attempted to arrest him.

Flight was impossible, but he put up so desperate a fight he was only taken when he was blown from the officer's "billy."

MR. EMANUEL SAMUEL KILLED.

Accident at a Well-Known Toronto Business Man.

A despatch was received in Toronto on Sunday, announcing the death in New York, as the result of an accident, of Mr. Emanuel Samuel, president of the Metallic Case Company of Toronto, and a member of the well-known wholesale hardware firm of M. & L. Samuel, Benjamin & Co., Front street.

Deceased left for New York recently on a visit to the family of his father-in-law, Morris Jacobs. After dinner, about 4 o'clock, he was walking up and down the hallway of the third floor where the family live, enjoying a cigar. The window opening on the air shaft was open, and in some way it became imprudent to learn Mr. Samuel fell through to the bottom.

He sustained a compound fracture of the skull. Dr. Charles Good was summoned, but he found the case hopeless. Mr. Samuel died at 6 o'clock.

Mr. Samuel was a widower, his wife dying five years ago, about a year after marriage. Deceased was 45 years of age and had resided in Toronto for 30 years.

He was a most genial man by nature and until lately enjoyed the best of health. He was liberal in his charities and recently donated \$1,000 to the new synagogue in his native city of Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

His nearest relatives in this country were an aunt, Mrs. Samuel of Wilton Crescent, and his cousin, the Misses Samuel.

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He Took Her at Her Word.
Wife—"What! Drunk again? You ought to crawl into a hole in the ground and hide yourself."

Husband—"That's what I want. Give me the key to the wine cellar."

THE FIELD OF COMMERCE

Some Items of Interest to the Business Man.

Bar silver in New York is 50 1/2 per ounce.

During the year 1894 England imported from Canada 28,711 tons of hay.

The large quantities of gold for export at New York has had a bad effect on prices of securities. Some of these sold at 100 cent in the street at the lowest prices on record.

There is said to be no improvement in the demand for cotton yarn in the United States, and although some eastern spinners have agreed on a price list rather above current values, the demand is readily met by other at previous prices. Worsted yarns are scarce and firm. Jute yarns steady.

The demand for leather is moderate in the United States, as manufacturers are not buying freely, and sales of hemlock sole are small, though for the lower grades there is still good demand. The tanners are firm in price and Union crop is flat.

Depression rules in the wheat markets. Supplies are enormous, and the demand from the outside is small. At Chicago the cash price got down to about 51 and the May option to 54 1/2. Red and white wheats are at 56 1/2 to 57 1/2 at Western Ontario points.

The United Fire Insurance Company, Limited, of Manchester, England, now in process of voluntary liquidation, has been placed in the hands of a receiver in Canada as from January 15th, 1895, and has re-insured its existing liabilities with the Western Assurance Company of Toronto.

The United Amalgamated Copper and Silver Mining Company, Limited, also of Manchester, in 1893, when its entire business, with the exception of that with the Montreal branch, was transferred to the latter office, but owing to the onerous nature of the contracts with the Palatine, it was prepared to come to an end in order to obtain the necessary license.

An active speculation in Toronto Street Railway shares was the feature among brokers last week. There has been a deal of irregular trading in this stock for months past, but the listing of it on the Toronto stock exchange on Wednesday will have a beneficial effect. The exchange as it were stamps the transactions as official, and have the privilege of examining the books and shares do not seem to abate. Most of them are short of orders, though it is stated that a few can run until March, but many are short of orders to keep their works in operation. There are few buyers at the east who are doing little or nothing, and the speculators in stock and kip shoes have returned, and will not get out again at present, as they find they cannot sell at an advance. Supplemental orders are very light, and the market is not so good as most of the works having business only for about two weeks. In women's grain and bull shoes orders are somewhat better, and in women's light goods prices have advanced, and improvement is expected. Shipments from Montreal, according to the Globe and Mail, for the week ending last week, were 162,913 cases against 119,780 last year, and 148,510 in 1893, to date.

NO SMOKING ALLOWED.
The Carriage Trying to Banish Tobacco from the Boulevard.

I hear that the young Carrias declines to smoke, writes a correspondent, like the majority of the ladies in Russia. She has requested her ladies-in-waiting not to smoke near her, and is very particular about their attire, and Her Imperial Majesty is credited with the observation that a cigarette in a woman's mouth is as bad as an oath in a man's. Most of the Grand Duchesses in Russia smoke, and the Empress's sister, the Grand Duchess Sergius, is quite devoted to her cigarette.

On the other hand, the Duchess of Edinburgh, sister of the Emperor, is a non-smoker, and she has a great dislike to a woman smoking, and this dislike has been inherited by her daughter, the Crown Princess of Russia.

This royal lady, who is at best a very young and inexperienced Princess, is having the greatest difficulty in getting her ladies-in-waiting to wear the highest rank crown not only cigarettes, but cigars, and even chew tobacco. The Crown Princess, however, insists upon her way, and she has point-blank forbidden her maids of honor and every lady in attendance upon her to use tobacco in any shape—the penalty being dismissal from the court.

A Madman Kills People.

A despatch from Constantinople says:—A horrible tragedy was enacted Wednesday evening in the Pantheon, a theatre in the city of Constantinople, where a man ran amuck through the streets.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14, 1895.

The Globe says the general election will probably be between the 2nd and 6th of April.

The monthly statement of Dominion finances shows a deficit of \$3,000,000 for the seven months past, and an increase of \$8,473,000 in the public debt.

The farmers in the Moose Jaw and Regina districts, N.W.T., have sent a memorial to the Dominion Government asking assistance to procure seed grain and potatoes for their planting next spring. On account of the drought last year the crop throughout the whole of these districts did not average more than one-half of the seed sown. The crop of 1893 was also a failure from similar causes, and aid was obtained to purchase seed for last season's crop, only to be again disappointed; and should the government not come to their relief again they state it will cause a state of affairs next winter which they shudder to contemplate.

The latest news from Newfoundland state that Sir William Whiteway has succeeded in forming a Cabinet whose policy apparently is confederation. The legislature has adjourned to allow the election of Sir William and four of his colleagues, which will take place about the middle of next month. The legislature will meet again in April, and confederation resolutions will be offered by the government, which are likely to be passed, and a delegation will be sent to Ottawa to arrange terms. Then the proposal, with the terms, will be submitted to a plebiscite of the people. If the people decide against confederation the Whiteway Government will presumably resign and the merchants' party will, it may be taken for granted, arrange for the return of the island to the condition of a crown colony. The Dominion Government has declared itself in favor of receiving Newfoundland as a province of Canada. The Governor-General, the premier and Mr. Foster, minister of finance, have all openly intimated that Newfoundland would be welcome. Mr. Laurier, the leader of the Opposition, is understood to be strongly in favor of the entry of Newfoundland into the Dominion.

Amend the License Act.

Now that the decision of the Supreme Court has decided that the Ontario Legislature cannot enact Prohibition, the friends of Prohibition all over the Province are calling upon Sir Oliver Mowat to redeem his pledge as far as he has the power by further restricting the sale of liquor by making some much needed amendments in the License Act. The Templar, of Hamilton, voices this sentiment and in an article in its last issue says:—

"The following proposals are worthy of the most serious consideration of the Premier, and they are all within provincial jurisdiction:—

"1. Reduce the number of licenses: amend the law so as to provide that not more than two licenses shall be granted to the first thousand of the population, and not more than one to each subsequent thousand.

The Attorney-General well knows how fully public sentiment would endorse this proposed amendment. Already in many localities the number of licenses issued is below the number provided for in the Act.

If Toronto, with its population of 180,000, can do with 150 hotel licenses, one to every 1,200 persons—why should not two thousand and one to each additional thousand fully meet the public demand.

2. Limit the hours of sale; restrict the right to sell within the hours of 6 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Here again the Legislature has jurisdiction. It can compel the liquor seller to turn the key upon his bar at 7 p.m., nor open it again till 6 a.m. This has been affirmed by the court of final record.

3. Reorganize the Boards of License Commissioners.

There is absolute need of reform here. When these Boards were first organized it was the intention that both political parties should be represented thereon, and that their duties should be performed solely in the interest of law and order. To-day the Boards are composed exclusively of Liberals, who, as a rule, regard, primarily, the party advantage. In some instances literally prostituting their great power to base ends. To demand reform here is reasonable and just.

It has been proposed that in cities the duties of the power by further restricting the sale of liquor by making some much needed amendments in the License Act. The Templar, of Hamilton, voices this sentiment and in an article in its last issue says:—

The Ottawa & Parry Sound Railway are building a round house at the St. Anthony Lumbering Co.'s mills, north of Maynooth. 500 men went out from Havelock to work there.

Mr. James Metcalfe, M. P. for Kingston, is pressing his claim for the appointment of warden of the Kingston penitentiary upon the attention of the Minister of Justice, Sir Hibbert Tupper. Mr. Metcalfe has about forty competitors for the \$4000 position, which is one of the best in the gift of the government.

Mr. William Evans, Deseronto, has received his official appointment as Inspector of Hulls for the Toronto district, and will take up his duties this week. The new inspector was born in Kingston in 1849. Mr. Evans may safely lay claim to the possession of a good knowledge of shipbuilding and repairing of all sorts, which especially fits him for his new position, and the best proof that the Government has selected a good man in Mr. Evans is the fact that in a competitive examination at Toronto before a board of three examiners, out of 82 applicants he came out at the head of the list.

An accident occurred on the G. T. R. on Friday afternoon west of Toronto causing the death of one passenger and severely injuring several others. Among the passengers was the stalling of an express train in a snow drift, which was run into by the local train from London, the engineer of which failed to hear the fog signals which had been placed on the track to warn him. The passenger killed was Frank J. Joseph, assistant law clerk of the Ontario Legislative Assembly. Among the injured were the engineer of the local train, the fireman of the same, Judge Burton, a Globe reporter, and three others.

PLEASANT IDLE MOMENTS.

The Chinese have a tradition that stray dogs bring luck.

A family at Marinette, Mich., has run out of names, so their latest arrival has been christened "Thirteenth."

Among the uneducated whites in Alabama there is a popular superstition that if a colored person kisses a baby twice on the mouth, the teething period will be easy to the child.

A couple of Pittsburg, (Pa.) boys picked up a physician's small medicine chest that had fallen out of his buggy on the road and ate so many of the sugar-coated pills that they nearly died.

"Well, I'll be gosh darned if I ever seen a car shovelled along with a fishing pole before," said an old farmer at Toronto the other day, as he witnessed for the first time the operation of a fish-trawl.

The healthiest trade is said to be that of a wailer, a man who attends to the pangs in salt works. If he falls in he dies, but while he lives he is free from cholera, smallpox, scarlet fever and probably influenza.

ABREAST OF THE TIMES.

A new shoe has a ventilated toe.

A patent has been issued for a lock which can be operated only by a magnetized key.

A man in Paris has invented a new kind of snuff made of tan and powdered baked apples.

John Jacob Astor is the inventor of an automatic road sweeper, on which he has taken out a patent, and which, it is claimed, will do of great service in clearing roads of dust and dirt.

A French nursery in the way of time-plant is a floral clock, the long hands of which sweep above twelve flower beds, each being different from all the others in the colors and variety of flower. The hands are moved by subterranean mechanism.

STATISTICAL STATEMENTS.

Four men in every six use tobacco.

The 32,000 newspapers in America employ 200,000 men.

There are nearly 8,000 stitches in a pair of hand-sewed boots.

One third of the deaths among American Indians are due to consumption.

The Johnsons outnumber the Smiths by 700, in the Chicago directory.

The men employed in a Michigan basket factory make a grape-basket apiece each minute.

The largest sum ever asked or offered for a single diamond was \$2,150,000, which the prince of Hyderabad, in India, agreed to give the jeweler who then owned the Imperial, which is considered the finest stone in the world.

A LITTLE HUMOR.

Hazy—Did you ever contribute to the press? My (blushing) I have turned down the light sometimes.—Chicago Sun.

"As terrible as an army with banners" has no reference to the political paragon, although the banners are terrible enough.—N. Y. Herald.

Brown—I was looking for "mud," but in this dictionary the letter "m" is torn out.—Fog—Why not look under "water"? That's the place to find mud.—Boston Transcript.

A peculiarity of their kind.—Manufacturer—What makes you think electric clocks should sell so freely? Drummer—They're all to be charged, are they not?—Jeweler's Weekly.

THE FAREAST.

Pekin boasts of 80,000 beggars.

TOPICS OF A WEEK.

The Important Events in a Few Words For Busy Readers.

Morden lost two hotels and a number of stores by fire on Saturday.

The report that ex-Detective Foley is to be released from penitentiary is without foundation.

The Lake Erie & Detroit River Railroad Station at Meritt was burned on Friday, with two freight cars.

Francis P. Geon met his death at W. L. need disciplinary in Prescott on Monday by falling into a tub of water.

La Gasconne, the long missing steamer, arrived safely at New York on Monday. Her machinery was out of order.

H. M. S. Rambler will be added to the North American squadron this year. She is a third-class gunboat.

Mrs. James Camille of Camille was fatally hurt by a bullet from a rifle in the hands of the hired man on Saturday.

The yearly contract for supplying coal to the Grand Trunk has been awarded to Shipman of Detroit and the Erie R.R. Co.

Saturday's Gazette contains a proclamation further postponing Parliament from Monday until March 2nd.

The trial of the West Quabron election petition against the return of Mr. W. H. Reid, M. P., comes off on Monday, Feb. 15.

The Good Roads Convention was brought to a close on Friday after a number of important resolutions had been passed.

It is understood that Mr. Theodore Davis, the Premier of British Columbia, will soon be appointed Chief Justice of that province.

Orange trees in Florida are probably destroyed, also all vegetable crops and half a million quarts of strawberries just beginning to ripen.

New Zealand has set apart two islands for the preservation of its remarkable wild birds and other animals. All hunting and trapping there is forbidden.

Mr. Wm. McKenzie, a farmer residing on con. 4, East Williams, was struck by a G. T. R. train and killed on Monday on the track between Lukan Crossing and Ailsa Craig.

Mrs. Dean of Chatham tried to throw herself out of an upper window on Monday when she heard that her son, George, was sentenced to three years in Kingston Penitentiary.

The Public School of Ridgeway has been closed on account of the prevalence of a virulent form of diphtheria. Typhoid fever is also rampant, and a number of deaths have occurred.

Miss Anna Gould, the youngest sister of George Gould, is engaged to Count de Castellane of Paris, and the wedding will take place in New York some time in the spring.

A fire in Quebec the horses got stuck in the snow and could not be moved. The horses were unhitched and the hearse with the body therein left standing in the road until next morning.

The effects of the cold weather and blizzard in Great Britain have been severely felt. Many deaths are reported in the midlands, and live stock and game of all kinds have perished in numbers.

Mrs. Nellie W. Pope was arraigned in the police court at Detroit on Thursday on the charge of murdering her husband, Dr. Horace E. Pope. She pleaded not guilty, and examination was set for Feb. 21.

Mr. Samuel Lamore of Russell County became impaled while chopping in the woods on Saturday. He lifted himself by a branch above his head, but after walking home in dreadful agony died from his injuries.

A telephone war is reported in Niles, Mich. The new telephone system, the Gilliland, gives service for \$30 a year. Now the old Bell Telephone Company announces that old subscribers can have telephones for nothing.

When asked as to the chances of the polling bills or bankruptcy legislation, United States Senator Hawley said: "The ten commandments did not pass the Senate now, and nothing will go through but the appropriation bills."

An amendment by Mr. Jeffreys calling upon the Government to take some action regarding the prevailing financial distress was voted down in the British House of Commons by twelve votes on Friday, the Government majority without the Parnells.

The first annual convention of the Good Roads Association of Ontario, held on Thursday at Toronto, was a pronounced success. His Honor Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick, Mr. A. E. Wood, ex-M.P., and Mr. John Dryden, Minister of Agriculture, were among the speakers.

Storms, accompanied by heavy snowfalls, prevailed generally on Friday throughout Canada. There were also high winds along the Atlantic coast, and in many parts of the United States railway traffic was generally interrupted, and many marine accidents are reported.

At San Francisco an attempt was made on Sunday to kill I. W. Hellman, president of the Nevada Bank. William Holland fired two shots at the banker near his residence on California street and then shot himself. He is mortally wounded. The shots fired at Mr. Hellman went wide of the mark.

A meeting of the business men of Port Hope was held on Monday in response to a call from the Mayor for a public meeting to consider the Trinity College School fire. Resolutions offering assistance were passed and the Council was recommended to make a grant of \$10 towards the rent of a temporary building for school purposes.

At Pittsburg on Friday an electric car became unmanageable while descending the Wood's car hill. The motorman and conductor jumped from the car, leaving the occupants to their fate. The car plunged down the steep grade, jumped the track, and struck the end of the bridge which spans Wood's Run, 150 feet below. Three of the passengers were badly injured.

The Brooklyn Grand Jury on Friday handed in a batch of indictments against men who cut the trolley wires, obstructed tracks, threw bricks and committed other acts to interfere with the running of cars. The charge against them is malicious interference with the running of cars. This is felony. Miss Mary McDonald, eighteen years old, the leader of a mob on Fifth avenue, was also indicted.

WE OFFER SHOEPACKS, ARCTIC SOCKS

and MOCCASINS to close out, at

VERY LOW PRICES.

Come quick while we have YOUR SIZE.

W. S. MARTIN & CO.

All notes and accounts PAST DUE, must be settled at once.

W. S. MARTIN & CO.

FIRESIDE FRAGMENTS.

Baked Bananas.—Select large red ones, take the skin off one section of the banana, loosen the skin from them, put a row in a dripping pan with the side up from which you took the peeling, sprinkle sugar over them, bake half an hour in quick oven.—N. Y. Observer.

Pickled Red Cabbage.—Slice the cabbage thinly into a colander; sprinkle each layer with salt and let it drain two days. Put in a jar and pour over boiling vinegar enough to cover, putting in a few slices of red beet root. Those who like the flavor of spice will add that to the vinegar while it is boiling. Choose those cabbages that are of a purple red.—Good Housekeeping.

Salt Mackerel Fried.—Soak for thirty hours in at least a gallon of water, laying the flesh side down; remove the head and see that the fish is clean; melt a spoonful of butter in the frying pan and fry slowly for fifteen minutes, taking care that it does not scorch; take out the fish and pour into the pan a cupful of milk or cream, let it boil and pour over the fish.—Boston Budget.

A Ham Fried is a good breakfast relish on chilly September mornings. Mince fine about a pound of cold boiled ham, using the fat and lean. Add two beaten eggs, a cup of flour, a pinch of cayenne and enough stock to make a good fritter-batter. Fry these fritters in hot fat till they are a good brown. Some cooks use a dash of grated cheese to give them a Neapolitan flavor.—N. Y. Tribune.

Eggs with Cream.—This dish is quickly prepared, if one has cold boiled eggs. Shell the eggs, cut in halves and arrange them out side downward on a buttered pie plate; pour over a sauce made of cream thickened with a little cornstarch and seasoned with salt and pepper. If you have any scraps of cold meat chop fine and mix with the cream sauce. Over the whole grate a hard-boiled yolk, and you have an attractive and appetizing dish.—Ohio Farmer.

Big Reductions in Union and Wool Carpets.

Big Reductions in Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.

Big Reductions in Grey and White Blankets.

Big Reductions in Comforters and Pillows.

Big Reductions in Ladies' and Gents' Fur Coats.

Big Reductions in Flannel and Flannelettes.

Big Reductions in Ladies' and Misses' Underwear.

Big Reductions in Men's and Boys' Underwear.

This Sale will last during this month only, and great Bargains will be given.

VANDERVOORT & GIBSON, Successors to the late J. W. Dunnet.

Belleville, Jan., '95.

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GREAT CLEARING

Remnant Sale

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE,

Bargains in all Departments.

Big Reductions in Union and Wool Carpets.

Big Reductions in Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.

Big Reductions in Grey and White Blankets.

Big Reductions in Comforters and Pillows.

Big Reductions in Ladies' and Gents' Fur Coats.

Big Reductions in Flannel and Flannelettes.

Big Reductions in Ladies' and Misses' Underwear.

Big Reductions in Men's and Boys' Underwear.

This Sale will last during this month only, and great Bargains will be given.

VANDERVOORT & GIBSON, Successors to the late J. W. Dunnet.

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WARD!

The Leader and Lance Tooth

Cross Cut Saws always in stock. Every saw is guaranteed, also price.

A full line of AXES, Hand and Machine Made.

I have the best 65c. A X E

ever brought to Stirling.

Sleigh Bells, Gong Bells, Horse Combs, Brushes and Girths.

A Gross of WHIPS at 25c. each. Door Mats & Mirrors.

THE CELEBRATED Common Sense MEAT CUTTER.

A full line of STOVES and TINWARE. Plenty of FINE and CEDAR SHINGLES.

L. MEIKLEJOHN.

WHYTE'S FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP, CAMPBELLFORD.

Having rented the above shop, I am in a position to do all kinds of work on

MILL MACHINERY, ENGINES, BOILERS, SHAFTING, GEARING, HANGERS, ETC.

Patterns not on hand made to order.

The celebrated WHYTE PLOW manufactured and Plow Points and Soles of any other kind in general use.

Cresting and Castings of all kinds.

Special attention given to Repairing.

ADAM GRAHAM.

FOR SALE.

HAY AT THE ASHLEY BARN, CHURCH ST., good quality. Also, some fine Pigs from three to four months old. Apply to E. W. BROOKS.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S

PAPER.

A New Journal for the Youth of Canada.

Young people will read; the only question is, What are they to read? Their peculiar wants are not fully met by any general newspaper. In the United States several excellent periodicals are prepared for their benefit, but they are all expensive. *Young People* (New York) costs \$2 a year; *The Youth's Companion*, (Boston) \$2.50; *Golden Days* (Philadelphia) 25c; and *St. Nicholas* (New York) 35c. They are worth the money, but they are luxuries.

The YOUNG PEOPLE'S PAPER is a weekly (eight-page) journal just commenced in Kingston, Canada, designed for the period of young persons of both sexes between the ages of ten and twenty, with a department for children, and issued at a price within the reach of all. It will contain the cream of all the literature to be found in England, in addition to a due proportion of original matter. Young people of literature and science will be given in abundance. Among the miscellaneous contents of the paper may be mentioned accounts of travel, adventure and discovery, explanations of wonderful inventions, instances of remarkable intelligence in animals, anecdotes, etc. Parents may rest assured that the moral tone of the paper will be the very highest.

Price, 6c. a year; trial trial for two months, 10c. The best way to read is by post order at a cost of two cents, though small sums sent by mail will be enough (if sent in soft paper). Address T. J. Shanks, 61 Rideau St., Kingston, Ont.

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Price, 6c. a year; trial trial for two months, 10

CHARGED WITH MURDER

The Hyams Brothers, of Toronto, Are Under Arrest.

SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES

Over a Year Ago the Alleged Victim Was Found Dead—He Was the Brother-in-Law of One of the Arrested Parties and Was Heavily Insured.

TORONTO, Feb. 13.—Dallas T. Hyams, aged 33, and Harry P. Hyams, aged 30, both brothers and both Americans, who have been residents in the city for nine years, coming here from New Orleans, were last night arrested on a charge of murder. The alleged victim was a young Englishman named William C. Wells, who on January 10, 1930, was found lying dead at the bottom of the elevator shaft of the warehouse on Colborne street of Hyams Bros., with whom he had been employed as a bookkeeper. Deceased was 25 years of age.

The explanation of the death at the time was that Wells was making some repairs at the foot of the hoist and it fell upon his head. A coroner's inquest was necessary. Deceased was insured for \$30,000, \$31,000 being carried by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, and \$1,000 by balance in the Mutual Accident Association.

The policies were payable to deceased's sister, Martha, who at the time was engaged to be married to Harry Hyams. The policies had been issued but a couple of months previous. The New York coroner investigated the case and found no evidence of foul play, and the money was paid to Miss Wells, and in May last she was married to Harry Hyams, and at that time afterwards removed to Montreal, returning to Toronto weeks ago and took up residence with Dallas Hyams, at 57 Gould street, where last night they were arrested.

The police refuse to disclose the nature of the evidence, but it is understood the following facts are counted against Harry Hyams. The premiums on the policy were paid by him, amounting to \$834, and he was alone in the warehouse with deceased when the fatal accident occurred. Since then it has been learned that Hyams endeavored to get insurance policies on his wife, Mrs. Wells, that was to the extent of \$30,000 in different American and English companies, and this fact may have an important bearing on the arrest.

GOVERNOR O'BRIEN RESIGNS.

Because He Was Not in Harmony With the Whitelyway Government.

St. JOHN, Feb. 13.—Sydney Woods, John Dunphy, George Tessler and Thomas Jackman will resign their seats in the Assembly to permit Henry Woods, George Emerson, Edward Morris and Robert Bond to obtain seats. The elections will be held about March 20. No opposition is anticipated in any constituency.

It is reported that Gov. O'Brien has tendered his resignation to the Imperial parliament. The reason assigned for this step is that he feels that he is not in harmony with the Whitelyway ministry.

The Big Fire at Harrow.

WINSTON, Feb. 13.—The town of Harrow, located about thirty miles from Windsor, on the L. E. and H. R. R., suffered a severe conflagration yesterday morning. The fire started just before one o'clock in Weston's tailor shop, and the flames spread with great rapidity to the adjoining stores and dwellings. The list of stores and dwellings destroyed included Webster's tailor shop, Burrell & Wright's barber shop, Straith & Co.'s general store, Roseburg's harness shop and dwelling, and the bakery and dwelling of W. S. Wright. There were also a number of barns and sheds burned. The damage and insurance as nearly as obtainable is as follows: Webster, damage \$300, no insurance; Straith & Co., \$12,500, insurance \$4,000; W. S. Wright, \$2,000, insurance \$1,000; Roseburg, \$4,000, insurance \$1,000; Burrell & Wright, \$1,000, insurance \$300. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

An Old Miser's Death.

TORONTO, Feb. 13.—In a little hut on Page avenue Thursday night was found dead. He is an old man who has lived there by himself for some years. In the summer he made a living by market gardening. In the rest of the house, orchard, and last fall, it will be remembered, he shot a lad who was stealing his fruit. Lynch has led a miser's life for some time. The place in which he has been living is a miserable hovel with all the windows boarded up and the place desolate. The neighbors did not notice any smoke coming from the chimney and on investigation found the old man stark and cold. A savage watch dog, which he kept to frighten off intruders, had to be shot before the house could be entered.

Government Aid to Dairywomen.

MONTREAL, Feb. 13.—Mr. Arthur, Minister of Agriculture in the Dominion Cabinet, addressing a meeting of dairywomen yesterday, said that the Government had decided to assist the butter makers by accepting through the Department of Agriculture all winter butter at 20 cents a pound, which would be shipped to the factory during the summer. The announcement was received with much satisfaction.

Shot the Burglar.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—Wm. Mortimer, of Montreal, and A. Winslow, Toronto, two professional burglars, were engaged in trying to break the safe in the postoffice at Gatineau, when Smith, the postmaster, fired on them, wounding Mortimer in the leg. Winslow got away. Mortimer is now in jail.

A Cheesy Woman Succeeds.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Mrs. William Cruikshank committed suicide while laboring under mental depression. She was found suspended by the neck with a bedsheet as a bedpost in her bedroom. When found she was extinct. She was a husband and a large family of children to mourn her rash act.

A Seat on the Bench for Curran.

MONTREAL, Feb. 13.—It is generally accepted in conservative circles here, and accepted in the House of Commons, that Hon. Curran, Solicitor-General, is about to be raised to the Superior Court bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Sir Francis Johnson.

West Down With All Hands.

HALIFAX, Feb. 13.—A despatch received from Liverpool states that an American schooner, supposed to be the Clara T. Friend, was totally wrecked near here and her entire crew drowned. Already seven bodies have been washed ashore. No more particulars are available.

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.

Officers for the ensuing Year—Close of the Convention.

WOODSTOCK, Feb. 11.—The convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew opened on Saturday with corporate communion, at which the Rev. J. H. Bishop of Huron was the celebrant. Afterwards the members assembled at the town hall for business, when questions of importance to the brotherhood were discussed.

At the final business session, R. V. Rogers, Q.C., Kingston, chairman of the committee of arrangements, presented the committee's report. Among the resolutions passed was one recommending the holding of the next annual convention at Montreal in the fall of 1931, and also recommending provincial conventions for each autumn. W. P. Robinson, Woodstock, presented the report of the committee on representation, showing that 133 delegates representing 53 chapters had been present.

T. R. Clougher, chairman of the Nominating Committee, presented the report recommending the following for the council: N. Ferrar, Davidson; R. Watt, R. Clougher, R. Montgomery, Spencer, R. G. Street, J. C. Catto and L. H. Baldwin. R. Watt, R. Clougher, R. Montgomery, Spencer, R. G. Street, J. C. Catto and L. H. Baldwin, Montreal; J. P. Orie, Ottawa; R. V. Rogers, Kingston; R. Watt, R. Clougher, R. Montgomery, Spencer, R. G. Street, J. C. Catto and L. H. Baldwin, Woodstock, and they were accordingly elected to the meeting of the new council held subsequently.

N. Ferrar Davidson was elected president; R. Watt, R. Clougher, R. Montgomery, Spencer, R. G. Street, J. C. Catto and L. H. Baldwin, vice-presidents; A. H. Wiswell, 2nd vice-president; Spencer, secretary; and R. O. Montgomery, treasurer.

At the annual sermon was preached by Bishop Baldwin. He took as his text from Romans: "A Servant of Christ Jesus." In the afternoon fully 400 delegates met at the Opera House at the mass meeting for men. At the final service, Rev. G. McKenzie, Brantford, and Rev. J. C. Davidson, delisted, presided. The service was conducted by the rector, Rev. J. C. Farthing, and was most solemn and impressive. Farewell addresses were given at the close of which the delegates departed.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

An Expert's Opinion of the Cattle—Imperial House Notes.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Professor Noehard, the eminent French expert, has examined pieces of the lungs of a Canadian animal, landed at Antwerp, and upon which the Belgian Government placed Canada upon the cattle schedule. The expert has concluded that the disease is really pleuro-pneumonia. Indeed, he throws much doubt upon the assertion that it is.

This report, in connection with the absence of the disease among the recent arrivals of Canadian cattle here, should strengthen the Scottish demand which the farmers and shipmen are making for the removal of the British embargo. As the House of Commons yesterday Right Hon. Herbert Gardner, replying to Mr. John Ellis, M.P., said there were three cases of pleuro-pneumonia in the Canadian animal, landed at Antwerp, and upon which the Belgian Government placed Canada upon the cattle schedule. The expert has concluded that the disease is really pleuro-pneumonia. Indeed, he throws much doubt upon the assertion that it is.

In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. William Birkenhead, M.P., Ayr district Liberal, desired the Government to promise to refuse to assent to the Canadian Copyright Act, and request Canada to insert a clause making the assent of an author a condition precedent to the appropriation of a copyright by a Canadian public here. Mr. Sydney Buxton, Parliamentary Secretary, replying, said the Secretary of State for the colonies was now considering the correspondence. He could make no statement at present.

FIRE AT PORT HOPE.

Trinity College School burned to the ground—Fully Insured.

PORT HOPE, Feb. 11.—Fire broke out in Trinity College school at 11.30 on Saturday night. The fire originated in the room of Prof. Watson, by which a fire in a stove. Mr. Watson had left his apartment only 15 minutes when he was alarmed by the smell of smoke and rushing back he found his room in a blaze. It is thought that the lamp in the room exploded as soon as the blaze reached it and increased the volume of the flames. The fire had gained such headway that the efforts of the masters could not check the progress of the flames. The occupants, including one hundred and fifty boys and twenty-five masters and attendants were soon aroused, and escaped with very little clothing. Most of their trunks were carried out, but the loss to personal property is considerable. Mr. Watson lost his personal effects on which there was no insurance. The boys were taken to the hotels and to the homes of the masters. The school was insured for \$5,000. The insurance was divided between the following companies: Royal, England, Liverpool and London, and Globe and Columbian. There was an insurance of \$10,000 on contents of building and chapel. The total loss is estimated at over \$80,000. The work of the school will be continued without interruption, the St. Lawrence hall having been used for its purpose, and the school building will be immediately rebuilt. Thanks to the prompt action of the fire department, the handsome residence on the school grounds was saved from the flames.

Celebrating Lincoln's Anniversary.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—The anniversary of Lincoln's birthday was observed here yesterday with more ceremony than usual. The banks, Board of Trade, stock exchange and all the business offices were closed, with the exception of the police and fire departments, which were closed. The schools were open, but the sessions were devoted to patriotic songs and recitations.

Bill Cook Will Do No More Mischief.

BILL COOK WILL DO NO MORE MISCHIEF. Bill Cook, Ark. Feb. 13.—In the United States court yesterday Bill Cook, the notorious outlaw, was found guilty on half a dozen charges of robbing the train on the penitentiary at Albany, N.Y. He will start for Albany to-day.

A Big Hotel Destroyed.

MR. HOLLY, N. J., Feb. 13.—The large winter hotel owned by the Forest Springs Hotel Company was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss \$150,000, insurance unknown.

WAYS TO GET RICH.

The road to fortune is paved with print-ers ink.

Shakels and sense are necessary in successful advertising.

Get something people want, advertises it wisely and it is sure to pay.

The best advertising will not create a demand for that which is not wanted.

Success in business is paved by the typewriter and made smooth by the printing press.

Brevity is the soul of deft to fruitful-ness the day it is planted.

The advice of a bishop to a young preacher applies equally well to an advertiser. Grain won't grow to fruitfulness the day it is planted.

There may be a double meaning in the misspelled sign in South Brooklyn: "For Sail—A slop yacht of forty-five tons. Apply to owner, Third Avenue, Box 111."

An advertisement should tell the whole story in the least number of words, carefully selected and easily comprehended. The display should be adapted to the medium used.

The eye is the first requisite in an advertisement; what follows cannot be so well put together as to excite the reader's interest and claim his attention to the end—Printer's Ink.

Yesterday the annual sermon was preached by Bishop Baldwin. He took as his text from Romans: "A Servant of Christ Jesus." In the afternoon fully 400 delegates met at the Opera House at the mass meeting for men. At the final service, Rev. G. McKenzie, Brantford, and Rev. J. C. Davidson, delisted, presided. The service was conducted by the rector, Rev. J. C. Farthing, and was most solemn and impressive. Farewell addresses were given at the close of which the delegates departed.

The convention, besides being more largely attended than any other previous, was also marked by great enthusiasm and spirituality among delegates. As traffic is almost suspended here the delegates will not be able to get home for some days.

The empress of Austria has her hair shaved once a month. It is still beautiful, luxuriant and perfectly black, and when let down touches the ground as she stands, and she is tall. It is said the hair wash requires forty eggs, and the other ingredients are obtained from no less than twenty mysterious bottles.

One of the authorities on decoration in England is Mrs. Conyns Carr. She is the wife of a successful theatrical manager, and her ideas on stage decoration and costume he owes much of his success. Mrs. Carr has designed dresses for several of Mr. Irving's plays, and is almost always Miss Terry's chief consultant on wardrobe matters.

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POULTRY POINTS.

As soon as the old hens can be spared for market they should be fattened and sold. This ought to be done before the hens begin molting.

Light, nutritious and easily digested food is what confined fowls require to do well, but under no consideration should corn be fed exclusively.

If disease appears and obstinately resists remedy, it is better to begin with new stock than to breed from those that have been sick a long time.

Mark the pullets that you want to keep as soon as you know which ones they are. Then there will be no danger of their being sold or eaten by mistake.

The hens should always have somewhere to dust. It will aid them to rid themselves of lice. If a spoonful of insect powder be added to the dust, all the better.

Chickens should not be allowed to go on the roosts until they are ten or twelve weeks old. If allowed to roost too young their growth and appearance will be injured.

A small box of charcoal kept where the hens can have access to it will arrest disorders of the bowels from overfeeding. Use it freshly burned and break it into reasonably small pieces.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

There are 50,000,000 Lutherans in the world.

Didop Foster has been attending annual conferences for fifty-seven years.

The Methodist Episcopal church south had an increase of nearly 40,000 members in 1929.

The Presbyterian church is agitating the establishment of a "Temperance Sabbath." The third Sabbath in September is suggested.

Amelia Smith, the colored Methodist evangelist, says there are just two things in the Bible: "It shall come to pass," and "It came to pass."

The Swedish Lutherans in America have over 1,100 pastors in their three colleges at Rock Island, Ill., Lindsborg, Kan., and St. Peter, Minn.

FLASHES OF FUN.

She—Are you going to all balls this season? He—I am going to three balls tomorrow.—Syracuse Post.

"I'm going to become a professional prize-fighter." "What! Why, man, haven't you the 300-pound command of language?"—Chicago Record.

Clara—Were there any marrying men down at the beach this summer? Cora—Yes; there were two ministers and a Justice of the Peace.—Yonkers Statesman.

Gear was a lucky man. He could go around where he pleased and he never asked any annoying questions. She was above suspicion.—Boston Transcript.

"What was the trouble over at the Woman's Club yesterday afternoon? I never heard such talking." "Oh, it was the first 50 years that the club had this fall."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

"When horses are done away with," said the Funny Boreder, "what will become of the people who want to ride bobbies?" "That easy," answered the Cheerful Idiot, "they will ride the wheels in their heads."

ON THE BARGAIN COUNTER.

A firm in August, N.Y., sends to potteries abroad photographs of its note, and these views are artistically reproduced on pieces of china.

An English officer has discovered a working relation between two temples of Pan in India. The system is said to have been in operation for over two thousand years.

A special monthpiece for public telephone has been introduced in Germany with the object of avoiding the spread of diseases carried by the condensed moisture of the breath.

A baby carriage, designed especially for those who live in flats, which can be folded together so that one person can easily carry it up and downstairs, is a New York invention.

The mixture of cotton and wool in the manufacture of cloth has been learned so thoroughly that feeling will not detect the presence of cotton. A piece of the goods boiled in a solution of caustic potash will leave only the cotton fiber intact.

Wool pulp has been put to many uses, but the most extraordinary is in autolighting. A piece of the pulp is placed in a hosiery, and few complaints as to wear have been received.

Wood pulp has been put to many uses, but the most extraordinary is in autolighting. A piece of the pulp is placed in a hosiery, and few complaints as to wear have been received.

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NEW AND BRIGHT.

"She is a great favorite with the male sex." "Yes." "Why doesn't she marry?" "Her numerous engagements prevent her." N. Y. Press.

"Can you see you apart for a moment?" "You mean alone, don't you?" "Yes; a loan—that is, exactly. I want to borrow five."—Indianapolis Journal.

Possible Purchaser—Now, is this mule perfectly gentle? Uncle Mose—Well, yes, I think he knows how to bite anybody yet.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Patient—"Can you tell me, doctor, the cause of baldness?" Physician—"Nothing easier, sir. It is due to the falling out of the hair. Will you pay now, or shall I put it down to your account?"—Boston Transcript.

He—Suppose I should ask your father if I could marry you. Do you think I would stand any chance? She—No. Your case would be hopeless. He—Do you think he would really say no? She—Not that, but he would leave it to me.—Judge.

SPORTS.

George Gould's expenses this season for the Atlantic and Victoria are estimated at nearly four hundred thousand dollars.

Perhaps the best lady shot at the present day is Lady Eva Quin, wife of Capt. Wynham, her presumptive, to the earl of Dunraven.

Bicycleist Zimmermann's great success is said to be due to his abnormally large heart, which is declared by the doctors to be two inches longer than the average.

Sir Augustus Harris has got a new lease of the old Drury Lane theater, and after seven years, and the historical playhouse is, therefore, sure to see the next century.

A granddaughter of John C. Calhoun, the southern statesman, has just made a success in France, playing in French with a French company the role of "Hermione" in Racine's "Andromaque."

STARTING IN LIFE.

Diocletian, the Roman emperor, was born in slavery and obtained his freedom by service in the army.

Luther's father was a miner, and the future reformer often earned a stipend by singing in the streets.

James Madison was very fond of his bow and at an early age acquired a high reputation for learning.

Horne Tooke was fond of staying in his father's poultry shop, and liked to be instructed with the business.

Zachary Taylor was brought up on a farm. He was very thrifty, and soon had a stock of property in calves.

A French boyhood was passed in a wine vault, where he was required to wash barrels and clean wine casks.

Liszt was driven to the piano every day. For over fifteen years his daily practice covered ten to twelve hours.

WORK AND WAGES.

A Persian took car. earn \$3.22 a month. A weaver in Germany receives 60 cents a day.

A native painter in India earns 40 cents a day.

Turn laborers in Belgium receive 46 cents a day.

A mule driver in Morocco earns 10 cents a day.

A thrasher in Turkey can command 40 cents a day.

A Mexican mason earns from 75 cents to \$1 a day.

Tea teachers in Hamburg are paid 21 cents an hour.

A boss mason in Ceylon can earn \$3.30 per week.

Police in Saxony receive \$291 a year as salary.

A railroad conductor in Turkey gets \$27 a month.

MISSING LINKS.

The earliest Greek inscriptions were written from right to left.

In Italy thirty out of every 10,000 people die by the knife of the assassin.

"Pantana Puntana—Up to the state," reads a sign in the window of a New York restaurant.

Onomatopoeia, the name of a Kansas town, is said to be compounded of the names of two rivers, the Osage and Pottawatomie.

A total absence of butterfly life in England is noted. Beyond an occasional white butterfly, there are none to be seen this summer.

A King's Daughter's circle in San Francisco is composed of eight Chin women, two Japanese, two Syrians, and their two American teachers.

LOOKOUT FOR BIRDS.

Hard-billed birds are those which live on seeds.

Soft-billed birds do not live on seeds, but on insects and prepared food.

Feed very little sweet stuff, it spoils the digestion, and then the bird's health is gone.

Hard-billed birds need little for food besides seed and occasionally a bit of lettuce, apple or celery.

Moulting cannot be called a disease since it is a natural process of providing the bird with new plumage.

A bird should be given its bath, its food and a clean cage at the same hour each day, and by the same person.

After a bird takes his water bath he should have a sun bath if there is a spot in the house where the sun shines.

Cattle bone is an important article of diet for hard-billed birds. There is a salty taste to it which seems to be a tonic for feathered bipeds.

The health of all birds depends upon three things, regularity in being fed and given its bath, good food and absolute protection from draughts.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

The "devil's looking glass" is a smooth stone formation one hundred feet wide, and rising two hundred feet out of the Nolichucky river in Tennessee.

The Hindoo god of marriage is represented with a human body and elephant's head, seated on a throne resting on a circle of human skulls.

Thirty-five years ago Mrs. Milton Stevenson, of Georgetown, Ky., ran a piece of broken glass into her hand. Last week the glass was taken out at the elbow.

The New Jersey society of Cincinnati devotes the income of a fund of thirty thousand dollars for the marking of places in that state made historic by the war of the revolution.

There is a wild flower in Turkey that is the exact image of a humming bird. The breast is green, the wings are a deep rose color, the throat yellow, the head and beak almost black.

At the lunch given by the municipality of Rome to the physicians who attended the recent international congress, six thousand bottles and three hundred and sixty flasks of wine were consumed.

Words of Weight and Wisdom

Canada's Well-known Railroad Contractor, Mr. J. W. Dinwoodie, III.

Highlighted by Several Doctors and Tried Nearly Every Proprietary Medicine—Got Very Little Benefit—Was Influenced to Use South American Nerve—Found Immediate Relief—The Nervousness Has Entirely Left My System—"I Will Never Be Without It in My Home."



MR. J. W. DINWOODIE, CAMPBELLFORD, ONT.

Man of affairs usually weigh their words. They are not of that class of people who carry their hearts upon their sleeve. One of the best known men of affairs in Canada is Mr. J. W. Dinwoodie, the large railroad contractor, evidence of whose work is to be found in all parts of the Dominion, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, to chain one section of our vast Dominion with another and bring its people into easy touch with each other through the medium of the iron horse, as Mr. Dinwoodie has in a short lifetime done, is a work of which any man may be justly proud. Hard and braving labor, however, is necessary to success of this character, and the strongest constitutions are in danger of breaking down under the strain. It has been so with Mr. Dinwoodie. The great thought that he has had to give to his work, and the care and responsibility that it has carried with it finally told on his nervous system, and he became a victim of nervous troubles. His liver and kidneys became seriously disordered. Naturally he consulted a medical man. Comparatively no relief was obtained. He changed his doctor, and did not stop with one, two or three physicians, but he got no relief. Various proprietary medicines were recommended, and, as he says himself, "I tried them all, but got very little benefit. Last fall I was camping out, and I was feeling very ill. I happened to pick up a paper with the advertisement for South American Nerve. I determined to give it a trial, and procured a bottle from the local druggist. After having taken but a few doses I found very great relief. The severe pain that I had been suffering in the small of my back left me and the nervousness that had rendered me, in a large measure, unfit for work, has as a result of the continued use of Nerve, become banished from my system. I am now able to enjoy refreshing sleep at night through the use of South American Nerve. I sleep in the house, and I do not hesitate to say that it is the very best medicine I have ever taken, and most confidently recommend it to anyone troubled with nervousness of whatever form and the attendant diseases of the liver and stomach that follow this weakness."

The important fact can not be too often emphasized that South American Nerve cures at the nerve centers, from which emanate all diseases. This being an undoubted scientific truth, fully and perfectly demonstrated by science, it is not surprising that the use of Nerve in this remedy is always found a certain cure.

FOR SALE AT R. PARKER'S DRUG STORE.

JAS. MILNE & SON.

STOCK TAKING SALE.

Big Bargains up to Feb. 1.

Everybody is looking for something for nothing, and they may expect to get it just as much as they are likely to give it.

Now we do not profess to give you anything for nothing, but we will say that from now until Feb. 1st we will give some great bargains.

1 yd. wide Cotton 4c. per yd.
All Wool Tweed 25c. yd., worth 50c.

20c. Grey Flannel for 15c., other prices in proportion.
Fancy Striped Cottonade, regular 30c. for 25c.

All 15c. Prints now 11c.
25 per cent. off Shawls.

10 per cent. off all Underwear. (Spot Cash.)

Men's Overcoats. The best make. Prices away down. Now is your time to buy a well made garment and at a very low price.

You will find the same bargains among our Boots and Shoes.

We aim to lead with Teas.

We guarantee our 25c. Tea. Come during the course of a week.

The prices we quote are for Cash.

Dried Apples wanted, \$1.00 per bushel.

JAS. MILNE & SON.

TO CLEAR OUT OUR STOCK OF VASE LAMPS.

We will sell them AT COST. They are all the newest styles.

COMPLETE STOCK OF Patent Medicines, PURE DRUGS, DYES AND DYE STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONERY, PARKER'S DRUG STORE.

CLIMAX CATARRH CURE

will cure Catarrh or Cold in the Head. There is no remedy like it. Try a bottle. Price 50c. It is a sure cure. For sale at PARKER'S DRUG STORE, Stirling Ont.

THE NEWS-ARGUS

For balance of 1895, for 75c.

HEART DISEASE BELIEVED IN THIRTY MINUTES.—Dr. Agnew's cure for Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath and Smothering Spells. One dose convinces. Sold by R. Parker.

Trinity College School, Port Hope, was destroyed by fire shortly before midnight on Saturday. No lives were lost, though many of the students and others had a narrow escape. There were 115 students in attendance. The loss is estimated at \$80,000, and the insurance is \$60,000. As the walls remain good, it is thought the insurance will fully cover the loss.

Very Cheap Overcoats.

The above remark applies to the overcoats at the Oak Hall, Belleville. Every person buying an overcoat or suit at this season of the year, can put make 20 per cent. that is surely a big rate of interest, even if you did not put the coat on your back until next winter. Of course, the variety is not like it was earlier in the season, but we have a nice lot yet.

PARKER BROTHERS BANKERS, STIRLING, ONTARIO.

A General Banking Business transacted.

4 per cent. allowed on Deposits. Drafts bought and sold on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain. Money to loan on Mortgages at low interest. Office hours from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. F. B. PARKER. R. PARKER, M.D.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

The local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 30c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line. To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE. Trains call at Stirling station as follows: GOING WEST. GOING EAST. Mail, 10 a.m. Mixed, 10:30 a.m. Mail, 10:30 a.m. Mixed, 10:30 a.m. Mail, 10:30 a.m. Mixed, 10:30 a.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14, 1895.

LOCAL MATTERS.

St. Valentine's Day. Miss Wheeler, of Brighton, is visiting at Mr. H. S. Ferguson's.

Mr. G. G. Thrasher, barrister, of Stirling, has been appointed a notary public.

Another practical illustration of the benefits of fire insurance is shown by Mrs. Brough's "Card of Thanks" in another column.

We learn that a snow shoe club is being formed here, and several young ladies and gentlemen are becoming quite enthusiastic over the sport.

The Orangemen of this district intend holding the next 12th of July celebration in Stirling. Our informant who gave us the report of the meeting in last issue forgot to mention this.

A talent scheme has been started by the ladies of the Methodist Church in this village, and over fifty ladies have agreed to work in this way. It is expected the treasury will be overflowing with money a year hence.

Good material and prices right in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, at Mrs. F. W. Watts.

The great storm of last week was the worst known in many years, and caused a general blockade on all the railroads. It was also accompanied by the lowest temperatures ever recorded all over Canada.

Geo. W. Walker, Dentist, Belleville, visits Stirling 1st and 2nd Tuesday every month. Rooms in Stirling House.

Mr. T. A. Milne and Miss Milne were away last week attending the funeral of Alex. Leask and wife, near Blackwater, the latter a sister of Mr. Jas. Milne, of this place. One died on Monday, and the other on Wednesday, and the funeral of both took place the same day.

Call and see our elegant stock of new Rings, Bracelets and fancy Pins at Mrs. Watts. Reductions in Christmas toys.

Since people have found out that they can be properly fitted with spectacles at Angus McEneaney & Co's, Belleville, the Optician is kept pretty busy. They invariably come away with the glasses suited to their vision. We guarantee a perfect fit.

A CHEESE BOARD FOR STIRLING.—We again call the attention of those interested to the meeting to be held on Wednesday next, the 20th inst., to take steps to organize a cheese board in this village. As before stated there is no reason why a large and successful board should not be established here, and it is hoped all those interested will be present. The meeting will be held at the Stirling House at two o'clock, p.m.

The Oyster Supper at Springbrook given under the auspices of the Foresters' Lodge, on Tuesday night last, was well attended considering the state of the roads. The programme was very good, the chief attractions being Mr. Thos. A. Baker, of Toronto, who rendered some comic songs, and the Stewart Family who also gave several selections. Several speakers who were expected were unable to attend. The proceeds taken in at the door amounted to \$62.

On account of the snow blockade on Saturday last, the Van Amburgh Family Concert Company, which were to have given a performance here on that evening, under the auspices of the A.O.U.W., were delayed so that they were unable to reach here in time to give an entertainment. However the committee arranged with them to give a performance on Monday evening, when they were greeted by a fair audience, which undoubtedly would have been larger had it not been for the bad state of the roads. This talented company gave a very pleasing entertainment, and received accolades at the rendering of almost every piece. The glues given by the family were particularly well rendered, and the songs of little Katie were greeted with applause. Earl, on the cornet, made a grand hit, while Fred, on the clarinet, deserves great praise. Four of the company are excellent violinists, and gave several fine selections. The company as a whole are good, and should they return again this season, as there is some talk of them doing, they will no doubt be welcomed by a bumper house.

A correspondent of the Belleville Sun says a snow-shovelling club has been formed in Stirling. It is hoped they will keep the walks clean.

The recently organized North Hastings Farmers' Institute has arranged to hold two meetings this month. The first meeting will be held at Madoc on Saturday, the 23rd of Feb., and this will be followed by a second at Springbrook on Monday, Feb. 25th at 9 o'clock and 7:30 p.m. Addresses will be given on papers read by Dr. G. Rayner, of Rosehall, president of the Central Farmer's Institute, and Alex. Yuill, of Carleton Place, besides addresses from others. It is expected that the farmers generally will attend these meetings, as they will be interesting and profitable.

A new feature has been added to the High School work here, which should prove interesting and instructive not only to the pupils but also to the general public. Mr. John Stewart Carstairs, B.A., Head Master, has arranged with the local professional gentlemen, that they shall deliver on successive Friday afternoons a series of lectures on literary, historical and scientific subjects. To-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, Rev. W. Herbert Smythe, rector of St. John's Church, will deliver the opening lecture on "Mary Queen of Scots." The public generally, the parents and all patrons of the school are cordially invited to be present.

Sara Lord Bailey, of Boston, Queen of Elocution, is again to favor Stirling people with one of her famous recitals and will appear in the Music Hall on Monday evening, Feb. 25th, under the auspices of the Stirling Methodist Church Choir. This will be one of the finest entertainments ever given in Stirling. Sara Lord Bailey is known as the Queen of Elocution, whose name as an elocutionist is famous throughout the United States, and stands second to none in America. During the last five seasons this young lady has appeared in nearly all the large cities on the continent, and has filled more engagements per season. During her tours she has given her entertainments in theatres and churches, under the auspices of the different religious bodies and societies, and in many of the cities she has appeared several and third times and more to increased audiences. The following record of dates filled in leading cities speaks volumes for her ability and success. Boston, 37 times; New York, 18; Lowell, 12; Cleveland, 6; St. Paul, 7; Detroit, 10; Toronto, 11; Montreal, 6; Ottawa, 3; Belleville, 3; Peterboro, 3; Kingston, 3.

It is seldom worth while or profitable to pay attention to a statement, and the following barefaced falsehood which appeared in last Friday's Intelligencer we cannot allow to pass unnoticed.—The following accounts were on motion ordered to be paid: B. R. Wright, keeping tramps, \$1.50 from off cemetery road, 50 Marshall Westcott, 40 Mr. Martin, 30

Now in the first column of locals in last week's News-Argus there is not one line that was taken from the Intelligencer. In the second column there is a paragraph about a swindle which appeared in that paper, but was also in the Intelligencer, and we were not aware that it was the exclusive property of the Intelligencer or we would have given credit. The item about the 15th battalion was also the Intelligencer's, though we first saw it in the Sun. Another item about a babe being smothered the Intelligencer probably claims, though it appeared among the graphic news in the Toronto papers. The same is true of some other items which the Intelligencer probably claims as its exclusive property, cutting its claim of twelve paragraphs down to one or two small items that may have appeared in that journal alone, and which were not inserted by us as purely local news. The Intelligencer shows considerable ability, but slandering its neighbors is not enterprise of the right kind.

Good lawyers as a rule admonish clients to keep out of litigation, advice which truculent combative clients will not always accept, though after a hotly contested legal fight in the courts they may be of opinion that the original counsel of their attorney was such as they might well have accepted. It is a mistake to assume that lawyers are litigious. The older a lawyer grows the better informed he is of affairs, and the more eager his desire to serve a client the more he inclines to settle all controversies without appeal to the courts. It is especially true where the dispute is about facts concerning which many men may differ widely and all honest in their statement of what they consider facts. The great lawyer rarely declines to do battle on principles where he reaches conviction that the side of his client is true in law.

The Ontario says a lady physician residing in a neighboring town has just paid a handsome sum to settle a threatened lawsuit for alienating the affections of another lady in Belleville. Had the letters of the fair doctor been read in court they would have proved some of the spiciest literature of the season.

We Do No 'Fake' Work.

Customers are awaking to the fact that there are bargains at the Oak Hall, Belleville, these cold February days, and they are coming in more than ever. The Oak Hall do exactly what they advertise. You must remember that we never 'fake' in advertising. Whatever we say we mean, and whatever we mean we say. We sell you winter clothing at 20 per cent. off this month.

School Board Meeting.

The first meeting of the Stirling Board of Education was held on Wednesday, the 6th inst.

Members present, Dr. Faulkner, Dr. Sprague, Dr. Parker, Morden Bird, Oakley Vandervoort, F. T. Ward and A. Chard.

On motion the following officers were appointed for the current year.—A. Chard, Chairman; F. B. Parker, Treasurer; John S. Black, Secretary; Dr. Parker, F. T. Ward and Jas. Milne, Finance Committee; Dr. Faulkner, Dr. Sprague and Oakley Vandervoort, Property Committee; Dr. Sprague, Dr. Faulkner and J. Boldrick, High School Visiting Committee; Dr. Parker, F. T. Ward and Jos. Doak, Public School Visiting Committee.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by Oakley Vandervoort, that a vote of thanks be tendered to F. B. Parker, Esq., for the gratuitous and efficient manner in which he has filled the position of Treasurer of this Board for a number of years past. Carried unanimously.

The following accounts were on motion ordered to be paid: Dr. Parker, Supplies to H. School \$12.63 P. School .80

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by F. T. Ward, that the Head Master of the High School be authorized to purchase all necessary supplies for the Laboratory, as heretofore. Carried.

Moved by Morden Bird, seconded by Dr. Faulkner, that this Board rent the room we now occupy from the Band for the term of one year, from January the 1st last, at an annual rental of Fifteen Dollars. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by Oakley Vandervoort, that Morden Bird be a delegate from this Board to confer with the committee appointed by the County Council, to fix the supplementary grant to the High School. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by Dr. Parker, that a vote of thanks be given to Mr. Bird, the retiring Chairman, for the able manner in which he has filled the office during the last year. Carried.

On motion the Board adjourned.

JOHN S. BLACK, Sec'y.

Village Council.

Minutes of a meeting of the village Council held Feb. 14th.

Members present, W. S. Martin, F. B. Parker, G. L. Scott, C. J. Boldrick and J. E. Halliwell.

After Mr. Halliwell had subscribed to the declaration of Qualification and of Office, the minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

The annual report from Dr. Sprague, Medical Health Officer, was received.

A communication was received from the Sec'y of the Single Tax Association, which was on motion filed.

Application for the office of assessor was received from Mr. Albert Chard.

The following accounts were on motion ordered to be paid: B. R. Wright, keeping tramps, \$1.50 from off cemetery road, 50 Marshall Westcott, 40 Mr. Martin, 30

Moved by F. B. Parker, seconded by C. J. Boldrick, that the tender of Caverly & Co. be accepted, and that the clerk draw up a contract for signature, for the delivery to this corporation of six thousand feet of cedar 4 by 6, 16 feet long, at \$9 per thousand, and fourteen thousand feet of hemlock plank, 2 by 10, 13 feet long, at \$8 per thousand, the said cedar and hemlock to be good sound lumber, and to be delivered at Anson, on the C. O. R'y., on or before the 1st of May ensuing. Carried.

A By-law was passed appointing the following officers for the current year: John S. Black, Clerk; Jas. Milne, Treasurer; Albert Chard, Assessor; Wm. Montgomerie, Collector; F. B. Parker and Morden Bird, Auditors; Jerome Conley, Sr., Pound-keeper; Wm. Searles, Robert Carr and Hiram Horton, Fence viewers; Samuel Brown, Sanitary Inspector, Truant officer and to enforce By-law prohibiting cattle from running at large.

Moved by J. Earl Halliwell, seconded by C. J. Boldrick, that the Clerk purchase a By-law book, and that the Reeve revise the old By-laws. Carried.

Moved by F. B. Parker, seconded by J. E. Halliwell, that C. J. Boldrick, G. L. Scott and the mover be the committee on streets. Carried.

On motion the Council adjourned.

JOHN S. BLACK, Clerk.

Auction Sales.

THURSDAY, FEB. 21.—On lot 13, Con. 7, Rawdon, the farm stock and implements belonging to Wm. D. Lloyd. Sold by J. C. McKel, Jas. Montgomery, Auctioneer.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by R. Parker, Druggist.

20 Per Cent. Off Ulsters.

You men who are trying to go through winter with an ordinary overcoat, how does this warm ulster suit? Wouldn't a nice big warm ulster suit you better? You can make up your minds to dress according to the weather. You can afford one of these fine big coats now the Oak Hall will sell you one at a discount of 20 per cent.

FINE FURS.

WHERE IS THE DIFFERENCE

in buying Furs now or earlier in the season? It is this, you can buy them enough cheaper to keep them until next winter if you did not wear them until then at all. Good Furs and fashionable are just as cheap at manufacturer's prices, and we will supply them on those terms. They are just as good a class as we had in November. No culls in stock and we supply you any day of the week as well as Saturday. We have no special day, every day is bargain day with us. We have great prospects for Spring Clothing, and our purchase of New Tweeds is opening up fine. Our anticipations are bright.

J. BOLDRICK & SON.

BARGAINS

GREAT REDUCTIONS for CASH.

All Winter Goods must be sold out. I am selling all Winter Goods at way down prices, Shawls, Caps, Blankets, Rugs, Shirts and Drawers, Dress Goods, Gloves and Mitts.

I have a lot of remnants in Dress Goods and Flannels, that I am selling less than cost.

\$5 SEALETTE FOR \$3.
Dried Apples taken as Cash.

Those owing me for Laundry will please call and settle.

E. F. PARKER

BIG BARGAINS

IN WINTER GOODS AT BROWN & McCUTCHEON'S.

League met as usual on Tuesday night and the subject, "Amusements," was ably discussed. League will meet on Monday evening next, instead of Tuesday, as the League intends to go out to Bethel on Tuesday evening to visit that League.

Sarah Cooper, of East Trenton, died on Feb. 2nd, aged 105 yrs., 11 months and 14 days. This may truly be called a ripe old age.

20 Off Catches Them.

A discount of 20 per cent. is a big one. No store can afford to give it, and yet the Oak Hall, Belleville, figure that it would be better to have the use of the money until next winter, rather than carry over heavy clothing. Now is your chance if you need a suit or overcoat.

Married.

BOWERS-GOTHARD.—At the residence of D. H. Bowers, Rawdon, Feb. 7th, 1894, by the Rev. S. Crookshank, Mr. CHESTER BOWERS, of Humberford, to Miss ESTHER ALBERTA GOTHARD, of Rawdon.

RESURRECTION.—At the residence of the bride's father, on February 6th, 1895, by Rev. Thos. F. Steel, Mr. GEORGE H. CLARK to Miss MAY ANN, daughter of JESSE SMITH HAIGHT, Esq., all of Humberford township.

Deaths.

INGHAM.—At Rosebank, Ont., on Feb. 12th, MARY, wife of John David Williams, of Stirling, aged 88 years and 4 months.

WELSH.—In Sidney, on Feb. 10th, JAS. WELSH, aged 81 years and 9 months.

MARTIN.—In Toronto, on Feb. 7th, JOSEPH MARTIN, aged 24 years, 1 month and 21 days.

WRIGHT.—In Rawdon, on Feb. 10th, MARGARET L. WRIGHT, aged 32 years, 7 months and 12 days.

DONATUKE.—In Sidney, on Feb. 12th, MARY, wife of LUCAS DONATUKE, aged 41 years.

NOTICE to CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ALLEN McPHERSON McCABE, late of the County of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased, notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provision of the Act in that behalf made, that all persons having claims against the said ALLEN McPHERSON McCABE, or to his executor, administrator or assigns, are to present the same, in writing, with particulars of their claims and demands, and the nature of the security if any held by them.

And notice is further given that after the said date mentioned, the said Executor will proceed to settle the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been given as required. All persons indebted to the said estate are also hereby notified to hand in the amount of their indebtedness, on or before the 23rd day of February, 1895, to the said executor or his said solicitor.

Dated, the 17th day of January, A.D. 1895.

J. EARL HALLIWEILL, Solicitor for Executor

STOP WEARING A TRUSS

By a new device recently patented in U. S. and Canada by CHAS. CLUTHE

ESTABLISHED 1871

RUPTURE CAN BE CURED

WITHOUT A TRUSS. WITH NO INCONVENIENCE. CHEAP BY MAIL. Your name to us means comfort to you. A Post Card will do it. Age of person or case immaterial. CHAS. CLUTHE, 10 KING ST. WEST, TORONTO, CANADA

HARNESS EMPORIUM!

HARNESS, WHIPS, LAP RUGS, ROBES, BELLS, COMBS, TRUNKS, BLANKETS, SASKATCHEWAN BUFFALO ROBES, HARNESS OILS, &c., &c.

All of the best quality and manufacture, and at prices to suit all.

Remember, we will not be undersold. Remember our old, reliable and well established shop.

Jan. 17th, 1895. JOHN McGEHEE.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

The successor of the "Unabridged." Ten years' new spent revising, 100 editors employed, and over \$200,000 expended. Everybody who has a dictionary, knows that Webster's is the best. It answers all questions concerning the history, spelling, pronunciation and meaning of words.

A Library in Itself. It also gives the facts of the lives of the most eminent persons, ancient and modern; noted fictional persons and places; the countries, cities, towns, and natural features of the globe; translation of foreign quotations, words, phrases, and proverbs, etc., etc.

This Work is Invaluable to the professional man, and to the teacher, scholar, householder, and to every one who has a library, and to every one who has a family in Canada.

The Globe, Toronto, says:—

This work is the best book of its kind in the English language. For every family, the members of which have mastered the art of reading, its purchase will prove a profitable investment.

It may well be pronounced the best working dictionary in the world, and the one which should be in every school and family in Canada.

Have your Bookseller show it to you.

G. & C. Merriam Co., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

Do not buy cheap copies. Get the genuine. Do not buy cheap copies. Get the genuine. Do not buy cheap copies. Get the genuine.

Send for free prospectus containing full particulars, and illustrations, etc.

THE

Stirling News-Argus

(is published every Thursday morning at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Parker's drug store, 17

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year, in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements: Charge PER INCH per week when inserted: 1 year, 6 lines, 3 months, 4 lines, 1 month, 2 lines, 10c.

Whole col. down to half inch, 8c. Quarter col. down to half inch, 4c. If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates are to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial house, and for such they will not be held to include Auction sales, Removals, etc. Notice. Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, property to let or for sale, etc. Two inches, 10c. per year; \$2 for six months; \$1 for three months; \$1 for two months; \$1 for one month; \$1 for one week; \$1 for one day. A column measures two inches in length. Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge. Transient advertisements, 5c. per line first insertion, 2c. per line each subsequent insertion. Advertisements without explicit instructions inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. JOB PRINTING of every description executed in neat and fashionable style, and on short notice.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1895.

Vol. XVI, No. 23.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FRANK ZWICK, M.B.
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF Toronto Medical College. Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office and Residence:—Dr. Bonlter's former residence, Stirling.

DR. W. W. BOYCE.
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF Toronto, Faculty of Trinity College, Toronto, L. C. P. and S. C. Ontario.
Specialty, Diseases of Women.
Office over Brignall & Thompson's, Front St., Belleville.

G. G. THRASHER.
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.
Office over Dr. Parker's Drug Store, Stirling, Ontario.

J. EARL HALLIWELL, B.A.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, COMMISSIONER, Etc.
Office over Boldrick's store, Stirling.

STEWART MASSON.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, CONVEYANCER, Etc.
Office over Boldrick's store, Stirling, Ontario. Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

C. D. MACAULAY.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., OFFICE, 219, Front Street, Belleville, Ont.
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

W. P. McMAHON.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, ETC., OFFICE, 219, Front Street, Belleville, Ont.
Private Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

FLINT & McCANON.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, ETC., OFFICE, 219, Front Street, Belleville, Ont.
Money to loan at Lowest Rates and no Commission Charged.

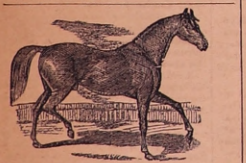
JOHN S. BLACK.
CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR THE ADJUTANT GENERAL, OFFICE, 219, Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

STIRLING LODGE
No. 239.
I. O. O. F.
Meets in the Lodge room, every Monday evening at 8 o'clock.
G. L. SCOTT, R. S.

STIRLING
ENGAGEMENT NO. 80.
I. O. O. F.
Meets in Oddfellows' Hall the 1st and 3rd Monday evenings of every month.
G. L. SCOTT, Chief Patriarch. E. JACKMAN, Sec.

DENTISTRY.
C. L. HAWLEY, L. D. S.

TRENTON, GRADUATE OF THE TORONTO School of Dentistry, will visit Stirling
professionally, the first and third Fridays of each month.
The Dental Engine, Vitalized Air, Gas, and all the modern improvements known to Dentistry will be used in the treatment of the diseased and preservation of the natural teeth.
Rooms at Scott House.



Dr. Wm. S. Cook, V.D., V.S.,
Stirling, Ontario.

GRADUATE IN HIGHEST HONORS AT the Toronto Veterinary College. Graduated in highest honors at the Ontario Veterinary School. Registered member of the Veterinary Medical Society. Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals in the latest scientific and modern practice.
Dentistry, Castration, and Surgical Operations.
All calls day or night, Telephone or Telegram, promptly attended to.
Office opposite L. Scott's grocery. Consultation free. Charges low.
SALE AND LIVELY STABLES.

1894. 1895.

The Old Year has died, the New Year is born, and we are not paid. We can't do business without money any more than a farmer can grow grain without land, therefore we very respectfully request all our customers to call and settle up either by note or cash before we are compelled to place our accounts in other hands for collection.

We now offer the balance of our Winter Goods at Cost for Cash.
P. WELCH & CO.
Springbrook, Jan. 10th, '95.

LOUTTIT'S....

CATARH CURE!
A sure and effectual Remedy for CATARRH, GOLD IN THE HEAD, CATARRHAL DEAFNESS, HAY FEVER, HEAD-ACHE, Etc.
For Sale by Dr. H. J. Meiklejohn & Co.

The News-Argus to Jan. 1st, 1895.

CHOICE FURS.

NOW is your time to secure fine Furs at the lowest possible price for one week more only, as

THE FIRST SHIPMENT of our NEW SPRING HATS

has arrived, and we need not say they are dandies, for we have long held the reputation of keeping as large and choice a stock of

...FASHIONABLE HATS...

as any in the County and the Stock and Styles for this year will more than ever sustain that reputation.

15 per cent. off Winter Underwear, Top Shirts, etc.

See our Suitings. New Spring Goods arriving at

FRED. T. WARD'S,
THE PEOPLE'S TAILOR AND FURNISHER,
MILL STREET, STIRLING.

CASH BUSINESS.

Go to G. L. SCOTT with your Cash, where you can get

25 lbs. No. 1 Granulated Sugar, \$1.00. 27 lbs. Bright Yellow Sugar, \$1.00.

5 lbs. 25c. Tea for \$1.00, and he throws in a nice tea canister.

He has another new lot of DINNERWARE this week. It will pay you to see them before you buy.

Want all Farm Produce in exchange for goods.

MILL STREET, STIRLING.

BEST
...AMERICAN...
—AND—
...CANADIAN...
COAL OIL.

—ALSO—
PURE DRUGS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
STATIONERY & DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
—AT THE—
NEW DRUG STORE.

DR. H. J. MEIKLEJOHN & CO.

CARD OF THANKS.

FULLER, P.O., Feb. 2nd, 1895.
S. BURROWS, Esq.,
General Agent,
Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co.,
Belleville, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your Company's Cheque for \$2000.00, being the amount of Insurance on the life of my late husband in your company.

I also beg to thank you for the very prompt and satisfactory manner with which your Company has settled this claim, and can sincerely recommend it to all intending insurers.

Yours truly,

(Signed) ISABELLA BROUGH.

Have You Bought Yet?

if not now is your opportunity.

LADIES,
for the next Fifteen Days we will have a Sale that is a Sale.
MANTLES,
SELLING AT COST,
And everyone of them bought for this season's trade.

This is a great offering and don't you neglect giving us a call.

J. PATERSON,
SYNDICATE STORE,
BELLEVILLE.

There has been a month of severely cold weather in Great Britain and Europe generally, and the poorer classes, especially in the large cities, have suffered severely for want of proper food, clothing and fuel.

The High School Lectures.

Rev. W. H. Smythe on "Mary Queen of Scots and Her Times."

The first in the series of High School Lectures was given on Friday afternoon by the Rev. W. Herbert Smythe, rector of St. John's, on the subject of "Mary Queen of Scots and Her Times." The venerable lecturer, in a succession of brilliant pictures gave an admirable estimate of the unfortunate Scottish Queen. A brief resume is presented.

Historical biography is one of the most instructive themes, and no period has been a more fertile field of thought for the past 300 years than "Mary Queen of Scots and Her Times." The age in Europe was full of evil. In France the dim clouds of the Huguenot war were beginning to loom; in England the English reformation was just emerging from the Marian persecution; Ireland was a seething caldron of sedition; Scotland was full of claimants for Mary's throne. The air was sulphurous: "Divide and conquer" was the watchword; intrigue, poison and assassination were the instruments.

It was into such a chaos of disorder, that, inexperienced, ignorant of her people, without a true friend, the beautiful and accomplished young Scottish Queen was thrown, when she landed on the 19th of August, 1561, on the pier at Leith.

Just nineteen years before, her mother, Queen Mary of Lorraine, had risen from the couch of her confinement to show her infant, but a few days old, to his father, King James VI. He had praised the child's perfect health and comeliness, and called it "a perfect child." Sir Ralph lived to sit on the commission that investigated the charge against Mary of murdering Darnley.

Mary's early youth was spent in France, where she came directly and fatally under the influence of Catherine de Medici, the Queen Dowager of France, a woman without credit and without morals, and thoroughly schooled in the mischievous state-craft of the time. Mary's beauty was a convenient instrument to this worthless woman. As the wife of Francis II. Mary soon turned Catherine into an implacable foe. The premature death of Mary's husband afforded Catherine's malignity full play; and Mary, widowed at nineteen, driven from the Bourbon Court, sought refuge in the ruin of a religious house. Catherine's hate was the first storm Mary had to breast.

Mary was the great grand-daughter of Henry VII. Through her mentor Catherine, she had been led to regard her cousin Elizabeth as illegitimate. She and her Francis had adopted the arms and style of the King of England, and when on the invitation of the Scotch, Mary asked for a safe conduct, England's Bess refused it, and for four days her little galley tossed on the North Sea until it landed at the pier of Leith.

The whole population turned out to receive her, the Puritan citizens screamed her with psalms during the first night; military bands paraded and bonfires blazed. Mary issued a proclamation forbidding Roman Catholics to attempt changes in the reformed religion, and the national assembly, though it hesitated, could not force the Queen's conscience, and refused to interfere with her Roman Catholic chapel at Holyrood Palace.

She displayed wonderful skill in her management of public affairs. She was untiring in her efforts—no labors could fatigue her. On horseback, or on foot, she traversed the picturesque hills of Scotland, hunting in the parks or reviewing her feudal retainers. Thus her personal influence became unbounded.

Meanwhile, mutual good words passed continually between the English and Scottish Queens, but there was no confidence. Both were distrustful; both were playing a deep game.

Mary hoped to become Queen of England by conciliating Elizabeth; Elizabeth wished to keep Mary in leading strings.

The touch of a man was fatal to Mary. In response to the wish of her people she married the conceited, arrogant, intolerant Darnley, son of the notorious Lord and Lady Lennox. Then came the pernicious influence of David Rizzio, whom she was giving rise to much historic scandal but no proof of guilty relations exists. Darnley plotted the murder of the Italian; by his brutality and base living he had already lost the confidence of his wife; and he was crowned in depravity by betraying his fellow conspirators in Rizzio's murder. His further designs against Mary were cut short by the counter-plot of Bothwell to whom Mary had given unwise assent.

Bothwell was blown up by gunpowder. Mary's close connection with Bothwell at this time has always been construed into guilt; but no proof exists. The oldest dated piece of European artillery bears an inscription declaring that the gun was cast in 1593. Marine insurance was practiced in Rome B. C. 45. It was very general in Europe before the discovery of America, and it is altogether probable that the ships of Columbus were insured for their full value.

Coats of arms were first employed in England during the reign of Richard I., and became hereditary in families in the following century. They originated from the painted banners carried by knights and nobles.

At the close of the lecture, it was moved by Mr. Harry L. Boldrick seconded by Mr. Geo. Kingston that a vote of thanks be presented to the lecturer for his admirable address. Besides the pupils the following were present: Miss Bessie Parker, Miss A. Lynde, Miss M. Crosby, Miss Milne, Mrs. Morrow, Miss J. Hall, Miss K. Chard, Miss Boldrick, Miss Conley, Messrs. Rev. C. L. Thompson, Rev. S. Crookshanks, Principal Sager, of Public Schools, A. Chard, Jas. Boldrick, G. Thrasher, J. S. Black, Chas. Morrow, Wm. Parker, M. Tucker, M. Thorpe, of Iroquois.

Spring Brook.

From Our Own Correspondent.

The Oyster Supper and Concert which was held here last week, in the Foresters' Hall, should have been credited to the Oddfellows and not to the Foresters. The Foresters' entertainment will come off on the 15th of March.

Our anniversary service was held on Sunday, the 17th. Rev. Mr. Coon of Havelock, preached in the afternoon and evening to crowded congregations. The annual tea meeting followed on Monday evening, with the usual success that has always attended these gatherings in this church. After the tea was over, which lasted from four to seven, Jas. Montgomery, reeve of Rawdon, was called to the chair. As two of the speakers had not yet put in an appearance, the chairman called on Mr. Balfour, the pastor, to make a few opening remarks, but before he got fairly started, the Rev. Mr. Coon came in. Mr. Balfour, in his speech, said that the congregation was growing and hoped it would not be long before the church would be also enlarged.

The Rev. Mr. Coon was the next speaker. His speech was patriotic. He spoke in glowing terms of our great country as a whole, and the province of Ontario in particular, as the banner province in every respect. To keep up to the high moral tone we have already reached would be necessary to keep the young people, especially the boys, from danger. The best way to do that would be to remove the danger, therefore he hoped it would not be long before the saloons, and all the concomitant evils that follow in their wake, would be swept from the land.

The Rev. Mr. Moore was then introduced by the chairman. This speaker did not approve of tea meetings as means of raising church funds. He then went on to talk of the good or evil that could be wrought by the tongue. If employed in messages of love, guided by a heart right in the sight of God, it became one of the mighty moral forces of the world.

The Rev. Mr. Courtice, of Seymour East, was the last speaker. On being called on by the chairman he took the stand with every grace. Here I am, he spoke in defence of tea meetings. They were a very old institution, and almost universal. Nearly every nation has had tea meetings after their own fashion. He next went on to speak of this as an age of specialists, and of the advantage to most people of a good all round man. He would like to see the people keep abreast of the times in knowledge and the adoption of improved methods in all the departments of life. As only still waters run deep, over, he would like to see so much energy developed by church members that no such calamity could happen among them.

The addresses were interspersed by music by the choir, led by Mr. Walmsley.

On Tuesday evening following a social was held in the church. The programme was carried out by the children of the Sunday School only, and was very interesting.

The proceeds of the social, \$151.25, which leaves the church free from debt, with a surplus on hand.

Marmora.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Reform Association of Marmora and Lake was held in the Town Hall on the evening of the 15th inst. After the election of Officers and appointment of delegates, the following resolution was carried unanimously:—"That the name of this association be changed to that of the Liberal Club of Marmora and Lake, and that it become affiliated with the Ontario Federation of Liberal Clubs, recently formed for the advancement of the cause of good government and the encouragement of Canadian National spirit."

Foxboro.

From Our Own Correspondent.

There was a wedding at Joseph Bryant's last week. His daughter Elsie was married to William Cornelius, of England. About 45 friends were invited. A number of costly presents were made by friends. Rev. A. H. H. officiated.

The Rev. Mr. Bates is holding special services in the south church, with crowded houses, and a grand work is being done.

We expect a great treat here on Saturday evening, the 23rd, when Sara Lord Bailey will appear under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society in connection with the south church.

The roads here are in a bad state.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys and ureters. It requires retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by R. Parker, Druggist.

Think About It.

After the month of February is over, don't say:—"I am sorry I did not buy my clothes when I could have got a discount of 20 per cent. The Oak Hall is offering a discount for the month, in order to reduce their stock of winter clothing. A great number are taking advantage of this offer, are you among them? If not, think about it."

STIRLING CASH STORE.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

Canadian Tweeds, special value, 25c. and 30c.

Yard wide Apron Gingham, 10c.

English, Canadian and American Prints. More about these later on.

Lace Curtains from 25c. to \$2.50 a pair.

We make it a point to have the best 25c. TEA to be had for that price. Prove it for yourself

Dried Apples, Fresh Eggs, and Butter wanted.

T. G. CLUTE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN DARNLEY, late of the Township of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the revised statutes of Ontario, Chapter 10, Sec. 20, that all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN DARNLEY, late of the Township of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased, who died on or about the 25th day of December, A.D. 1884, are to send in writing of their names and claims, and of the nature of their claims and demands, and the nature of security (if any) held by said estate, to the said executor or his solicitor, as hereunder, on or before the 23rd day of FEBRUARY, A.D. 1895, a statement in writing of their names and claims, and of the nature of their claims and demands, and the nature of security (if any) held by said estate, to the said executor or his solicitor, as hereunder, on or before the 23rd day of FEBRUARY, A.D. 1895, a statement in writing of their names and claims, and of the nature of their claims and demands, and the nature of security (if any) held by said estate, to the said executor 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out your opportunity to turn impressionist
win dazzling success."

BUSINESS LIFE IN INDIA.

CONSIDERABLY DIFFERENT FROM OUR ROUND OF WORK.

The Hungarion and the Staff of Servants—The Strict Etiquette of the East—Indian Givers—The Life Master Emergent.

"Business life in the East," said the returned East Indian, "is entirely different from anything in this country. To begin with the work is very hard, and although salaries are comparatively high, for Europeans, living is expensive. There are few good hotels in India, and the usual thing is for two, three, four, or perhaps half a dozen men to form a chummary and keep house together in a bungalow on the outskirts of the city where the day's work is done. The bungalow is simply a structure of wood and lath and plaster, with verandas, unglazed lattice windows, and screens instead of partition walls. It is furnished with the carved black wood of the country, paved with tiles by way of flooring, and carpeted with native mats, cheap or costly as the owners will. Perhaps in the hot season the mat takes up quarters in a tent on the parade ground.

"Every bungalow has a swarm of servants. I shared a bungalow with a cousin, and here was our household: A boy for each, corresponding in a measure to the body servants of Southern slavery times, with some superadded functions. My boy was 60 years old, and a general factotum. He bought supplies, and always got his commission out of every transaction, no matter how small; hired extra servants to do all sorts of things, and looked after my personal belongings. Then there was a groom or coachman, a man to look after the dogs, a lamp wala to care for the lamps, because you could never be sure that some rule of caste would not forbid other servants to handle oil; a cook, a sweeper hired by the day, a woman to come in daily and attend to things that the otherservants neglected, a bath man, who came in every morning with water for the tub, a barber, when in attendance every morning, a gardener, a watchman when we lived in a tent, and several plunka boys to serve the fans at dinner. Besides, I had a tutor come in every morning to teach me Hindustani. Of course some of these men gave only a small part of their day to us. Nobody was well paid. The boy had about \$8 a month, besides his commission. The groom, the sweeper, the lamp wala, the cook, the sweeper, the bath man, the barber, the watchman, the plunka boys, were all paid very little. Two clever Irish maids, a woman who had done all the work and had plenty of idle time.

"The average European living in India rises early. We rose at daybreak. The boy then brought us bananas, oranges, buttered toast, and coffee. Then, while the day was comparatively cool, we took a walk, or perhaps lounged about in pajamas. Toward 8 o'clock came breakfast, and soon after we drove to business. The boy always placed in the vehicle a bundle containing an ordinary afternoon suit of European style. We drove to business in white duck, and no European appeared in anything after 4 o'clock, for a white suit becomes shamefully soiled in a few hours, so that one may not show it to a consociate, and the Anglo-Indian, who is above such concerns, and enslaved of social conventions. Nothing proves this better than the hour and dress proper for formal calls. When one does his duty in that matter, he starts out at noon beneath a broiling sun and goes his rounds in black coat, stiff collar, and high silk hat. The thing is a sorry sight, so much so, that the fourth of the men refused to have anything to do with the society of women.

"Large business houses in India have a room set apart for reception, or tiffin, as the word is called, for the East. From 12 to 1 o'clock you may come in with the luncheon basket, and all the boys arrange the table, and the host and his masters. Sometimes one has tiffin at the club. "There are excellent clubs in India. After business hours every one takes a walk, or perhaps a drive, in the park. The scene is a very brilliant one, for not only are the Europeans there with their wives, daughters, and sisters, but the Parsees come with their gorgeously caparisoned families and affect to enjoy the music. It is the belief of Anglo-Indians that the Parsees care nothing for European music and that the native musicians play European airs without any understanding of their own art. Unless one dines with a friend one drives home in time for dinner at half past eight. The day is always in evening dress and it is a dressy affair in summer. The food is plentifully monotonous. Chicken is about the only good meat, and the latter is served in forms; with curry is a favorite form. The vegetables are mostly those familiar to Americans. Eggsplants and okra are frequently served. The latter is called bendi, and bendi toast, which is toasted bread strewed thick with okra seed, is a delicacy.

"Such is the usual business day. You must understand that the Europeans occupy the higher posts in business houses. No man with fair prospects goes to India with a guarantee of less than \$350 a year, and the salary of the junior is \$100 a month. The clerical work is done by the natives, delightfully clean-looking fellows in white position, who take their orders from the Europeans, by reason of religious superstition, are worn without change for months together. The Europeans look down on the pride of the natives, and meeting for the most part only in a business way. The business of India is in the hands of the Anglo-Indian, the native banker to a native capitalist, and when you enter a bank you see only natives, who are happy to see you, and who are in a position to do the real banking, to which a European would go for a considerable loan.

"The Anglo-Indian tries to import into India the outdoor sports of Great Britain, so that you find in every city with a considerable European population, polo, tennis, croquet, golf, and all the conveniences for outdoor exercise. The real European seldom or never plays any of these sports. The Europeans, the people of mixed blood, sweating over the game, with the hope, perhaps, of proving themselves as good Englishmen as their fathers, are to be nowhere on earth a more hopeless class than these poor Eurasians. I remember well a characteristic affair in which some

Eurasian children figured. The Britons in a large Indian city got together a theatrical troupe, set up a theatre, which they called the Gaiety, and gave a Christmas performance. The performance was complete at all points, and the fairies of the pantomime were a score of wretched Eurasian children, thin legged, pale little creatures, as unfairly as anything imaginable.

"Banks and business houses close on the native holidays, and the Anglo-Indian has if he chooses a day of rest at his bungalow. He also has the pleasure of tipping his own numerous household, for the holidays are the excuse for the petty extortion characteristic of Indian life. On one holiday all the domestic animals are treated with flowers. Your groom brings up your horse with a wreath about his neck, and your stout give a tip, and the man in charge of the dogs goes through a like performance to the same end. On another holiday the servants bring baskets of sweets, with gift and music, and present themselves with a show of open-handed generosity. Etiquette requires, however, that you taste a single article and then return the gift with a palm-leaf. The phrase, 'Indian giver' that I find here, doubtless originated not from a habit of the Indian, but from the East Indian custom, for this custom of giving and receiving through all ranks of Indian society, and rich presents are given on state occasions for five potatoes and subsequently received.

"No European stirs out of his business house during the day if he can avoid it, and there is a great deal of waiting in a palatial ready to run upon errands. If, however, the European must go out on business, he is accompanied by a pal, which is the palanquin of the Indies, and is borne by four peons. The latter are native servants that hang about the door of every European house, bearing upon the breast the badge of the house. These men are hired for a trifle. The palanquin of the house is a palanquin, the entrance of which is a small room. Some men, however, keep their boys and carts in town during the day, so as to drive from place to place in a palanquin.

"Business life in India opens one for work elsewhere, and the luxury of many servants is even more envying to the Anglo-Indian, who is above such concerns, and enslaved of social conventions. Nothing proves this better than the hour and dress proper for formal calls. When one does his duty in that matter, he starts out at noon beneath a broiling sun and goes his rounds in black coat, stiff collar, and high silk hat. The thing is a sorry sight, so much so, that the fourth of the men refused to have anything to do with the society of women.

ARMENIA'S WOES.

How Own People Alleged to be Partly Responsible for the Trouble.

A new interest has been created in the Armenian massacres by fresh stories sent by a correspondent. The atrocities, it is alleged, were done by both sides. For instance, it is reported that as a means of inciting the Turk to commit outrages that will bring down upon them the wrath of the civilized world, the Armenians have thrust gun cartridges into the living Turks, men and women, and have exploded them, and that in the case of the men a hole was made just below the bones of the chest for the insertion of a quantity of powder, which was then ignited as sort of bomb. The Turk who would not retaliate in kind is regarded as a coward. The Sassan massacre, it is stated, was the consequence of the Porte being notified that a revolt was going on there, whereas the disturbance was caused by Armenians fighting cattle robbers. When the Turkish troops came the robbers helped them, and then ensued the horrible carnage of bloodshed and murder, in which some 10,000 Armenians were killed. The report of the affair so pleased the Sultan that he ordered the marching of his troops for their part in the matter.

Again, it is stated the Sultan's promise to reform will not be binding upon the Armenian revolutionary agents, who know what may come, and until the revolutionary agitation is provided for in one way or another by the Turkish powers there will be no end to the disturbances in Armenia. This is the revolutionary party's opportunity, and it will make the most of it. If the Armenian revolutionaries are to be successful, they must be able to do so far as the Turk declares that he is trying to suppress a revolutionary move he is unquestionably in the wrong. There is no doubt about this. There is a revolutionary movement in Armenia of a most alarming quality, and the Turk will be fortunate, indeed, if he succeeds in suppressing it. Some of the leaders of this move are so lacking in the barbarism of the Turk that they are not to be taken into account. The Turk for his ferocity in the Sassan massacre, we must not forget that he is already half mad with fear of an Armenian uprising and the probable dismemberment of the empire.

Plenty of Attention.

Little boy—"That watch you gave me doesn't keep time." Father—"Perhaps you forgot to wind it."

Little boy—"Forgot to wind it? Why I wind it forty times a day."

The devil never tempted a man whom he found judiciously employed.—Spurgeon.

CARL DUNDER.

"I happened to be down here, and I shut shop in a minute to see how you feel."

The fat police sergeant had just dipped his pen in the mulligan bottle in place of the ink and was wiping it off in disgust. After waiting for fifteen seconds he looked up and said:

"Oh, it's you, Mr. Dunder! I heard you had left the country?"

"Who heard you? I was right here. I stay if he knows herself! When I was in der saloon peens and esferberyvhu playing some gum games on me, I thought it was better if I go away, but I was all right now. Ha, ha, ha!"

"So I was. Have you got the Winter work done on the farm, Mr. Dunder?"

"Winter work? Farm? Sergeant, look at me a few times. Don't you remember who I was?"

"Why, you was Mr. Dunder, aren't you?" queried the sergeant as he scraped away at his pen with the blade of his pocketknife.

"So I was. Carl Dunder, der man who couldn't find nobody two times alike in America. I was in der saloon peens der tax assessor, der gas man and der water tax man used to come around esferby two hours and come some tricks on my greenness. You advised me to go out of der peens and print some comic albums. Don't you remember her?"

"It seems as if it did."

"Of course I take your advice. Don't almanac, was a walling success. She was selling all over Europe and esferberyvhu likes her. Being I was here, I shall read you some of my shokes for der next number."

"Mr. Dunder, didn't you read in the papers that—that my aged and beloved mother was called from earth away?"

"Yes, I did, but der doan't make no difference. It was shoke der mother mit my own aged and beloved mother. I read her some of my shokes one night, and she was found dead in her bed der next morning. I shall read you something to cheer you up. Listen to me now."

"Why was a bookbale like der sun? Because he shines for all."

"Why was a dairymaid most resemble? A buttercup."

"When was a clock like a hammer? When ready to strike."

"Why was a messenger boy like a wagon wheel? Because he goes around and around shops and needs grease and was always tired."

"Why was a cow pop a tree like a man mit a house? Because he—"

"Mr. Dunder," interrupted the sergeant, "I must be at the City Hall in fifteen minutes."

"Dot was all right," replied Mr. Dunder, "and I will go along and read you some more shokes on der way. Say, sergeant, I got up all dose shokes in half a day. Den I called dot umbrella man into my house to make some repairs, and while he was at work I springs 'em on him all of a sudden. He ha! he! I wish you was dere! Ouzome me, but—but—"

Mr. Dunder went over to the radiator and leaned on it with his eyes, and screwed up his face and kicked up his heels, and a noise issued from his throat like the squeal of a pig caught in a fence.

Mr. Dunder, did the man burst a blood vessel in laughing? "solely asked a sergeant after a couple of minutes.

"No, he began to weep and sob, and for two hours he was like a leaden shell. It took me three quarters of an hour to brace him up and get him home. Dot was all right, however. It makes no difference to me if he laughs or cries after my shokes. I will now read some more."

"Really, Mr. Dunder, but—"

"What do you mean, but I can't help dot. Your father was dead, and your mother was dead, but dot doan't stop my almanac, eh? You was in a hurry. So what? I but we can't have a leaden shell. See how you like dose shokes?"

"When was a man's nose like a bouquet of flowers? Because it is a nose, a corn-stalk? When he was a leaden hussy?"

"Why was a pig like a tree? Because his legs hang down his roots."

"In what respect does dot island of Madagascar resemble a bob tailed dog? Because—"

The officer arose and looked up on his manuscript and asked—

"What tickled him?" asked the sergeant as he was ready to go.

"Why, you was a pig, of course?"

"You got off some jokes, did you?"

"Did I? Sergeant, I see how you was."

"You was down on me because I was no more hayseeds and greenhorns. You—"

"I've got to go, Mr. Dunder."

"So had I, and we go along by each other. As we go along I will read you some more shokes."

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"I haven't time to even listen."

"Dot was what der same. Come along. Now, den, why was a man who picks up a red hot poker like dot animal who monkeys mit der buzzard? Because—ha, ha, ha! Because—"

As they turned the corner the sergeant was stepping off as stiff as a ramrod and looking solemn as a funeral, and Mr. Dunder was whistling his short legs for all they were worth to keep beside him and finish the answer.

THE JOYS OF GIBRALTAR.

Its Skies and Flowers and Monkeys And Picturesque Inhabitants.

A sky of a wonderful blue overhead. A sea of sapphire at our feet. Beyond, so far away that they lose themselves in the haze of the horizon, a range of mountains—those of two continents as wide apart in civilization as two worlds, yet blending themselves as one with the distance. Towering above a rock bristling with fortifications, tunneled with magazines, set all over with cannon and signal stations. Around us, at the foot of this rock, queer little narrow streets, branching off in every direction, following crooked courses through the town, sometimes, like escaping prisoners, running up wide flights of steps, between high stucco walls, only to be stopped by a higher wall at the top, and so forced to turn abruptly, dodge by a garden and round the corner of a house beyond, says a writer in Harper's Bazar.

Donkeys with panniers go up and down these steep, donkeys jingling with bells drag every kind of cargo up and down the steep. Moors, barbeled, with covered heads and flowing garments. Spaniards in long cloaks, soldiers in English uniforms, foreigners from many nations, jostle and crowd the narrow streets. A crowd of small ragged boys drive flocks of turkeys, guiding them with whips, snapping their long lashes as our teamsters drive horses. A crowd of small ragged boys drive flocks of turkeys, guiding them with whips, snapping their long lashes as our teamsters drive horses. A crowd of small ragged boys drive flocks of turkeys, guiding them with whips, snapping their long lashes as our teamsters drive horses.

Where are flowers; the heliopsis in bushes along the walls, clambering up trees, like trees, red cactus one great sweep of coral, morning glories, roses, the December air as perfumed as that of June.

With the white rock and the sunny forests, but a paradise of flowers, a medley of the picturesque. The 6,000 English soldiers add only to the effect, and the new Gibraltar, with its magnificent harbor, so much preparations for war as some marvel of engineering skill, from which beauty of life is never eliminated.

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GOING ON THE LAND.

Surplus Labor and Surplus Money Will Have to Go Back to the Soil for Employment.

Winnipeg has some of the many men that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company found it necessary to strike off its payroll a few weeks ago. Instead of sitting down and waiting for better times in the department of service to which they were brought up, these men have concluded to turn their backs on that service and look to the land for a living. They had no assurance of early or steady employment at their own calling. Winnipeg is not a great industrial center; it is more a department of service to which they were brought up, these men have concluded to turn their backs on that service and look to the land for a living. They had no assurance of early or steady employment at their own calling. Winnipeg is not a great industrial center; it is more a department of service to which they were brought up, these men have concluded to turn their backs on that service and look to the land for a living. They had no assurance of early or steady employment at their own calling. 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THURSDAY, FEB. 21, 1895.

It was expected that a decision would have been reached on Saturday as to when dissolution of Parliament would take place, or whether there would be a session before dissolution but it was announced in Monday's papers that no decision had been come to in the matter.

The Ontario Legislature begins its session to-day. It is stated that Mr. W. D. Balfour, member for South Essex, will be chosen as speaker. He is said to be popular with both sides of the House. The Legislature consists of 94 members in a full house, but at present two seats are vacant—West Wellington and Haldimand. Of the 92 seats now filled, Mowat has 52 pledged supporters; 26 Conservatives and 14 Patrons.

An act came into force on Jan. 1st by which seven grand jurors were named in a bill instead of twelve. It is proposed to further facilitate the administration of justice by enacting that where nine or ten petit jurors are agreed they may render a verdict. This would certainly reduce greatly, if not abolish, the possibility of disagreements. Under such an arrangement the obstinate juror, of which every panel has one, would be shorn of his power.

Frank B. Woodruff, president of the Pacific Commercial Company, who has returned from a business trip to Japan, says that country is destined to become the greatest manufacturing and exporting country in the world on account of Japanese ingenuity and their cheap labor. They are taking apart, scrutinizing and learning how to make all kinds of machinery from an electrical apparatus down, and are also developing great marble and onyx mines. A large trade can be built up between the Pacific coast and Japan, he says, but the shipments to the Orient must be chiefly of raw material.

The Patrons of Industry platform of the Grand Association of Ontario, is to be completed by the addition of prohibition as the ninth plank. Such is the authoritative statement made by an official representative of the Grand Board. He says: "It is certain to be adopted at the annual meeting to begin in Toronto on Feb. 26. The Grand officers are all in favor of it. The Essex and Elgin county branches each declared for prohibition and there is no doubt about its carrying. Prohibition has always been advocated by our official organ, 'The Farmer and Sun.' The officers of the grand board will assemble in Toronto on Feb. 22 to prepare for the association meeting." By adopting prohibition as a plank in their political programme the Ontario Grand Association will be acting in accordance with the Manitoba P. of I. Association, which has just taken similar action and with the recommendation of the Quebec Patrons.

The Manitoba School Question.

The Manitoba Legislature commenced its session last Thursday and in the speech from the throne the Government announced that they would maintain the schools as now constituted, and would not permit of any interference by the Dominion Government. In this position, as being a question of Provincial rights, they have the hearty sympathy of Ontario, and in fact of the whole Dominion with the exception of the Province of Quebec.

On the other hand the Roman Catholics of Manitoba and the other Provinces have presented a large petition to the Ottawa Government praying for remedial legislation in accordance with the recent decision of the Privy Council, and it is announced that "the Government has decided that a hearing shall be given to counsel for the Roman Catholic minority of Manitoba in regard to the application to the Federal power for remedial legislation in connection with the operation of the Manitoba school law. The hearing will be in the Privy Council chamber, Ottawa, on Tuesday the 26th inst. at 11 o'clock. A notification of this has been despatched to the Manitoba Government, and to Mr. John S. Ewart, Q.C., of Winnipeg, counsel for the Roman Catholic minority. It is understood that until the hearing has taken place no announcement respecting the calling of a session or the dissolution of Parliament will be known."

Municipal insurance seems to be surely coming to the front as a result of the high premium of the underwriters during the last two or three years. Toronto pays half a million a year in rates, and, counting two big fires, her losses have only averaged \$272,000 in eight years, leaving \$228,000 profit, less expenses only. For ten years Hamilton's fire loss has only averaged \$40,000 per year, yet the companies take out three or four times that amount in premiums. At a late meeting of the city council a bill was discussed for a plan of civic insurance, which will be brought before the legislature at its next session, and will doubtless be fiercely fought by the un-

derwriters. The object of the bill is to give municipalities the power, if they desire, to establish municipal insurance bureaus. For Hamilton, three commissioners would be appointed—two by the city council and one by the board of trade—to look over the bureau. They would have a manager and secretary. All property owners would be insured, the premiums to be levied the same as the taxes; but they could also insure in companies if they so desired. The idea was to let the insurance men carry out the first year, and then collect the premiums. This would give the bureau a fund, or a guarantee fund could be raised by debentures. In the bureau the property would be insured up to two-thirds of its assessed value. If a fire occurred before the fund had reached a sufficient amount to pay the loss, the bureau would have to borrow money. It would be optional with any municipality to establish the bureau under the bill. The bill, if passed, would leave municipalities independent of all combines in insurance.

—Thorold Post.

A Little of Everything.

BY OUR SPECIAL CONTRIBUTOR.

It is to be hoped that before Sir Mackenzie Bowell takes any decided step in regard to the granting of lands to the Salvation Army he will give the matter careful consideration. It is a step that cannot be taken hastily, for there is a great deal at stake. The vicious element of over-crowded English cities is not the class of emigrants that we should encourage to come to Canada. Dr. Barnardo's course has been repeatedly criticised in bringing out his emigrants, for, as a rule, they are a lazy, deceitful class, too indolent to make any progress in England. Why is it that Canada should play sewer to the filthy slums of London? We have too long been the dumping ground for English rubbish. Our land is being covered with the wrong class of people. We want honest and enterprising citizens, and the narrow alleys of English cities is not the place to find them. If land must be given away in the West-west, give it to the proper class. The establishment of a Salvation Army colony in Manitoba is encouraging sectarianism. It means the establishment of a little body of narrow minded persons who will keep together, follow their own peculiar habits, always be satisfied if they have enough to eat, and who will do nothing to aid Canada as a nation. General Booth's followers are many of them men of the roughest type, men who have been reared in crime and steeped in wickedness; men, who, for a time have adopted hysterical and emotional ideas of religion, of which we have no guarantee of permanency. No doubt General Booth is following good intentions, but we must say that we hope the Government will think twice before it aids in the establishment of such a colony.

All who accepted the invitation of Mr. Carstairs, Principal of the High School, to visit the school on last Friday afternoon were more than gratified with the hour's entertainment. The subject, "Mary Queen of Scots," was ably dealt with by the venerable lecturer, Mr. Smythe. Mr. Carstairs has introduced a variation to the often monotonous routine of school work and cannot fail to please. A mere school book learning is not all that should be aimed at, and Mr. Carstairs is doing his best to impress this fact upon his scholars. The weekly lecture will be looked forward to with unusual delight by the scholars who appreciate their principal's efforts in their behalf.

Some people are perpetual "kickers." They are never at rest unless they are finding fault with some one or something. They never stop to think what they are "kicking" about—all they want to do is to do it; and some have the art down to perfection. You often hear a number of people, discussing the pros and cons of matters with which they are not at all versed, and in which they are not interested except for the purpose of gratifying that mania of forever finding fault. I recently heard a couple of unlearned men giving vent to their opinions on High Schools. High Schools did not go, they were nothing but a burden to the many for the gain of a few; and that there was too much education in the world; and that if they had their way they would burn every High School in the Dominion—and so on in an endless stream of talk. Now their opinions need no comment; their ideas are so worthless and their argument so shallow that it would be waste of space to heed them; but it is merely to illustrate what classes of men there are in our midst, who are always willing to live in darkness and sloth. We have enough of this class in Canada, and when we are invited to give away land to a class of people who are even worse, we should spurn the idea. General Booth is a great organizer but like a child, he is a great spoiler. No doubt the slums of London and also badly in need of reform, but we do not want the product of those slums in the Canadian Northwest.

A number of lives were lost in a blizzard in Montana last week as well as great loss of stock. It is said the loss of sheep will be enormous, whole flocks being frozen.

TOPICS OF A WEEK.

The Important Events in a Few Words For Busy Readers.

The Queen on arriving in London on Monday was unable to walk without help. Fourteen persons are reported to have been killed by a fire-damp explosion in Silesia.

Lord Acton has been appointed professor of modern history at Cambridge, to succeed the late Prof. Seeley.

La Gascogne's engines were given a look trial on Monday and proved to be all right. Sold on Tuesday.

Chamberlain's amendment was defeated in the British House on Monday, the Government majority being fourteen.

The Canon of Toronto, father of Mr. Justice Oiler and Mr. B. B. Oiler, died at Toronto Saturday afternoon in his 90th year.

Duncan, the three-year-old son of Adam Graham, in Toronto, accidentally took a dose of carbolic acid on Friday and died a few hours later.

Lady Hester Somerset, the noted temperance worker, will arrive in Montreal in a few days, and will address a series of temperance meetings.

Germany will shortly issue invitations for an international monetary congress, determined to take the initiative in settling the silver question.

The light-house at Smith's Point, Va., at the entrance of the Potomac river into Chesapeake Bay, was carried away by the drifting ice on Friday.

Mrs. Hamilton, the Hamilton woman found guilty of passing counterfeit money, was sentenced to two years and six months in penitentiary on Friday.

Germany, or Danzig, was sentenced at Brockville on Monday to two years and six months in the penitentiary for bigamy.

A political agitation of a serious character has broken out among the students of the Moscow University, and a large number of arrests have been made.

The Khedive's favorite slave has given birth to a daughter. Had the child been a boy, the Khedive would have married the slave and made the boy heir to the Khedivate.

The butter bounty was considered by the Board of Commissioners of Montreal and the proposal of the Government was denounced by the leading butter merchants.

The family of William Good, Victoria, breakfasted on codfish from which the liver had not been removed, and all speedily became ill, with undeniable evidences of poisoning.

Professors have been entered against a number of London aldermen who were members of last year's council, on the ground that they had failed to keep up the sinking fund.

The highest tribunal of the French Court of Cassation has confirmed the decisions of lower courts against bull-fighting in France ("Cruelty to animals") is the basis of the decision.

Persia is about to try the experiment of producing its own sugar. Beet root culture on a small scale has already proved a success, and this year the root is to be cultivated very extensively.

A meeting of leading Italian of Montreal was held on Friday to study the commercial relations of Canada and Italy, with a view of negotiating for a commercial treaty between the two countries.

The Rev. Andrew M. Garin, O. M. I., died on Saturday in St. John's hospital, Lowell, Mass. He was seventy-five. During his early career he was a missionary among the Indians in the Canadian Northwest.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death in the case of William Davis, the victim of the Binkley Hollow dynamite explosion. The family are very poorly off, and a subscription is being started for them.

Notice has been given in the London County Council of a motion to the effect that "it is desirable that a modern doomsday clock of the owners of freehold property in London should be prepared as a parliamentary return."

Mrs. Richard Simpson of Toronto, died on Friday night at Steubenville, Ohio, from burns received. Her dress caught fire from a grate, and she ran into the yard, where she rolled in the snow. Neighbors tried to extinguish the blazing clothes, but failed.

Mr. Joseph Octave Arsenault, who has been for many years a prominent figure in the public affairs of Prince Edward Island, will fill the chair in the Senate lately vacant by the appointment of Mr. Howland as Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island.

The General Trunk Line Association has decided to raise the immigrant fare between New York and Chicago from \$12 to \$15 on May 1. Immigration rates will be correspondingly raised from other Atlantic seaboard points in the Trunk Line territory.

Grand Duke George the Czarowitz, the brother of the reigning Czar, who is the winter at Livadia, in the Crimea, is daily growing worse from the pulmonary disease with which he is afflicted. The unusually severe weather has had a bad effect upon the royal sufferer.

The chief evidence upon which the Hawaiian Government relied for the prosecution of the conspirators in the recent uprising of the Royalists was obtained by torturing Capt. William Davies, of the steamer Walpole, a citizen of the United States. He was strung up by the thumbs until he gave all the information that the Government required.

The cavalry return of comparative efficiency for the last annual drill shows the highest number of points awarded to any one troop is 114, to A Troop, Manitoba Dragoons. B Troop, Manitoba Dragoons, comes next with 115 points. The Princess Louise Dragoon Guards of Ottawa come third with 112-1/2 points, only a point and a half behind the leading troop.

One of the worst wrecks that has occurred on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad in some time occurred about two miles north of Rhinebeck on Friday. The American express train smashed into a freight car and dashed into the river, carrying with it Engineer James Donohue of New York and Fireman Frank Green of Catskill. Both were seriously injured.

Business advice from the principal business centres across the line report little if any change for the better in the trade situation. The contract for the purchase of grain from the Government is something to restore confidence. All farm produce continues extremely cheap, and employment generally is slack. The extremely bad weather of late has checked trade everywhere, retarded deliveries, and stopped building and other out-door operations.

The commercial failures for the week have been 570 in the United States, as compared with 323 for the corresponding week of last year.

SPECIAL BARGAIN COUNTER

..Ladies' Button and Lace Boots..

CALL AND SEE THEM.

50c. to \$1.00 off the regular Marked Price.

W. S. MARTIN & CO.

ORANGEISM IN HASTINGS.—The County of Hastings for Orange purposes is divided into three county lodges; in North Hastings composed of two District and eight Primary Lodges; Central Hastings with four District and twenty Primary Lodges; and South Hastings having four District and eight Primary Lodges, or a total of three County, ten District and forty-six Primary Lodges, having a membership of over seventeen hundred and owning lodge property worth more than twenty-five thousand dollars.—Madoc Review.

A Chicago despatch says there is great distress among the poor of that city. According to a report made by the outdoor relief committee of the County Board there are 150,000 persons in Chicago who require assistance to avoid starvation; 50,000 persons have already been supported at their homes at public expense. Many are said to be industrious persons who have been out of employment until their credit and resources are exhausted. Many more are in danger of being evicted from their homes.

A FATAL HABIT.—A merchant learned that a favorite clerk had won a prize in a lottery. He called him up to the desk, and discharged him with the following remark: "I have been in business forty-three years, and I have yet to see the first man who gambled and remained absolutely honest. Twenty years ago I would have tried to cure you. I am too old now to take on new worries. Remember that I told you that the gambling habit was a disease fatal to honesty, and almost incurable." The young man secured another position from which he was discharged inside of two years for stealing.

For 20 Years

the formula for making Scott's Emulsion has been endorsed by physicians of the whole world. No secret about it. This is one of its strongest endorsements. But the strongest endorsement possible is in the tidal strength it gives.

Scott's Emulsion

nourishes. It does more for weak Babies and Growing Children than any other kind of nourishment. It strengthens Weak Mothers and restores health to all suffering from Emaciation and General Debility. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Blood Diseases and Loss of Flesh.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville, All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

Returned.

Our Mr. Brown has just returned from New York and Philadelphia, where he has made a personal selection of the newest goods in the

House Furnishing

line. We will certainly show this season the finest assortment ever brought to the city, in

Carpets,
Curtains,
Rugs,
Oilcloths,
Linoleums,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades,
Brass Goods,
Table Covers,
Curtain Materials,
and House Furnishing Goods of all kinds.

GEO. RITCHIE & CO.
BELLEVILLE.

GREAT CLEARING

Remnant Sale

—AND—

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE,

Bargains in all Departments.

Big Reductions in Union and Wool Carpets.

Big Reductions in Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.

Big Reductions in Grey and White Blankets.

Big Reductions in Comforters and Pillows.

Big Reductions in Ladies' and Gents' Fur Coats.

Big Reductions in Flannel and Flannellettes.

Big Reductions in Ladies' and Misses' Underwear.

Big Reductions in Men's and Boys' Underwear.

This Sale will last during this month only, and great Bargains will be given.

VANDERVOORT & GIBSON,

Successors to the late J. W. Dunnet.

Belleville, Jan., '95.

WE SAY WHAT

MEAN

when we state that all Cheese and Butter makers should use

ASHTON'S SALT.

WE can prove what

say

by the following simple test:

Take two glasses and put equal quantities of Ashton's and any other Dairy Salt in each. Pour the same quantity of hot water in each and you will find no foul odor from Ashton's. Consequently in hot weather it is the only Salt to use for Butter and Cheese.

SOLE AGENTS HERE.

J. C. HANLEY & CO.,

GROCERS, FEED & SEED

MERCHANTS,

BELLEVILLE - ONT.

Stirling Tin Shop

H. & J. WARREN.

Cheese Vats, Milk Cans,

FACTORY FURNISHINGS,

-TINWARE, STOVES,-

Shelf Hardware,

-Fence Wire, Nails, Shovels,-

SPADES, FORKS, HOES,

Rakes, Paints, Oils, White Lead, Mixed Paint, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil and Machine Oil.

EAVETROUGHING, ROOFING,

Steam Fitting and General Jobbing done on shortest notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. & J. WARREN.

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LOWEST RATES,

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FORWARD!

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always in stock. Every saw is guaranteed, also prices.

A full line of AXES,

Hand and Machine Made.

I have the best

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Sleigh Bells, Gong Bells,

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THE CELEBRATED

Common Sense MEAT CUTTER.

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Plenty of PINE and CEDAR SHINGLES.

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WHYTE'S FOUNDRY

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MACHINE SHOP,

CAMPBELLFORD.

Having rented the above shop, I am in a position to do all kinds of work on

MILL MACHINERY, ENGINES, BOILERS, SHAFTING, GEARING, HANGERS, ETC.

Patterns not on hand made to order.

The celebrated WHYTE PLOW manufactured and Plow Points and Soles of any other kind in general use.

Cresting and Castings of all kinds.

Special attention given to Repairing.

ADAM GRAHAM.

FOR SALE.

HAY AT THE ASHLEY BARN, CHURCH St., good quality. Also, some fine Pigs from three to four months old. Apply to

E. W. BROOKS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ALLEN McPHERSON MCCABE, late of the Township of Hastings, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased, notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provision of the revised statutes of Ontario, Chap. 10, Sec. 28, to all creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the said ALLEN McPHERSON MCCABE, late of the Township of Hastings, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased, who died on or about the 27th December, A.D. 1884, leaving a will, to send by post prepaid or otherwise any and all claims, or to the solicitor, as hereunder, on or before SATURDAY, the 23rd February, A.D. 1895, a statement in writing of their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims and demands, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And notice is further given that after the said date mentioned, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been given as required. All persons indebted to the said estate are also hereby notified that in the amount of their claims, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, on or before the 23rd day of February next, to the said Executor or his said solicitor.

Dated, the 17th day of January, A.D. 1895.

J. KAPL HALLIVEL,

Solicitor for Executor

KENDALL'S SPAIN CURE.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDY FOR MAN OR BEAST.

Certainly the best and most reliable.

Read proofs below:

KENDALL'S SPAIN CURE.

Dr. R. J. KENDALL CURE.

Dear Sirs—We send you one of our finest books and oblige. I have used a great deal of your medicine and have found it to be the best I ever used. I have recommended it to my friends and they have all found it to be the best I ever used. I have recommended it to my friends and they have all found it to be the best I ever used. I have recommended it to my friends and they have all found it to be the best I ever used.

Yours truly, CHAS. TOWELL.

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Dear Sirs—I have used several bottles of your medicine and have found it to be the best I ever used. I have recommended it to my friends and they have all found it to be the best I ever used. I have recommended it to my friends and they have all found it to be the best I ever used.

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ELECTIONS ARE NOW ON

Voters' Lists Are Being Rapidly Pushed Through.

ACTIVITY AT THE CAPITAL

Everybody's Cook Sure the Elections are a Hand-Me-Down Signet Ring. Printers are Rushed—Formation of a Political Club—Ottawa Notes.

OTTAWA, Feb. 30.—At a meeting of Liberals in the hall of the Young Liberal Association in the city. The idea of forming a Young Men's Liberal Association has been talked of for some time past. A number of young men of Liberal ideas, but so far not connected with any political association, are now approaching members of the Executive of the Reform Association and members of the Reform Club asking them to call a meeting for the purpose of organizing such a body, or rather bringing into life again the old association of this name which existed here some years ago.

The following are the members of the committee appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the organization of the Young Men's Liberal Association: F. H. Christie, Frank Hannum, D. H. MacLean, W. H. Barry, D. B. Rochester, J. R. Reid, and A. W. Fraser.

An evening paper says of dissolution: "The announcement of dissolution may not be made until after the hearing of the Manitoba school case, or it may be any day, but the general belief now is that it is certain to come before a session of Parliament."

The activity in Ministerial circles goes to show that the elections are on and that it is the unexpected that will happen. It will be a session before dissolution. Hon. A. R. Rogers, for instance, has gone to Quebec to look into the political situation there. Hon. J. C. Patterson is in Toronto on business of a similar character. Hon. J. A. Oulmet, Hon. Dr. Montague and Hon. John F. Wood, who were in man's Springs last night, and they did not fail to tell the electors there that the political fight was on. Meetings have been arranged for in Western Ontario and the Ministers have been billed to speak there. One of these meetings takes place in Collingwood this week. In official circles the indications all point to a general election. Another sign of an election being on is found in the way that the voters' lists are being rushed through. It is said that almost the whole staff of printers was today put to work on the lists. Everything, therefore, points to a dissolution.

ENTHUSIASTIC PROHIBITIONISTS.

Gather at Woodstock and Call for Straight Prohibition Voting.

WOODSTOCK, Feb. 30.—The town hall of Woodstock would not hold the vast audience that gathered for the prohibition mass meeting last evening. It was a union public meeting of the annual convention of Royal Templars and of the Ontario County Prohibition Association, the members of which were fresh from the convention which nominated independent prohibition candidates for North and South Oxford. The enthusiasm was intense and rounds after rounds of applause greeted the spicy speeches and the delightful sayings. Mr. MacKay, manager of the James Hay Company (Limited), presided.

Greetings to the Royal Templars were presented by Mayor Cole, the W. C. T. U., and by Rev. D. MacKay, who responded to by Rev. W. Kettlewell, of Paris. Songs were given by the Crusaders and the Emeralds, two noted Royal Templar revival bands. Principal Austin, of Alma and Principal Thomas, of St. Thomas, W. W. Buchanan, of the Templar, Hamilton, made the address of the evening.

Principal Austin stated that he was not a pessimist but he was almost sure of the patience of some prohibitionists who in this quality would outlive Job. For his part, he wanted to arouse the conscience of the people that they would leave their old political parties for the supreme issue of prohibition, before the political leaders could count on prohibition votes. Prohibitionists must teach them that they would never kill him. The politicians must be taught that they would receive a quid pro quo for the loss of the liquor support.

THE MIDLAND DISASTER.

Station Agent Weighill Has His Free-Immunary Hearings.

ONTARIO, Feb. 30.—On the charge of causing the death of John Rigg, the engine driver in the recent Midland rail preliminary examination before Judge Wingfield, Weighill, it is being remembered, was adjudged guilty of negligence because his jury and arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

New Charge Against Verral.

ONTARIO, Feb. 30.—Ex-Ald. J. Verral was yesterday arraigned in the police court on the second charge of consenting to an inducement to him and other members of the city council to vote against a certain resolution. Much against the wish of the defence the case was adjourned until Monday. The present information differs from the previous one, which charged Verral in conjunction with Hewitt of counselling Greek to offer the bribe.

Counterfeiter Sent for Trial.

INDUSTRY, Ont., Feb. 30.—John Palmer and Arthur Ross, who were arrested here a few days ago for making counterfeit money, were tried in the Council chamber yesterday. F. B. Ball, Q.C., of Woodstock, appeared for the Crown and J. B. Jackson for the defendant. After hearing a number of witnesses Ross was discharged, there not being sufficient evidence to convict him, and Palmer sent up for trial at the spring assizes.

Madge's Murderer Captured.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 30.—James B. Gentry, the actor who shot and killed Madge York, this actress, this city Sunday evening, was arrested by a policeman last night at 38th street and Columbia avenue.

A Railway "Hoax."

ONTARIO, Feb. 30.—The jury in F. J. Dix's suit against the Ontario Electric Railway gave him \$1,000 damages for injuries received by being thrown from a car last night.

Temperance Candidate.

WOODSTOCK, Feb. 30.—At a temperance convention yesterday John D. Ross, of Embury, was nominated to contest North Oxford in the Dominion elections. He has not yet accepted.

STUDENTS ON STRIKE.

The Trouble at University Assuming a Serious Aspect.

TORONTO, Feb. 30.—The trouble between the students of the University and the senate authorities, which has been continuing for some time, and which reached a climax on the dismissal of Professor Dale last week by the Executive Government, is becoming one of unusual importance. The students of the University have insisted on the lectures and positively refused to consider their rights have been fully restored.

Of the 700 students registered only five were in attendance at lectures yesterday. There never was so much excitement in the halls of the University as there was in the halls of the University yesterday. One thing seems certain, and that is that the students are not going to have any more additions to their numbers. They are looked on with scorn and are called by the name of traitors. No one cares to emulate them, or follow their example. There was but one man at a lecture between 9 and 10 o'clock and he was a freshman in the class of medicine. Two men will attend lectures in third year classes. One man will go to the classical lectures. One man will go to the mathematics and one to the yearling lectures. The students are making no effort to forcibly prevent students from attending lectures.

A number of occasional students, ladies from the city, who take English lectures from Prof. Alexander, evidently not understanding the situation, attended the meeting. The president is in the building, but has done nothing, and has not even put in appearance, but remains quietly in his own room.

Prof. Hutton is endeavoring to have the Classical Association meet and disclaim their part in the boycott. Only two of the entire four years with about fifty students, favor such an action. There is not the slightest sign of the students weakening. From the encouragement they received yesterday they will keep up the fight with greater zeal.

TOTTENHAM'S TRAGEDY.

Farmer Newbury, Aged 75, Shot His Wife.

TOTTENHAM, Ont., Feb. 30.—Robert Newbury, a retired farmer, on Saturday shot his wife and her niece and then blew out his own brains. The wife is dead, but the niece will recover.

Newbury was a man of 75. The murdered woman was his second wife, and his junior by thirty years. For some time he had been in ill health, and at times melancholic. On Saturday he seemed depressed and followed his wife around as she went about her household duties. Mrs. Newbury was arranging clothes in a bedroom bureau when Newbury entered the room and took deliberate aim and shot her. The ball entered the back of the head, ploughed through the brain, passed out the forehead and embedded itself in the wall. The woman must have dropped to the floor dead instantly.

His niece, alarmed at the shot, went to see what was the matter. Newbury met her, and seeing the revolver in his hand, the girl ran into the garden. Newbury followed; the girl turned and pistol aimed at her. She was pleading with the man not to kill her. Newbury fired and the bullet hit her in the chest. The girl fell and died. Newbury then turned the revolver on himself and fired. The bullet entered the forehead and passed out the back of the head.

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BY THE WEATHER MAN.

At either pole the intensity of the solar heat is one fourth greater than at the equator.

The annual rainfall of Great Britain equals 9,900,000,000 cubic feet; of Germany, 11,800,000,000; of France, 12,000,000,000; of Russia, 17,000,000,000; of the United States, 430,000,000,000.

The opening of the door of a warm room in Lapland during the winter will be instantly followed by a miniature snowstorm, the condensed moisture falling in flakes.

In 1684 nearly all the birds of Europe were killed by the cold. Wolves entered Vienna and other large cities, and, driven by hunger, attacked the people in the streets.

The only knowledge we have of the air currents from ten to one hundred miles above the earth's surface is what has been gained from watching the luminous trains left by meteors.

The cold of the Dominion seems to diminish with an increase of population. Between 1838 and 1837 Hudson's bay was closed an average of one hundred and eighty-four days every year; now its ice lasts one hundred and seventy-nine days.

NOTES OF THE FOOTLIGHTS.

Peppa and Lotta Invernizzi are delighting Paris with dances in ancient style. Of the twenty girls who sang recently at a Marchese concert in Paris seven were Americans.

Accounts of a recent sale of musical shares in London show a general depreciation in values.

Thirteen members of the English Chindrella company have secured engagements in this country.

An Amsterdam concert of twenty singers recently gave a concert in London to an audience of thirty-four.

A syndicate of capitalists is to build a \$1,000,000 theatre near the corner of Monroe and Clark streets, Chicago.

Mrs. Frances E. Willard suggests a Christian theatre—one conducted in a way that religious papers could advertise and recommend.

CURRENCY.

A tax was levied on cats in Persia until a few years ago.

There are 13,000,000 men of military age in the United States.

The normal weight of the liver is between three and four pounds.

The largest tobacco warehouse in the world is at Louisville, Ky.

A deer hunt, with a comical termination, was lately witnessed in Meath, Ireland. The game, being hotly pressed, plunged into the sea and swam to an island a mile distant.

"Steam-heated," as it appears on the signs of flats and buildings of one sort or another, said a citizen, "seems just now almost a superfluity; but it will be all right next winter."

OVER LAND AND SEA.

One hundred lakes in the Tyrol Alps have subsided and disappeared within the last century.

Mount Logan, in Alaska, nineteen thousand feet high, it is now claimed is the highest mountain in America.

A great bridge over the Seine bearing theatres and houses will be one of the chief attractions of the Paris exposition in 1900.

A long-distance telephone line between Madrid and Barcelona, a distance of five hundred miles, will be completed in two or three months.

Chicagoans per capita are not as well polished as Londoners, the police in Chicago numbering only 2,729 for 1,000,000 people against London's 13,814 for 5,000,000 population.

NOTABLE MEN.

The sultan of Johore wears an electric light in his shirt front.

List's great skill with the piano was in part due to his immense industry. For years he practiced ten hours a day.

The Bookman makes the astonishing announcement that no book of Mr. Ruskin's has ever been translated and published in a foreign language.

Time alone says that Bret Hart is, of all the American authors of the time, the most popular in France, and that Howell is not generally liked by the French.

A Paris journal says that the American artist, Mr. Thomas Shields-Clarke, at present resident in Paris, pursues five different branches of art in five different studios.

HORTICULTURAL HINTS.

Attempt to grow no more fruit than you can properly attend to.

Varieties will not run out if strict care in the selection of seed is exercised.

The southern grown pole bean clings to the pole better than northern grown.

It is claimed that if the green plants of cotton be cut off the constitution and size of the vegetable will be injured.

INDUSTRIAL ITEMS.

The manufacture of artificial granite is now a California industry.

As yet there have been discovered but two processes for enamelling cast-iron.

MYTHOLOGY.

A Chinese sect believes that women by embracing vegetarians will become men on the judgment day.

Old shoes throwing is done for many purposes. In Ireland the election of a person to almost any office is concluded by throwing an old shoe over his head.

In the mythology of Europe horses were regarded as luck bringers, and superstition once supposed that a horse's hoof placed under the bed would cure certain complaints.

The Chinese value a pair of old boots which have been worn by an upright man, and the custom of wishing a friend a "happy foot" is still observed all through Europe.

People's fingers, cut from the hands of the dead, are sometimes carried as amulets by the ignorant and superstitious. Dried lizards sewn up in leather serve the same purpose.

Sensible and practical people will often take particular pains to skim off a patch of bubbles that have risen to the top of their tea, because some one has said it is a "sure sign of money."

The ancient Egyptians believed that iron was the bone of Typhon, the enemy of Osiris, and for this reason it was considered impure. No one could make use of it even for the most ordinary requirements of life without polluting his soul.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Wasps' nests often catch fire from the chemical action of the wax upon the paperlike material.

Edward B. Stirling, of Trenton, N. J., owns a stamp worth \$1,000, for which he paid nine cents.

A clothes washing contest was a novel attraction at a colored church picnic at Westminster, Md., recently.

Nickel 3-cent pieces of 1877 are worth 75 cents each, while those of 1878, 1882, 1885 and 1886 are worth five cents each.

A bridge at Bradford, Pa., 2,000 feet long and 800 feet above the stream it crosses, is said to be the highest bridge in Pennsylvania.

A wonderful echo is heard at Eagle's Nest, Killarney. A bugle played on one side of the lake, at this point, is repeatedly echoed as if multiplied by a hundred in the distance.

The ornithorhynchus of Australia lays eggs like a bird, suckles its young like other mammals, and in general appearance and habits resembles the beaver of this country and Europe.

A LITTLE HUMOR.

He—We have a clock that says "Cuckoo." She—We are going to get one that says: "What, must you go?"—Life.

First Tourist—Have you yet beheld the majesty of Niagara? Second Tourist—I should say I had. He charged me eight dollars for a ride in his hack.—N. Y. Herald.

He—These are very big walls. She (pointing out an announcement in the programme)—Yes, you see, dear, the play is produced on a big scale.—Drake's Magazine.

An Effort of Memory.—Charlie—I think—ah—I must have seen you before, Prudence.—Yes. You were introduced to me in the drawing room about five minutes ago.—N. Y. Herald.

Dealer.—This is the best parrot we have. But I won't sell him without letting you know his own fan! he'll swear if his food doesn't suit him. Miss Fitz—I'll take him; it will seem quite like having a man in the house.—N. Y. Herald.

BOOKS AND PAPERS.

Emanuel Swedenborg's "Arcana Caelestia" was printed when the author was 61. The people of the United States read and support as many newspapers as England, France and Germany combined.

A copy of the first edition of Goldsmith's "Vicar of Wakefield" was discovered in London a few days ago for \$475. The author sold the original copyright of the book for \$300.

The largest book ever known is owned by Queen Victoria. It is eighteen inches thick and weighs sixty-three pounds, and contains the addresses of congratulation on the occasion of her jubilee.

According to foreign papers there are now 3,338 journals and magazines printed in Germany. In 1891 there were 3,443; in 1890, 3,704; in 1889, 2,983, and in 1888, 2,729.

The highest viaduct in the world has just been erected in Bolivia over the river Les, 9,888 feet above the sea level and 4,900 feet above the town.

India furnishes a market for large numbers of white diamonds, as well as for yellow or colored diamonds, or stones with flaws or specks in them. The natives invest their savings in them and other precious gems, as we do in stocks and shares.

AROUND THE GLOBE.

The best Chinese razors are made of old horseshoes.

Artesian borings have recently proved successful in Sahara.

The British ship Boreas, which recently rounded Cape Horn, experienced the phenomenon of a heavy cloud of dust at sea.

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PETTY THINGS IN GLASS.

Oblong salvers narrow rather than long curve gracefully on the sides and have a light footed edge.

Some fruit bowls are basin-shaped with raised flange half way up, and a plain lustrous border above.

A large flaring fruit dish has a smooth surface and the ornamentation is formed by the perforations.

A fruit dish intended for an apple or two, a few peaches and a bunch of grapes and suitable for only a very small dinner is plain and round with a central stand. The edge of the receptacle is a rich band of raised work with perforations, and the dish has a distinct stamp of elegance.—Jeweler's Circular.

CABLED FROM EUROPE.

Switzerland has a 900-year-old hotel.

When the door of the Russian town hall, in Germany, was taken up recently 4,000 historical documents, some of them of great value, were found buried beneath it.

As an indication of the thrift among the working classes of France it is stated that there are now 6,000,000 depositors in the French savings banks, with an accumulated fund of \$112,000,000.

Three Roman graves were found by workmen near Haguenau, in Alsace, Germany, a short time ago in good condition. Each grave contained a Roman warrior's skeleton, his arms, armor and many Roman coins.

A feather merchant of Paris has recently received 6,000 birds of paradise, 800,000 Indian birds of various species and 400,000 humming birds. Another dealer has received 40,000 birds from America and 100,000 from Africa.

A Sussex (England) correspondent announces, on the authority of his year, that nine out of ten of the humbler brides wear to "love and honor cherries and a berry" instead of the regular "cherish and obey" of the marriage service.

FUNNY WAITS IN FUNNY LANDS.

The Isle of Guernsey exacts a tax from all aliens.

The Mohammedans, it is said, consider all unclean, because it is produced by a worm.

Among the South Sea islanders black and white striped goods are even now worn in sign of mourning.

When a child dies in Greenland the native parents bury a living dog with it, the dog to be used by the child as a guide to the other world.

Japanese doctors never present bills to their patients. They await the patient's inclination to pay, and then thankfully accept whatever sum is offered.

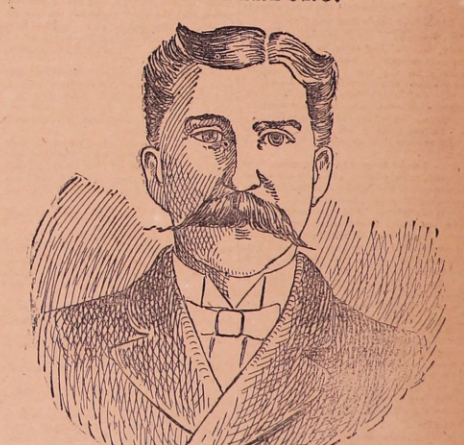
Even to this day certain communities of Buddhists and Mohammedans pray by the hour before their favorite plant or flower. In India this species of worship seems to be the most prevalent.

In China the cobbler still goes from house to house, announcing his approach with a rattle, and taking up his abode with the family while he accomplishes the necessary making and mending.

AN EMINENT MINISTER

REV. W. S. BARKER

OF PETERBORO.



Mr. W. S. Barker is a young minister of Peterboro who has by his great earnestness and able exposition of the doctrines of the Bible earned for himself a place amongst the foremost ministers of Canada. He, with his most estimable wife, believe in looking after the temporal as well as the spiritual welfare of mankind, hence the following statement of publication:

"I have much pleasure in recommending the Great South American Nervine Tonic to all who are afflicted as I have been with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was strongly recommended to me by my druggist. I also induced my wife to use it, who, I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. She found great relief from South American Nervine and also cheerfully recommends it to her fellow-sufferers."

"REV. W. S. BARKER."

It is now a scientific fact that certain nerve centres located near the base of the brain have entire control over the stomach, liver, heart, lungs and indeed all internal organs. That is, they furnish these organs with the necessary nerve force to enable them to perform their respective work. When the nerve centres are weakened or deranged the nerve force is diminished, and as a result the stomach will not digest the food, the liver becomes troubled, the kidneys will not act properly, the heart and lungs suffer, and in fact the whole system becomes weakened and sinks on account of the lack of nerve force.

South American Nervine is based on the foregoing scientific discovery and is so prepared that it acts directly on the nerve centres. It immediately increases the nervous energy of the whole system, thereby enabling the different organs of the body to perform their work perfectly, when disease at once disappears. It greatly benefits in one day.

Mr. Solomon Bond, a member of the Society of Friends of Darlington, Ind., writes: "I have used six bottles of South American Nervine and I consider that every bottle did for me one hundred dollars worth of good, because I have not had a good night's sleep for twenty years on account of irritation, pain, horrible dreams, and general nervous prostration, which has been caused by chronic indigestion and dyspepsia of the stomach, and by a broken down condition of my nervous system. But now I can lie down and sleep all night as sweetly as a baby, and I feel like a sound man. I do not think there has ever been a medicine introduced into this country, which will at all compare with this as a cure for the stomach and nerves."

FOR SALE AT R. PARKER'S DRUG STORE.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

CANADA.

Regina Exhibition open July 29.

Scot greaves has been placed on the free list.

Morden lost two hotels and a number of stores by fire.

Notice is gazetted of the incorporation of the Bank of Winnipeg.

Ottawa City Council has refused to reduce the number of aldermen.

Mr. Adam McGowan, a highly respected resident of Tweed Village, is dead.

Mr. Richard Jarry, a well-known citizen of Melrose, Ont., dropped dead on Tuesday.

The date of the general election will probably be between the 2nd and 6th April.

The Lake Erie & Detroit River Railroad Station at Merlin was burned, with two freight cars.

The report that ex-Detective Hyatt is released from penitentiary is without foundation.

The Lower Laurentian Railway has been sold to the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway Company.

Mr. James Thompson, of Camille, was fatally hurt by a bullet from a rifle in the hands of the hired man.

Mr. Thomas Gordon, of Strathroy, drank himself to death by mixing rum with beer on Saturday and died on Sunday.

The voters' lists are pouring in upon the Clerk of the Crown-Prisoners for parts of the Dominion at present.

The papal brief appointing Father Langley to the Archdiocese of St. Michael's, Man., arrived in Winnipeg on Friday.

The yearly contract for supplying coal to the Grand Trunk has been awarded to Shipman of Detroit and the Erie R. Co.

It is understood that Mr. Theodore Davis the Premier of British Columbia will soon be appointed Chief Justice of that province.

The Toronto Granites won the Governor-General's prize for 1894 by defeating Dundas 3 shots in a curling match at Galt on Friday.

Surgeon-Major Perry of the Madras Presidency and Capt. T. A. Houghton of the First Bombay Grenadiers are in Ottawa.

Four convicts attempted to escape from the Kingston Penitentiary on Monday. They were caught before their plans were matured.

Premier Greenway, of Manitoba, is suffering from a severe cold, which is in the head. The doctors do not apprehend serious results.

The Dominion Lake S.S. Labrador, from Liverpool, arrived at Halifax at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, making the quickest passage ever made to that port.

Mr. L. O. David, the Montreal City Clerk, who has been president of the St. John Baptists' Society for many years, is expected shortly to retire.

Robert Johnston of Lindsay will receive a call to the vacancy in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, London, caused by the death of Rev. J. Murray.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company on Monday took back to work in the Montreal locomotive shops a number of employees who had been laid off owing to the depression in business.

Major Harrison, for twelve years an officer of the Royal Grenadiers, Canadian militia, and well known in the service, died at his residence at Toronto on Thursday morning.

At a funeral in Quebec the hearse got stuck in the snow and could not be moved. The horses were unhitched and the hearse with the body hearse, standing in the road until next morning.

There is every indication that an ice bridge will be soon formed at Niagara Falls. Ice is coming over the falls in great quantities, and it may lay on the highway at any moment in the narrow gorge.

It is expected that Mr. Samuel Wilnot, Dominion Superintendent of Fish Culture, and Mr. Samuel Pierre, bailiff, chief clerk of the Department of Marine Fisheries, will be shortly superannuated.

Mr. Samuel Lanore, of Russell County, became impaled while chopping in the woods. He killed himself by a branch above his head, but after walking home in dreadful agony died from his injuries.

Mr. F. E. Kilvert, collector of customs at Hamilton, has gone to Ottawa to take the place of Mr. T. J. Waters, who was promoted the other day to the position of collector of customs at the same place.

With regard to the proposed Atlantic and Lake Superior railway, Mr. Foster, Minister of Finance, stated the other day that the Government had simply agreed to give the company three per cent on the money as they might deposit for the purpose of paying interest on their bonds.

The Rev. Wm. Booth, General of the Salvation Army, waited upon Sir MacKenzie Bowell on Thursday, at Toronto, and asked for the support of the Government for the projected Salvation Army colony in the Territories. The Premier said that the matured scheme would receive careful consideration when it came before him.

Mr. J. W. Tyrrell, C.E., of Hamilton, Ont., has been asked to take charge of an expedition to explore Ellesmere land, and to look for the two Swedish explorers, Bjorn and Kjellman, who were supposed to be lost in that region. The expedition is being organized by an American society, and is to leave in the spring.

Ex-Express Frederick is at Osborne, Ont. The traffic of express vessels is greatly endangered by heavy ice packs at the mouth of the Thames.

H. M. S. Rambler will be added to the North American squadron this year. She is a three-class gunboat.

Prof. Reginald Stuart Toole, lake keeper of coasts in the British Museum, is dead. He was sixty-three years of age.

The cold weather in England and in some places the thermometer registered twelve below zero on Saturday.

The fourth session of the thirteenth Parliament of Great Britain of the present reign was opened on Wednesday at Queen's speech.

Municipal authorities of Stockton-on-Tees

England, propose to erect a statue to John Walker, whom they claim to be the inventor of "lifter machines."

Ten men, all of whom the British brig Nelson killed, were drowned on Saturday by the wrecking of the vessel on the rocks off Douglas, Isle of Man.

The Duke of York has been elected president of the International Society of St. Patrick, which holds its one hundred and twentieth anniversary this year.

It is said that the Prince of Wales will visit Rome in the spring, with a view to arranging a marriage between the Princess Maud and the Prince of Naples.

The fishing smack Vorona has landed at Lowestoft the body of Frederick Ernst, of Magdeburg, Prussia, one of the drowned passengers of the Elbe, and some mail bags.

Mr. W. R. Cremer, M.P., has returned to London from Washington. He says that the proposed arbitration treaty was very favorably entertained by President Cleveland.

The effects of the cold weather and blizzards in the U.S. at Britain have been severely felt. Many deaths have resulted, and all kinds have perished in numbers.

The Princess of Wales arrived in London on Thursday from Russia, where she has been constantly attending upon her sister, the widow of the Czar of Russia. She was given a very hearty welcome.

The mouth of the River Mersey is blocked by a mass of ice half a mile long and several hundred yards wide. The ice has blocked access to the landing stage and compelled the stoppage of all traffic.

The Queen is expected to receive the creation of a literary order of three grades, the first to consist of 24 members, the second of 100 members, and the third of 250.

Members of the order are to be titled and pensioned.

Railways in Scotland are still blocked with snow. Snowploughs, which have been sent out to clear the lines, have themselves been imbedded in snowbanks, and the men operating them have suffered severely from the intense cold.

A bill for an amendment has been introduced into the House of Commons by the Government which would immediately appoint a committee to inquire into the condition of the unemployed and seek means to mitigate their distress.

An amendment by Mr. Jefferys calling upon the Government to take some action regarding the great conditions of distress in the British House of Commons by twelve votes, the Government majority without the Parliaments.

In the House of Commons on Friday evening, on Mr. Jefferys's amendment concerning the great conditions of distress in the House of Commons by twelve votes, the Government majority without the Parliaments.

Mr. William Johnston, who is the Minister of Agriculture, has been reduced to two. The Parliaments voted against the Government.

Capt. Gordon, of the Crathie, which ran into the Elbe, says that after the collision the big steamer lay for some time, and was then towed to the pier by the tugboat.

Capt. Gordon says, notwithstanding the disabled condition of the Crathie, he remained in the vicinity until daybreak.

In the House of Commons on Thursday, Sir William Johnston, who is the Minister of Agriculture, has been reduced to two. The Parliaments voted against the Government.

The amendment which Mr. Joseph Chamberlain will make to the address in reply to the speech from the throne has been approved by the House of Commons.

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jumped from the car leaving the occupants to their fate. The car plunged down the steep grade, jumped the track, and struck the ground, the driver being killed.

The Brooklyn Grand Jury handed in a bill of indictment against one who stole the trolley wires, obstructed tracks, threw bricks and committed other acts to interfere with the running of cars.

The charge against them is malicious interference with the running of cars. This is felony. Miss May McDonald, who is a year old, is the leader of a mob on Fifth avenue, was also indicted.

"Coincidence" has been made by President Cleveland for the issue of a 4 per cent.

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JAS. MILNE & SON.

Watch this
Space
Next week.
Something
Special.

SUGARS
away down.
Enquire
of us
before
you buy.

JAS MILNE & SON.

TO CLEAR OUT OUR STOCK OF
VASE LAMPS,
we will sell them AT COST.
They are all the newest styles.

COMPLETE STOCK OF
Patent Medicines,
PURE DRUGS,
DYES AND DYE STUFFS,
SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONERY.
PARKER'S DRUG STORE.

CLIMAX CATARRH CURE
will cure Catarrh of Cold in the Head. There is no remedy like it. Try a bottle. Price one dollar. It is a cure. For sale at
PARKER'S DRUG STORE.
Stirling Ont.

THE NEWS-ARGUS
For balance of 1895, for 75c.

A Farmers' Institute meeting will be held at Sweetman's hall, Frankford, on Tuesday, Feb. 26.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN THIRTY MINUTES.—Dr. Agnew's cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath and Smothering Spells. One dose convinces. Sold by R. Parker, Druggist.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 5 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by R. Parker, Druggist.

Of Course, You are Boss.
If you think you will need an overcoat for next winter, and have a little money to spare, it will pay you to take advantage of the offer the Oak Hall, Belleville, are making—25 per cent. off all winter clothing for the month of February. If your old coat is looking shabby, don't forget, you have quite a long spell of cold weather ahead of you yet.

PARKER BROTHERS BANKERS, STIRLING ONTARIO

A General Banking Business transacted.
4 per cent. allowed on Deposits.
Drafts bought and sold on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.
Money to let on Mortgages at low interest. Office hours from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
F. B. PARKER. R. PARKER, M.D.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.
In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 50 cents. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.
Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail, 6:21 a.m. Midland, 10:50 a.m.
Midland, 6:55 p.m. Mail, 11:30 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, FEB. 21, 1895.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Next Wednesday, the 27th inst., is Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent.
Mr. John Gould had the misfortune to break a finger while unloading barrels of coal oil on Saturday.

Give that Rheumatism and Neuralgia, Roblin's Rheumatic Cure. For sale at Parker's Drug Store.

Geo. Conley, of Madoc, brother of Mr. John Conley, of this village, died on Friday last. He was at one time a resident of Stirling.

FOR SALE.—Weaver's Loom and utensils. First class shape, cheap for cash. Address, Box 31, Post Office.

Rawdon Council meets the first Monday in March next, at which time the Road Masters, Poundkeepers and Fence Viewers will be appointed.

Good material and prices right in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, at Mrs. F. W. Watts.

Mr. Oakley Vandervoort left for Toronto on Tuesday last to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge A.O.U.W. as representative from Stirling Lodges.

Roblin's Rheumatic Cure is a cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

The Campbellford Gazette made its first appearance last week. It is a neat five column eight-page paper, printed from new type, and presents a fine appearance.

Roblin's Rheumatic Cure will purify your Blood.

J. Earl Halliwell, B.A., is in Toronto attending the Grand Lodge, A.O.U.W. He is a member of one of its most important committees, that of "Constitution and Laws."

We are running off our Fine Fur regardless of cost in order to make room for our spring Hats, Suitings and Furnishings which are arriving daily, at FRED WARD'S.

A meeting of the Reform Association of Rawdon and Stirling will be held at Stirling town hall, Thursday evening, Feb. 22nd for election of officers and to select delegates for the Reform Convention at Madoc.

Call and see our elegant stock of new Rings, Bracelets and fancy Pins at Mrs. Watts. Reductions in Christmas toys.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Private and other funds to loan at very low rates and liberal terms on real estate security. Money advanced for paying off old mortgages, building, improving property, etc. Those paying the old rates would do well to consult me at once. Call or address, F. M. BRICKMAN, Moira, P.O.

It is a dangerous mistake to think that only the aged people should have to use glasses, for a very large percentage of young people attending schools and colleges, should have their eyes properly tested by ANGELO McFEE & Co., Belleville, and so probably prevent injury to the sight.

It seems we were in error last week in stating that the Orangemen of this district will celebrate the 12th of July here. It is not only to be a district, but a county gathering of the Orangemen, and it is expected there will be the largest turnout ever witnessed in Stirling.

ENTERTAINMENT AT MARSH HILL.—A musical and literary entertainment under the auspices of the Sabbath School and Epworth League will be given in the Methodist Church at Marsh Hill, on the evening of Friday, March 1st. A first-class programme of music, readings, recitations, speeches etc., will be rendered.

CORRECTION.—In the item in last week's issue in reference to an Oyster Supper at Springbrook our reporter made the statement that it was under the auspices of the Foresters. This was a mistake. It was under the auspices of the Canadian Order of Oddfellows, who have a large and flourishing lodge at Springbrook.

We understand there is a prospect of Stirling having waterworks and electric light in the near future. The water is to be brought from Oak Hill Lake. A joint stock company is being formed to push the scheme, and Dr. Parker was in Kingston the first part of this week to interview a prominent civil engineer on the matter. We hope the project will be a success.

The Literary and Musical Entertainment which was to have been held at Salem Church, Clancy's Corners, under the auspices of the C.O.P.A., on Feb. 5, was unavoidably postponed on account of the weather, and is to be held on Friday evening, March 1st. The same speakers and others who were to take part, are expected, and no doubt a first-class entertainment will be given.

The management of St. Andrew's Church, Stirling, will give a grand concert, on Friday evening, March 1st, in Whitty's Hall. Preparations have been going on for some time, and will be continued with untiring zeal up to date, to make this one of the most entertaining concerts of the season. Posters with particulars will appear in a few days. Keep this in mind as you cannot afford to forget it.

The North Hastings voters' list for the Dominion election has been sent to Ottawa, as finally revised, by Judge Frazer, revising officer. In the whole riding there is an increase of 63 names over the list of 1891. In Rawdon there is an increase of 49; while Stirling shows a decrease of eight—there being 289 now on the list, against 247 in 1891. Marmora and Lake show an increase of 83; Huntingdon of 57; and Madoc village of five.

Mr. E. W. Brooks, of Rawdon, has been paying considerable attention of late to improved stock, particularly in the way of cattle, sheep and hogs, and has now a fine lot of Ayrshire grades and Jersey cattle, Yorkshire pigs and Southdown sheep. He recently sold a fine grade Ayrshire heifer, which took several prizes at the fairs last fall, to Mr. Jarvis of this village, for a good sum. Good stock pays and the farmers are fast finding it out.

The second lecture of the High School series will be delivered to-morrow afternoon at 3.30, in the lecture room of the High School by the Rev. S. Crookshanks on "Reading for Profit." Later lectures in the series will be "15,000 miles by Land and Sea,"—my experiences on the Skeena River" by Dr. Parker; "Queen Bess and her times," by Rev. C. L. Thompson; "Commercial Law" by Mr. Geo. Thrasher. The public generally, parents, and the patrons of the School are cordially invited to be present.

An article in another column tells of the probability of the municipal insurance scheme coming into effect in the larger cities and towns, and we believe it would be a good thing for smaller places. Even in our own village the rates are exceedingly high, and the companies doing business here must make large profits. We believe in some townships this plan is in operation, and works well, and we believe it would be a good thing in general. The municipality should make whatever profit there is in it, and rates could be considerably reduced making it a benefit to all.

We again remind our readers of the splendid entertainment to be given in the Music Hall next Monday evening by Miss Sara Lord Bailey, under the auspices, and assisted by the Stirling Methodist Choir. The following notice is from the Ottawa Citizen on her last appearance in that city:—When one notices Miss Sara Lord Bailey, designated "Queen of Education" on a programme one is apt to think the title has been assumed rather than deserved. Not once she has heard her claim to even this distinguished appellation, must be admitted. Last night in St. John's Hall, she gave such an exposition of the Art of Education, as has seldom been known in Ottawa. This talented lady has so powerful and cultured a voice, as well as so handsome and commanding a presence, as to actually enhance her audience.

Normal Training Class.
Rev. John McEwen, Provincial Normal Secretary of the Ontario Sabbath School Association, will conduct (D.V.) a normal training class in Stirling on March 18th-21st. The class will meet in the afternoon and evening of each day. The prospects for a large attendance of Sabbath School teachers and senior scholars looking forward to be teachers are very encouraging. It is expected that as many as possible in Stirling and vicinity will take advantage of the Normal instruction. Teachers who are anxious to qualify themselves for better work in the Sabbath School cannot afford to neglect the Normal training class.

The last Canada Gazette contains official notice of the changes made in the 15th Battalion, amongst which were the Majors, Captain William Nesbitt Ponton, vice H. Anderson promoted, and Captain John Earl Halliwell, vice T. C. Lazier retired.

The Campbellford Herald says:— "Fully one hundred persons have professed a desire to lead a new life, as a result of the religious influence at the revival services which started in the Methodist church about three weeks ago. Many others are under deep conviction."

Take Advantage of This.
There are a lot of winter suits at the Oak Hall, Belleville, that most men would not consider the best for the year round, and yet they are classed as winter suits with you. You can get 20 per cent. off these, as well as suits, coats, ulsters, pen-jackets, etc. Take advantage of this offer as you get such a chance very seldom.

Stirling Cheese Board. A Large and Enthusiastic Meeting, and a Strong Board Organized.

As announced, a meeting to take into consideration the formation of a Cheese Board in Stirling was held at the Stirling House on Wednesday afternoon. There was a large attendance of Presidents of cheese factories and others interested, and the proposal to form a cheese board in Stirling was enthusiastically received.

On motion Mr. J. T. Belshaw took the chair, and Mr. A. Chard was appointed secretary.

Mr. Belshaw gave some explanations relating to the calling of the meeting, and said that last year a move had been made in the direction of forming a board, but owing to the lateness of the season it was thought not advisable to attempt it then, but thought that by making a move early this season a good strong board could be formed.

It was then resolved to organize a board, and the following gentlemen, presidents of factories, gave in their names as members:—

J. T. Belshaw, Kingston's factory.
J. T. Belshaw, Evergreen.
D. Bush, Rogers.
R. Clements, Enterprise.
O. Vandervoort, Shamrock.
J. S. Scott, Stirling.
W. J. Sperry, Sperry.
J. Tanner, Harold.
W. Meiklejohn, Maple Leaf.
Jas. MacComb, Big Springs.
L. Mason, Springbrook.
G. A. Johnson, Central.
Fred Fanning, Plum Grove.

Besides these a number of others gave in their names as members of the board.

The next business was the election of officers which resulted as follows:—
J. T. Belshaw—President.
Jas. Scott—1st Vice-President.
Wm. Meiklejohn—2nd Vice-President.
A. Chard—Secretary.
W. S. Martin—Treasurer.
L. Meiklejohn and F. T. Ward—Auditors.

On motion it was decided that the regular meetings of the board be held on Wednesday of each week at 1.30 p.m., at Whitty's Hall.

The meeting spent some time in adopting rules for the government of the Board, and then adjourned.

Masonic Banquet.

On Thursday evening the 14th, Right Worshipful Bro. John Shaw, D.D.G.M., of 12th Masonic District of Prince Edward, paid his official visit to his mother lodge, Stirling No. 69, A.F. and A.M. After the communication of the lodge the brethren tendered their young brother a complimentary banquet at the Scott House. Mr. Shaw enjoys the distinction of being the youngest District Deputy of the Grand Master, that Prince Edward District has ever had. During the evening he received many well-deserved compliments from the speakers. Bro. Morden Bird ably discharged the duties of Chairman.

The following is the list of toasts and responses:—

"The Queen," heartily responded to in the National Anthem.
"The Grand Lodge," R. W. Bro. John Shaw, D.D.G.M.
"Our Guests," W. Bro. Anthony Herity, W.M., of Mystic (Roslin); Bro. Geo. Ferguson, of Genesee (Rochester, N.Y.); Bro. McKee, Sr. and Jr., of Prince Edward.
"Ourselves, old 69," W. Bro. Wilmot Vandervoort, W. Bro. A. Chard, Jr.
"Our Municipal Government," Bro. Jas. DeLoach, ex-Mayor of Hastings.
"Bro. Jas. MacComb, Deputy-Grand Master of Rawdon."
"Song, Bro. Chas. E. Parker."
"Our Educational Interests," Bro. John Stewart Carstairs.
"Our Mercantile Interests," Bro's Chas. E. Parker and Judson H. Bush.
"Our Manufacturing Interests," Bro's T. H. McKee, A. Bird and Geo. W. Kerr.
"Our Host," Mr. Morden Bird.
The company parted with "Auld Lang Syne."

River Valley.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Derry, of Malone, were visiting Mr. Chas. Wannamaker's this week.

Miss Hanna and brother are visiting friends in Belleville and vicinity.

Mrs. Palmer and son, of Prince Edward, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wannamaker.

We are glad to hear that Miss Maggie Bradshaw is recovering from her illness. Mrs. W. Edwards and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Carr.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Sager have left for their home at Peterborough after visiting his mother, Mrs. Sager.

We can hear the buzz of Mr. Bradshaw's sawing.

Mr. George Goodwood, of Emerson, Man., has returned from visiting friends and relatives in the vicinity of Kingston and Napanee.

His daughter, Mrs. Chas. Morrow, and intends to leave on Monday for his home.

The Grand Lodge A.O.U.W. met in Toronto on Wednesday. The reports show a net increase during last year of 1,172, and a total of certificates in force on Dec. 31st last of 27,609, representing \$56,218,000 insurance. The amount of death claims paid in 1894 was \$422,000, and the total in fifteen years \$1,082,000. The average cost for \$2,000 insurance in fifteen years was \$13.74, or including relief calls \$13.85.

FINE FURS WHERE IS THE DIFFERENCE

In buying Furs now or earlier in the season? It is this, you can buy them enough cheaper to keep them until next season if you did not wear them until then at all. Good Furs and fashionable are a snap at manufacturer's prices, and we will supply them on those terms. They are just as good as class as we had in November. No culls in stock and we supply you any day of the week as well as Saturday. We have no special day, every day is bargain day with us. We have great prospects for Spring Clothing, and our purchase of New Tweeds is opening up fine. Our anticipations are bright.

J. BOLDRICK & SON.

BARGAINS! GREAT REDUCTIONS FOR CASH.

All Winter Goods must be sold out. I am selling all Winter Goods at way down prices, Shawls, Caps, Blankets, Rugs, Shirts and Drawers, Dress Goods, Gloves and Mitts.

I have a lot of remnants in Dress Goods and Flannels, that I am selling less than cost.

\$5 SEALETTE FOR \$3.
Dried Apples taken as Cash.

Those owing me for Laundry will please call and settle.

E. F. PARKER.

BIG BARGAINS! IN WINTER GOODS

BROWN & McCUTCHEON'S

All accounts past due must be settled at once, or costs will be made.

In Memoriam.

Entered into rest, on Feb. 10, Margaret Louisa, daughter of Charles Wright, of the 8th Con. of Rawdon. Her affliction, which was life-long, gradually diminished her life force, and after an illness of one week, she expired, resting in the arms of her mother, and comforted by the blessed truth of Christianity. Her exemplary life, full of good deeds, very characterized by much cheerfulness and resignation.
Rev. C. M. Harris, of Marmora, officiated at the funeral, which was attended by a large congregation.

Miss Jennie V. Sinclair, daughter of Mr. P. Sinclair, of Madoc, who has spent six years in India as a missionary, will sail for home on March 2. On her return journey she will visit Palestine, Egypt and the continent of Europe.

Geo. W. Walker, Dentist, Belleville, visits Stirling 1st and 2nd Tuesday in every month. Rooms in Stirling House.

The Trenton town council has decided to petition the Legislature to get an act passed, for the purpose of making the boys from Murray Township who are attending the High School there pay what it costs to educate them. At the present time they are paying about nine dollars while it costs the town about thirty nine dollars a year.

At the last meeting of the Springbrook Literary Club the following officers were elected:—

Hon. President, J. A. McConnell.
President, T. C. McConnell.
1st Vice-Pres., Miss Mary Reddick.
2nd Vice-Pres., Harvey McConnell.
Secy.-Treas., Robert Stewart.
Assistant-Secy., Miss Duncan.
Choirster, G. Deprise.

The annual meeting of the County of Hastings Grand Black Chapter, was held in Queensboro, on the 14th day of Feb., 1895, when the following officers were elected:—

Sir Kn't T. J. Thompson, C.G.M.
" John E. Hall, C.G. Dep.
" J. A. Potts, C.G.C.
" Jas. W. Haggerty, C.G. Reg.
" John Caskey, C.G. Treas.
" Robert McGhee, C.G. Lec.
" D. E. K. Stewart, C.G.D. Dep. Lec.
" John Hayton, C.G. Censor.
" John A. Green, C.G. S.B.
" Jas. Moore, C.G. P.

Now Overcoats are Selling.

The storm has greatly interfered with the Oak Hall big sale of winter clothing, but now business is running in the right direction. The last two days the boom has been principally in our overcoat department. For this time of the year, our stock is unusually well assorted. Take advantage of this 25 per cent. off winter clothing.

STIRLING MARKET.

Butter—10c to 15c per lb.
Eggs, fresh—18c per doz.
Farmers' Lard—10c to 12c per lb.
Potatoes—4c to 5c per bag.
Apples, dried—\$1.00 to \$1.15 per bus.
Apples, green—50c to 75c per bag.
Beans—70c to 80c per bus.
Chickens—25c to 30c per pair.
Geese—6c to 7c per lb.
Ducks—8c to 10c per lb.
Hay—\$8.00 per ton.
Timothy seed—\$3.00 per bus.
Oats—30c to 32c per bus.
Peas—50c to 55c per bus.
Rye—40c to 45c per bus.
Buckwheat—30c to 35c per bus.
Barley—40c to 45c per bus.
Wheat—50c to 60c per bus.

Good Clothing Cheap.

When you have an opportunity to get first-class made-up clothing away below regular prices, it is just the time to catch you. The Oak Hall, Belleville, are offering a discount of 25 per cent. on every article of ready-made winter suit, cut, corsetry and full cloth pants etc. Take advantage of this offer as you only have it for this month.

Births.

HARRIS in Stirling, on Feb. 14th, the wife of Mr. H. L. Harris, of a daughter.

Married.

DENNIS—DAY at the residence of the bride's mother, on Feb. 18th, by the Rev. S. Crookshanks, Mr. LUTHER A. DENNIS to Miss LIZZIE GAY, both of Rawdon.

HARNESS EMPORIUM!

HARNESS, WHIPS, LUG RUGS, ROBES, BELLS, COMBS, TRUNKS, BLANKETS, SASKATCHEWAN BUFFALO ROBES, HARNESS OILS, &c., &c.
All of the best quality and manufacture, and at prices to suit all.
Remember we will not be undersold. Remember our old, reliable and well established shop.
Jan. 17th, 1895. JOHN MCGEE.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

The success of the "Unabridged." Ten years were spent revising, 100 editors employed, and over \$200,000 expended. Everybody should own this Dictionary. It answers all questions concerning the history, spelling, pronunciation, and meaning of words. A Library in Itself. It gives the facts often wanted concerning eminent persons, ancient and modern; noted fictitious persons and places; the countries, cities, towns, and natural features of the world; phrases, and proverbs; etc., etc. This work is invaluable to the scholar, professional man, and self-educator. The Globe, Toronto, says:— "The new dictionary is the best book of its kind in the English language. For every family, the members of which are desirous of increasing their knowledge, it will prove a profitable investment. The Times, Hamilton, says:— "It will be the most useful and best working dictionary and the cheapest book in the world, and should be in every school and family." Have your Bookseller show it to you. G. & C. Merriam Co., Springfield, Mass., U.S.A. WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE Stirling News-Argus

(published every Thursday morning at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Parker's drug store, by)

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year, (paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.)

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be of course, properly in every case. This rule can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:—
Charged PER LINE per week when inserted for:
7 days, 50c. 2 mos., \$2.00
14 days, 75c. 3 mos., \$3.00
21 days, 1.00. 4 mos., \$4.00
28 days, 1.25. 5 mos., \$5.00
If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individuals, and notices of marriages, divorces, etc.

Two lines, \$10 per year; for six months \$4 for the first month, and \$2 for the next five months. One line, \$5 per year; for six months \$3 for the first month, and \$2 for the next five months. One line, \$2 per year; for six months \$1 for the first month, and \$1 for the next five months.

Advertisements may be charged at the option of advertisers without extra charge. Transient advertisements, 5c. per line first insertion, 3c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without special instructions inserted till buried, and charged accordingly.

Deaths, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. JOB PRINTING of every description executed in neat and fashionable style, and on short notice.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FRANK ZWICK, M.B.
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
Toronto Medical College, Licentiate of
the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE:—Dr. Zwicker's
former residence, Stirling.

DR. W. W. BOYCE.
GRADUATE OF TRINITY UNIVERSITY,
Toronto, Fellow of Trinity College, Toronto,
Licentiate of Physicians and Surgeons,
Ontario.
Office over Brignall & Thompson's, Front
St., Belleville.

G. G. THRASHER.
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c. Office over Bank,
Drug Store, Stirling, Ontario.

J. EARL HALLIWELL, B.A.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, COMMISSION-
ER, &c.
Office over Boldrick's store, Stirling.

STEWART MASSON.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,
Conveyancer, &c. Office, side Bridge
St., over Wallace & Clarke's, Belleville,
Ont. Money to loan at lowest rates.

C. D. MACALAY.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., OFFICE,
Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

W. P. McMAHON.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY
Public, Conveyancer, &c., Belleville, Ont.
Private Money to Loan at Lowest
Rates.
Offices, East side Front St.

FLINT & McCAMON.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES
&c. Solicitors for the Canadian
Bank of Commerce.
Money to Loan at Lowest Rates and
no Commission Charged.
Offices—City Hall, Belleville.
JOHN J. B. FLINT. W. J. McCAMON.

JOHN S. BLACK.
CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR
taking Affidavits, Office, at residence,
Front Street, Stirling.

STIRLING LODGE
No. 239.
I. O. O. F.
Meets in the Lodge room,
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING
At 8 o'clock. G. L. SCOTT, R. S.

STIRLING
ENGAGEMENT NO. 80.
I. O. O. F.
Meets in Oddfellows' Hall,
the 1st and 3rd Mondays of
each month.
G. L. SCOTT, R. S. E. JACKMAN, Secy.

DENTISTRY.
C. L. HAWLEY, L. D. S.
THURNTON, GRADUATE OF THE TORONTO
School of Dentistry, visit Stirling
professionally, the first and third Fridays of
each month.
The Dental Engine, Vitrified Air, Gas, and
all the modern improvements known to Den-
tistry, will be used for the painless extraction
and preservation of the natural teeth.
Resides at Scott House.

Dr. Wm. S. Cook, V.D., V.S.,
Stirling, Ontario.
GRADUATE IN HIGHEST HONORS AT
the Toronto Veterinary College. Graduate
in highest honors at the Toronto Dental
School. Registered member of the Veteri-
nary Medical Society. Treats all diseases of
the domesticated animals in the latest sci-
entific and modern principles.
Dentistry, Castration, and Surgical Opera-
tions, a specialty.
All calls day or night, Telegram or Tele-
phone, promptly attended to.
Office opposite G. L. Scott's grocery. Con-
sultation free. Charges low.
SALE AND LIVELY STABLES.

1894. 1895.
The Old Year has died, the New
Year is born, and we are not paid.
We can't do business without money
any more than a farmer can grow
grain without land, therefore we very
respectfully request all our customers
to call and settle up either by note or
cash before we are compelled to place
our accounts in other hands for col-
lection.
We now offer the balance of our
Winter Goods at Cost for Cash.
P. WELCH & CO.
Springbrook, Jan. 10th, '95.

LOUTTIT'S....
CATARRH CURE!
A sure and effectual Remedy
for CATARRH, COLD IN THE
HEAD, CATARRHAL DEAF-
NESS, HAY FEVER, HEAD-
ACHE, Etc.
For Sale by Dr. H. J. Meiklejohn & Co.
The News-Argus to Jan. 1st, '95.

CHOICE FURS.

NOW is your time to secure fine Furs at the low-
est possible price for one week more only, as

THE FIRST SHIPMENT of our
NEW SPRING HATS

has arrived, and we need not say they are dandies,
for we have long held the reputation of keeping
as large and choice a stock of

...FASHIONABLE HATS...

as any in the County and the Stock and Styles
for this year will more than ever sustain that repu-
tation.

15 per cent. off Winter Underwear, Top Shirts, etc.

See our Suitings. New Spring Goods arriving at

FRED. T. WARD'S,
THE PEOPLE'S TAILOR AND FURNISHER,
MILL STREET, STIRLING.

CASH BUSINESS.

Go to G. L. SCOTT with your Cash, where you can get

24 lbs. No. 1 Granulated Sugar, \$1.00. 30 lbs. Bright Yellow Sugar, \$1.00.
5 lbs. Tea for \$1.00, and he throws in a nice tea canister.

He has another new lot of DINNERWARE this week. It will pay you to
see them before you buy.

Want all Farm Produce in exchange for goods.

MILL STREET, STIRLING.



THE PENROSE TAILOR SYSTEM
has no equal, using from 17 to 25 measures, yet so simple
that any child or boy of years can learn it. Complete sys-
tem sent to any address upon receipt of \$3.00, with new
Self-Instructor, from which any lady can readily learn
the system.

FREE LESSONS.

Any lady using this system will get free lessons on any
change of styles in future.

AGENTS WANTED

to work all over Canada.

MAIN OFFICE AND FACTORY,
Address all orders to SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

MRS. JOHN PENROSE,
General Agent for Canada,
ANSON, ONT.,
Hastings County.

THINGS OF INTEREST.

To escape from a supposed enemy a
frightened ostrich can travel at the rate of
twenty-five miles an hour.

In the days of Queen Elizabeth it was
customary to strew green rushes on the
uncarpeted floor of the actors' retiring
room in the theatre; hence the term green
room.

The oldest arm-chair in the world is the
throne used by Queen Hafsa, who flour-
ished in Egypt 1000 B.C. It is made of
ebony, beautifully carved, and is so hard-
ened with age as to appear to be carved
from black marble.

The definition of "A Friend" that took
the prize in a late contest conducted by a
London journal was: "The first person
who comes in when the whole world goes
out."

The finest grades of razors are so deli-
cate that the famous Damascus sword
blades cannot equal them in texture. It
is not generally known that the grain of a
Swedish razor is so sensitive that the gen-
eral direction is changed after a short use.

PEOPLE OF MANY NATIONS.

Perhaps the most happily named man in
England is Thankful Joy, a Hampshire
cricketer.

Sir Lyon Playfair's name is pronounced
as if it rhymed with "duffer," but he is
not that sort of a man at all.

The only woman in England who is pro-
prietor, editor and manager of a news-
paper is Mrs. Comyns, of the Feathered
World, the circulation of which paper is
20,000 weekly.

Noblemen in armor were created by
Christophe, a negro, who ruled as em-
peror of Hayti from 1811 to 1820. Among
the titles conferred were those of Duke of
Marmalade, Count of Lemonade, and Earl
of Brandy.

Reference has frequently been made of
late to the rapid way in which the prince
of Wales was aging. Since the death of
his son it has affected his appearance still
more, and he has been the subject of much
of the once peculiarly beautiful howl
of his complexion.

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

There is no spiritual life where there is
no love.

We love flowers most when we do not
need them.

God has never yet made anybody who
could please everybody.

The happiest Christians are the ones who
work most at the trade.

Until we are willing to be guided we are
not willing to be helped.

The hungriest men on earth to-day are
those who have the most wealth.

With all his practice the devil has never
improved on the first hypothesis.

Real faith never becomes weak, no mat-
ter how long it may have to wait.

It is a serious thing to die, but a much
more serious one to live, and not live right.
—Ran's Horn.

The High School Lectures.

Rev. S. Crookshanks ably deals with
the subject, "Reading with Profit."

In introducing the lecturer on last
Friday afternoon, Mr. Carstairs referred
to the feeling of gratitude it gave him
to see so many of his friends present. He
was sure all would be pleased with the
lecture prepared for them, and he hoped
they would have the pleasure of seeing
them from week to week, with as many
of their friends as possible.

In coming forward Mr. Crookshanks
made a brief apology for not giving the
subject the preparation he should have
done; but the apology was not neces-
sary, for he delivered an address, which,
if it were possible, exceeded the bright-
est anticipations.

The following is a short summary:—
"Give attendance to reading," was the
advice given by Paul the aged, to
young Timothy, his son in the gospel.
Such an advice is as much needed to-
day as it was then. One has asked the
question, "who is the most miserable
man?" and then replied, "He who cannot
read on a rainy day." Another
noted writer said, "Reading makes a
full man," and we stop to the ques-
tion, "Full of what?" and we hear the
reply coming back to us "Full of what
he reads." There is great comfort and
boundless pleasure in reading, but es-
pecially in study, the great fountains of
knowledge have their source of supply
in the past, and they have been pre-
served to us by writers who have com-
mitted their best thoughts, words and
actions to the press which has stereo-
typed them, so that they shall remain
for ages.

Let me advise you:—

1. Be readers—not from necessity,
but from choice. How great are the
privileges which you as scholars
enjoy. Your parents are making
sacrifices to confer these privileges
on you. Be diligent and thoughtful.
The secret of success is diligence.
Great men have attained their positions
in life in spite of great disadvantages.
Use, I repeat, your exalted privileges
and favorable opportunities, and success
is not only possible but assured.

Perhaps there are some of you who
have no taste for reading, much less
study. Then to such I would say you
should cultivate a love for it. Those
who do not love reading or study, live
in an exceedingly narrow world, and
are likely to be sadly dwarfed in their
mental development; and certainly de-
prive themselves of a large amount of
pleasure. Judicious reading not only
enriches the mind, but expands the soul,
and gives tone and grace to the man-
ners. Going on the lecturer pointed
out the necessity of system, and by the
use of beautiful similes impressed upon
all the result of not constantly re-
plenishing our stock of information;
and then, secondly, by Mr. J. A.
Faulkner that a vote of thanks be ten-
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addition to the pupils:—Rev's, W. H.
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UNDER A CLOUD.

A THRILLING TALE OF HUMAN LIFE.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Only a few frowns from the admiral and a severe shake of the head over their wine a day or two later, as, in obedience to a summons more than an invitation, Guest dined with him and his sister, Edie, having her dinner with her cousin in Myra's room.

"I felt as if I ought to say a deal to you young man," growled the admiral; "but poor Myra has given me my orders, and I must be mum. Take some more wine."

Guest took some more claret with pleasure, and thought that the subject was to be changed, but it was not, for Sir Mark suddenly turned to him:

"I say, look here, my lad," he said, "this Stratton is a real man."

"No," said Guest sharply; "certainly not."

"Then what the deuce is the matter with him?"

"That's what I'm going to find out, Sir Mark."

But the days went by, and Guest appeared to get no farther, save only that Stratton, in a despairing way, ceased to resent his friend's determination to be with him. He even went so far, one evening in his room in Sarum street, as to show some return of his old confidence, for he tossed a letter across the table.

"Read that," he said.

Guest took it, and saw that it was from the governors of the great theatre, suggesting that Stratton should resign his post for a twelvemonth, and go away on half salary to recruit his health.

"Humph! Can't say I'm surprised," said Guest. "Have you written it?"

"Yes, and resigned entirely."

"Where's the letter?" said Guest eagerly. "I see it here."

"Le's look at it."

Stratton handed him the letter, and Guest read it up.

"I write that you accept their considerate proposal."

"I cannot."

"But you will."

"If I wrote so, I should feel bound to leave town."

"Very good, I'll go with you to the Sons' Pole if you like."

"I shall never leave London," said Stratton gravely.

"Then stop here and get well. Write."

The weaker will obeyed the stronger, and, with a sigh of satisfaction, Guest pocketed the letter to post.

"By the way," he said, "I came through the night on the chance of finding you there."

Stratton's face grew stony.

"And old Mother Bird got hold of me to practice her tongue upon."

Stratton was silent, and sat gazing straight before him.

"Isn't you better let the old woman have a general clean up?"

"I pay the rent of those chambers," said Stratton almost fiercely, "to do with them as I please."

"All right; tell her to go to Jericho, then. But look here, she was asking me about Mr. Stratton."

Stratton's countenance changed a little, either from excitement or interest in his friend's words.

"Isn't it strange that he doesn't come back?"

"I don't know. No. He is peculiar in ways. Sometimes I have not seen him for months together."

"Oh," said Guest quietly; and soon after he left.

It was about a week later that, on going to the inn one evening, Guest was caught again by the portress.

"Which I won't keep you a minute, sir, but would you mind answering me one question?"

"If I can," said Guest, knocking the ashes from his cigar.

"Then is Mr. Stratton coming back soon to his chambers?"

"I can't tell you, Mr. Brade."

"Then can you tell me where Mr. Stratton is, sir?"

"That's two questions, Mr. Brade."

"Well, yes; sir; it is; but if you only knew the agony I suffer from the thought of those two sets of chambers being allowed to go to rack and ruin, you'd pity me."

"Well it does seem tiresome to any lady of orderly mind, of course."

"It's odd, sir," said Guest, the dust and the soot falling down the chimneys with-out a bit of fire, and the mice, and, for aught I know, the rats. Really, sir, there are some times when I wish the chambers were empty, that I do."

"Well, have patience, Mrs. Brade," said Guest. "I think I can see an improvement in Mr. Stratton, and I hope soon to get him to come back—but I don't know when it's likely to be," he muttered as he crossed the square on the chance of seeing a light in his friend's window, and this time it was there.

He hurried up to find, after knocking several times, that Stratton had evidently only just come, for he was standing there in overcoat and hat, and he would have stepped out at Guest's knock, had he not decided an intention of coming.

"Do you want me?" said Stratton uneasily; and Guest's heart sank, for his friend looked more careworn than ever.

"Yes," he said; "I wanted to talk to you about something particular."

"Yes—what?" said Stratton sharply.

"Surely you were not coming away, and about to leave that lamp burning?"

"Was going to leave the lamp burning?" said Stratton absently. "I suppose I forgot."

"Look here," he said suddenly, "about Stratton!"

Stratton turned upon him uneasily.

"This is a rum world, Mal, old fellow."

"What do you mean?" said Stratton.

"Only this: Stratton's rich—a man worth a good deal, and men of that stamp generally have a good deal of money."

"Naturally," said Stratton, with a curious laugh.

"Suppose then, he has come to grief. I mean, suppose some gang have got hold of him on his way back here and made an end of him."

"Absurd!" said Stratton, with a scowling laugh. "Nonsense!"

"Such things have been done. When did he go back?"

"I do not know."

"Don't be huffy with your devoted servant, Mal; tell me this—has he been back since—that day?"

"Perhaps. I do not know. He is a man who goes in and out so easily as a cat."

"But he used to come in and see you often?"

Stratton coughed to clear a huskiness from his throat.

"Yes; but he has not been to see me lately," he said hurriedly. "I am going home now."

"Stratton," said a shudder, and Stratton pitied him as he thought of two attempts made upon his life.

"It is too gloomy—too depressing for me."

"Give up the chambers, then, and take something else, old chap."

"No, no; I should not care about the trouble of moving. I am used to them."

He laid his hand upon the lamp, and Guest was obliged to take the hint and rise to go.

"That's right," he said; "put the lamp out safe. This is an ugly old place, but it would be horrible if the place were burned down."

"Yes—horrible—horrible!" said Stratton, with a shudder.

"Much more horrible if anyone slept in the place, eh?"

"Anybody slept in the place?" said Stratton with a ghastly look.

"Yes—lodgers. There is somebody up stairs on the second floor, isn't there?"

"Yes, in the day time. He withdrew his hand from the lamp, and looked round, to Guest's great delight; for he was looking at an end of interest in the topic his friend had started, and his eyes roved from object to object in the room."

"Work of a good many years' saving and collecting here, old chap."

"Yes; of many years," said Stratton thoughtfully.

"And all your bits of antique furniture, and your old clock, and your old fire, old fellow."

I say," he continued, tapping a glass jar in which a kind of lizard was suspended in spirits, "suppose if this grew hot and the spirit would blaze all over the door in a moment?"

Stratton's eyes contracted strangely as he nodded and watched his friend.

"Yes," he said, "that is so."

"And you've got dozens of similar bottles of spirits, and you've got something in your bathroom too."

Stratton made no reply, but stood gazing away from his friend.

"Wouldn't it be a shame," thought Guest, "Never mind, I did get him a little more like himself." Then aloud:

"I say, Mal."

Stratton turned upon him sharply.

"Wouldn't it do to have a fire; why, you'd burn up poor old Stratton too."

Guest's face looked as if it had been scorched.

"Such a collection, too, as has spent years of his life in getting together."

"Come away, now," said Stratton hoarsely, and he laid his hand once more to turn out the lamp.

"Yes! all right; No; stop!" cried Guest excitedly. Stratton stood still, and his hand remained fixed in the air.

"I have it," continued Guest.

"Stratton did not speak, but remained there with his fingers close to the button of the lamp, as if fixed in that position by his friend's words."

"Look here, old fellow," cried Guest excitedly. "Hurry up, and turn out the lamp."

"What—what do you mean?"

"How long is it since poor old Stratton had that terrible illness?"

"Wait a moment, wait a moment," said Guest. "Wait a moment. Well, he was lying helpless, dying, and you suspected some one was wrong, broke open the old man's door, found him insensible, and nursed him back to life."

Stratton did not stir, but bent over the table, looking at his friend's words with a stare.

"Suppose he has come back unknown to you—as he often did—and gone in there. He is old. He may be lying in there now. Mal, old chap, I don't quite catch you through me. How do we know but that just on the other side yonder somebody may be lying dead?" and he pointed toward the closed door.

"Ah!"

No literary sign can give the exact sound of the hoarse sigh which came from Stratton as his friend said those last words excitedly and then as if spurred by his indignation:

"It's as likely as can be. Mal, old fellow, as I said before, history does repeat itself. He has been missing a long time. Mrs. Brade is very uneasy. You have been a great deal away. I tell you what it is—it's an act of duty. I'll fetch you the police, and, Mal, old chap, I don't quite catch you through me."

As the words left Guest's lips he started, for there was a sudden flash; then, for a moment, his eyes were dazzled; the next he was in profound darkness.

Stratton's fingers, under his friend, had closed upon and turned the button of the lamp.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

A STARTLING SITUATION.

Three steps back were sufficient—three steps taken suddenly in that profound darkness were enough, in the excitement of the moment, to make Guest completely lose what a natural man would call "his bearings"; and, startled, as well as puzzled, he stood, in utter ignorance of his position in the room, for what was to come next.

Time and again he had been uneasy, even startled, by his friend's words, feeling that there was a certain amount of mental aberration. He had felt, too, that it was quite possible that his sudden appearance, when galled by his dictation, Stratton

might strike at him, but until now he had never known absolute fear.

For, manly and robust as he was as a rule, he could not conceal from himself that Stratton was, after all, dangerous. That turning out of the night, and that making a sudden attack upon one who had become irksome to him.

They were quite alone in that solitary place. If he called for help, no one would hear, and he might be struck down and killed. Stratton, in his madness might find some means of his lock, and—

"Edie—poor little Edie, with her bright ways and merry, teasing smile! He would never see her again; and she, too, poor little one, would be heart-broken, till some luckier fellow came along to make her happy."

"No, I'll be hanged if he shall," thought Guest, as a culmination to the rush of thought that flashed through his brain. "Poor old Stratton is really as mad as a hatter; but even if he has such thoughts, I've as good a chance as he has in the dark, and I'll die, Bah! I who's going to die? Where's the window, or the door? Here, this is a nice game, Mal," he said aloud, "you're a very good match for me."

"But as he spoke, he made a couple of rapid steps silently, to his right, with outstretched hands, as to conceal his position from Stratton in the event of the latter meditating an attack—on all which Guest would not now allow.

There was a reply. Guest stood listening for a few moments before speaking again.

"You hear?" he said. "You should have been such a hurry. Open the door, or I shall be upsetting some of your treasures."

Half angry with himself for his cowardice, as he called it, he repeated his monologue and listened; but he could only hear the throbbing of his own heart.

"Well, of all the ways of getting rid of an unwelcome guest—no, no, no, old man—this is about the shadiest. Here," he cried, more excitedly now, in spite of his efforts to be calm, "why don't you speak?"

He did not step aside now, but stood firm, with his fist clenched, ready to strike out with all his might in case of attack, though even now he was fighting hard to force down the rising dread, and declaring to himself that he was a mere child to be frightened at being in the dark.

But he knew that he had good cause. Utter darkness is a horror of itself when the confusion of being helpless and in total ignorance of one's position is superadded. Nature plays strange pranks then with even a traveler in some dense fog, or the sailor on a stormy sea, or the explorer lost in the primeval forest, far from help and with the balance of his mind upset. He hears at such a time that his boasted strength of nerve is very much shaken, and that the bravest and strongest man may succumb to a dread that makes him as timid as a child.

Stratton was in the space in which he stood, and as it would have been, after a little calm reflection, to find door or window, Guest felt that he was rapidly losing his wits. He was not alone, he told himself, and with the dread that Stratton really was mad, and that in his cunning he had seized this opportunity for ridding himself of one who was a very great nuisance, he kept all the while a watch to thwart him.

He remained silent, the coil-wait breaking out all over his face, and his hoarse breathing to catch every sound of movement, or even the heavy breathing of the man waiting for an opportunity to strike him down.

For a moment he vainly to try and combat this feeling. He could find no other explanation in his confused mental state. That must be Stratton's intention, and the only thing to do was to be on the alert and master him when the time for the great struggle came.

There were moments, as Guest stood there breathing so softly as he could, when he felt that this horrible suspense must have been going on for hours; and, as he looked round, the blackness seemed to be full of strange, gliding points of light, which he was ready to think must be Stratton's eyes, till common sense told him that it was all fancy. Then, too, he felt certain that he could hear rapid movements and his enemy approaching him, but the sounds were made by his own pulses; otherwise all was still as death.

And at the mental suggestion of death his horror grew faint and giddy, and he could hear a snatch in the air as if to save himself.

The sensation passed off as quickly as it came, but in those brief moments Guest felt how narrow was the division between sanity and insanity, and he felt a dread greater now than that of an attack by Stratton, he set his teeth, drew himself up, and forcing himself to grasp the door handle, he was ready to make a dash for it, or two in the darkness, he craned forward his neck in the direction of where he believed his friend to be.

Not a breath; not a sound.

There was a clock on the mantelpiece, and he tried to hear its ticking, but he gave up that up on the instant, feeling sure that it must have been neglected and left un wound, and nervously himself now, he spoke out sharply:

"Look here, Mal, old fellow, don't play the fool. Before open the door, or strike a light, either I smash something valuable."

There was no reply, but the effort he had made over himself had somewhat restored the balance of his mind, and he felt ready to laugh at his childish fears.

"Has he gone, and left me alone in?" he thought, after striving in vain to hear a sound.

Impossible; for he had not heard the door open or close, and he would have seen the flash of light, and he would have felt the touch of the door handle. He was ready to make a dash for it, or two in the darkness, he craned forward his neck in the direction of where he believed his friend to be.

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contact with a bronze ornament, which fell into the fender with a loud clang.

Guest started, and he knew, knowing exactly where he stood, and facing Stratton, who seemed to have sprung out of his chair.

"Who's there?" he cried fiercely.

"Who's there?" he cried fiercely. "Why, what's come to you, man? Where are your lights? Bah!" he added to himself, "I have lost my head, too."

As he spoke he drew a little silver case from his vest pocket, and struck a wax match, and he held it aloft, his friend sunk back in the chair by the writing table, gazing wildly in his face.

A single match lit, and a candle in a little holder on the mantelpiece, and applying the match, in another moment the black horror had given place to his friend's room, with Stratton looking utterly prostrate, and unworthy of a moment's dread, annoyance and partook of his feeling of imagination so much play.

"Here, what's come to you, man?" he cried, a deuce of Stratton roughly by the shoulder.

"Come to me? I—I—don't know."

"Have you been here since there ever since you put out the light?"

"Yes—I think so."

"No, I think not. Speak to you?"

"No; I think not. What did you say?"

"He's trembling like a leaf," thought Guest. "Worse than I was."

Then aloud:

"I say, you had better have a glass of gin, when you go, bed. I'll stop with you if you like."

"Here? No, no; come along. It must be getting late."

"All right; but don't leave that candle burning, man. You seem determined to burn down this place."

Stratton uttered a curious little laugh, and hastily crossed the room to the mantelpiece, where Guest stood holding the door open so as to admit a little light.

The next minute they were on the landing, and Stratton, with trembling fingers, carefully locked the door.

"Now, said Guest: 'About poor old Stratton? What do you say? Shall we give notice to the police?'"

"No, no," cried Stratton angrily. "It is absurd! He will come back some day. See me home, please, old fellow. My head all confused and strange. I want to get back as soon as I can."

Guest took him to the entrance of the inn, called a cab, and did not leave him till he was safe in his room at Sarum Street, after which the young barrister returned to his own chambers to think over the events of the evening in company with a pipe.

Guest was not alone in his room, as he mused, "to find what a lot of his old childish dread remains when he has grown up. Why, I felt there, 'Bah! I'm ashamed to think of it all. Poor old Stratton! he doesn't know what he's about half the time. I believe he has got what the doctors call a very serious case of Stridism, or, after to-night's work, he added thoughtfully; 'that I must have got it, too.'"

He refilled his pipe and went on thinking.

"How he started, and how strange he seemed when I talked about the possibility of the police following there, dead, and a fancy of mine. How does the old saying go: 'Fancy goes a great way? There, I've had enough fancy for one night.'"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The New Cardinal Poppy.

Each year sees a distinct advance made in the production of new and more beautiful varieties of our standard flowers, and a correspondent. The pansy, the sweet pea, and the poppy have in recent years been

each particularly fortunate in the results of the attention which has been bestowed upon them. I have raised many of the newer varieties of these three flowers during the past season and have been highly gratified with the beautifully colored blossoms that have appeared. Particularly gratifying have been the results in the cultivation of new sorts of pansies and poppies.

The most beautiful variety of the latter that has made brilliant color in the garden, has been the New Cardinal Poppy, an illustration of which is given on the opposite page. The Registration of Voters' Act, and color is the beautiful combination of cardinal and white, while the form is decidedly handsome, a perfect head being formed by the petals.

It is a decided acquisition to the list of poppies and deserves to be widely cultivated; such beautiful varieties of our good old-fashioned flowers seem to me to be much more satisfactory to cultivate in large beds, than a great mass of this, that and the other flowers, some good, some bad, and many indifferent, and almost none possessing any decided character as a blossom. A few, however, are of the more desirable and more preferable to the heterogeneous collections one sees in many gardens.

Wonders of Science.

"I wonder what's the matter with this thermometer," said the scientist's wife.

"It stands at 95 out of doors."

"Oh," replied her husband, "that is an interesting phenomenon. But it's very easily explained."

"How?"

"I saw variations in this climate have kept the mercury sliding up and down in the tube until the friction made it hot."

Convinced.

Patron—"Wun Lun, it is true that many of the Japanese have become Christians."

Chinese Laundryman—"Me sabe thatee so. See how they fightee."

MR. MARTIN, (Leader of the Opposition.)

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

TWO THOUSAND PEOPLE ATTEND THE CEREMONIES.

Mr. W. D. Balfour Assumes the Duties as Speaker—The Speech From the Throne As Read by the Lieutenant-Governor.

When His Honor arrived at the Parliament buildings on Thursday to formally open the first session of the Eighth Legislature, the assembly room must have contained over 2000 persons. Chairs had been placed on the floor of the House and between the desks, but this extra accommodation was altogether inadequate for the throng that was desirous of witnessing the ceremony.

Since the last session, the main building of the Brockville Asylum has been completed, and patients were admitted before the end of the year, relieving thereby the overcrowded condition of some of the other institutions.

I am pleased to be able to inform you that the considerable progress has been made during the past year by the arbitrators, to whom were submitted all questions relating to the unsettled accounts between the Dominion and the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and between the two provinces, and that all the parties interested have agreed to their respective claims, and that the actual receipts were considerably in excess of the estimate.

The estimates for the current year, without delay, will be submitted for your approval. They will be found to have been prepared with a due regard to economy and the interests of the public, and that the total expenditures of the province were kept well within the appropriations, and that the actual receipts were considerably in excess of the estimate.

The session will, I trust, be noted for the wisdom and prudence of your deliberations, and for measures calculated to promote the best interests of the province.

LITTLE BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

The Speech having been read, the Lieutenant-Governor handed a copy of it to the Speaker, and having fulfilled his part of the ceremony His Honor retired, this time by back way. Then Mr. Balfour, governor, stepped to the chair and cried "Order!"

The rest of the business did not take long. The speaker made the usual announcement regarding the elections that have taken place since the general election, and Sir Oliver Mowat finally introduced, in order to amend the bill, a motion to legislate, a bill entitled "An Act to provide for the administration of oaths of office to persons appointed to judicial offices."

The Premier then moved, first time, "That the bill be read a second time."

Hon. Mr. Hardy, that the speech of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and the standing committees be appointed on privileges and elections, railways, miscellaneous private bills, standing orders, public business, and the business of the day, both of which were carried.

The proceedings were adjourned at 3.40.

HEROISM OF A LUMBERMAN.

Carrying a Wounded Comrade Forty Miles Through Cold and Snow.

A young man, Henry Brade, a resident of Peterborough, has recently performed an act of heroism, actuated by friendship, which is worthy of record among the heroic deeds of heroes of any age. The Manchester, Wis., Union says that Brade, another young man, John Jamieson, was at work in the wild Madoawaka region for the St. Anthony Lumber Company. Jamieson met with a severe accident which rendered him helpless, and Brade started with him for civilization, where surgical treatment could be had. They had traveled on foot but a few miles when Brade was overtaken by a severe storm, and he became helpless. Brade, determined to save his companion, if in his power, shouldered the invalid and started on his long, cold tramp of some forty miles to the nearest railroad. Without a moment's sleep, and bearing, besides his human burden, a pack of provisions, Brade continued on his journey for four days and nights, through cold and snow, almost as helpless from exhaustion and fatigue as his friend.

He had the supreme satisfaction of reaching the end of his journey and placing Jamieson where he was able to be properly treated. Such a feat of endurance seems upon him, and only a seasoned woodsman, injured to hardship, could have accomplished it; and among those capable of such a feat, Brade stands out as an example of disinterested friendship, even when a human life is at stake. Whatever his station in life may be, your Brade deserves to rank among nature's heroes.

A Pathetic Story.

A pathetic story comes from Rastah about the last present received by the Dowager Empress from the late Czar. Last summer the Czar and Empress visited a great shop in St. Petersburg to buy jewelry for their son's future bride. The Empress greatly admired a beautiful bracelet, and told the Czar that she wished to possess it. On their return one of the serious attacks of the Dowager Empress came upon him and the Empress, at the bracelet. The Czar died, and to the Empress in the early days of her widowhood came Nov. 18, 1905, the birthday she must pass alone. On her other birthdays the Czar had been wont to place a bouquet in the morning room of the Dowager Empress, and she was always folded some rich, rare gift, chosen months beforehand. The Empress had avoided the room so full of painful memories, but one morning, the morning of her wedding day, Nicholas requested his mother to go there as a favor to him. The first thing she saw was the bouquet in the first place, and she said the flowers were a case, fastened and sealed by the Czar's own hands. It contained the bracelet. He had ordered it on the day that he married her, and on the day that he died had given instructions for the birthday gift, bidding his son to be near to comfort her when she received it.

Mistress—"I don't know what I am to do, Bridget, unless you get up earlier. Breakfast is never on the table when Mr. Smith is ready for it. Bridget—"I don't know what I am to do, unless you prevail upon Mr. Smith to have his breakfast an hour later."

MR. MARTIN, (Leader of the Opposition.)

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THE WOMAN HAD BEEN SOLD BEFORE FOR \$50 NET.

A dispatch from Buffalo says—Reporta have been made public concerning a sensational case of kidnapping that to the attention of the county grand jury at Buffalo. The alleged Mrs. Guy Beck, a Buffalo woman, has been not disclosed, and the person, whose name is charged with the kidnapping, is said to be the most popular in the nature, for it is Beck was married to a man in Buffalo named Cook.

Beck and her wife lived together for a time and shortly he took her to a place where he agreed to pay a farmer named Hoyer \$50 if the latter would take the wife of his man. Hoyer liked the woman and agreed to pay the \$50 for her and her husband sold his place and he raised no objection. Hoyer and his wife lived in the town of Holland, near Guy Beck, and the man, which had been paid to Cook for her. Hoyer had a couple of children by her for the price, but agreed to not sell her. Hoyer would give him \$50 and a good milch cow and take the woman and agreed to pay the \$50 and a good milch cow and the \$50 and took the woman.

CATERPILLARS AND SNAILS.

Myriads of Them Stop Railroad Traffic in Turkistan and Northern Africa.

A train in Russian Turkistan was recently stopped by caterpillars. Near Kiev an army of these creatures was crossing the track, making a bee-line for the nearest gardens, where it was their intention to have a good time stripping the young foliage of their leaves. When the train stopped, the caterpillars crushed them into paste, but before it was possible to progress they began to slip in the grass and then the train came to a standstill. Another locomotive had to stop for the caterpillars, and the train was delayed for several hours. Meanwhile, it is said that the injured caterpillars stood up by the engine and the train was delayed for several hours. It will be remembered that at the end of the train in this country had a similar experience with grasshoppers during the last part of these insects.

In Algeria they have to keep a sharp lookout for snails, for the same reason. Only a short time ago, on the line from Algiers to Oran, a train was delayed for forty minutes by the creatures, which had come out in myriads during a rainy period. The caterpillars, and finally covered the track. This incident is not the first to have happened nowhere but in Northern Africa, where snails are so abundant that they often come out in myriads during a rainy period. They climb the trees and shrubs by thousands, crawl out on the smallest twig had hanging there, and finally cover the ground. They are so numerous that they are the cause of the edible variety; if the Algerians should not want for delicious food during the open season.

A Dog Who Was Not to Be Dared.

A dog story has come to the writer's ears, which, though not within his personal knowledge, is vouched for by him in an entirely trustworthy way. A certain dog, which was growing old, was in a barn one day with his master. The two were up to a haymow from which a sloping ladder led down to the barn floor. The master walked down the ladder, but the dog was so afraid of the height that he refused to go down. The master began to say to him somewhat tauntingly, "Poor old fellow! I can't get down the ladder, but you can't." Daren's walk down the ladder was a very quick one, and the dog understood his master, walked clear up the ladder. The dog was so afraid of the height that he refused to go down again. The proceeding looked very much like a deliberate demonstration on the dog's part, to his master, that he was not to be dared. The dog was so afraid of the height that he refused to go down again. The proceeding looked very much like a deliberate demonstration on the dog's part, to his master, that he was not to be dared. The dog was so afraid of the height that he refused to go down again. The proceeding looked very much like a deliberate demonstration on the dog's part, to his master, that he was not to be dared.

Innovations in Umbrellas.

One of the later novelties in umbrella is a form that can be carried in an ordinary gripack and adjusted to a great variety of needs. For instance, it can be hitched to a bicycle in six different positions. In general essentials it corresponds to a carriage top. The handles are made in two or three sections and largely of aluminum. The invention was made by the inventor, who now employs several hundred handmen turning it out in a great variety. Some years ago an attempt was made to make a bicycle in six different positions. In general essentials it corresponds to a carriage top. The handles are made in two or three sections and largely of aluminum. The invention was made by the inventor, who now employs several hundred handmen turning it out in a great variety. Some years ago an attempt was made to make a bicycle in six different positions. In general essentials it corresponds to a carriage top. The handles are made in two or three sections and largely of aluminum. 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The Important Events in a Few Words
For the week ending Feb. 21, 1913.

The C.P.R. pays a half-yearly dividend of two per cent. on its preferred stock only.

Mr. P. Mahon died on Saturday from injuries received in falling off a load of hay in Puslinch.

The Budget Committee of the German Reichstag has voted estimates for four new armored cruisers.

The report of the royal commission on the liquor traffic is nearing completion. It will contain 4,500 pages.

Two prominent citizens of Calgary, Messrs. Parslow and Dalglish, have been arrested, charged with the murder of a woman.

Mr. George England, son of London Asylum staff, died on Monday at the family residence, in the 40th year of his age.

Governor Morton, of New York, has signed the Lawson bill, preventing the display of foreign flags on public buildings.

A quantity of new machinery for a cartridge factory to be established in Quebec will shortly be shipped from England.

Sir Henry James' motion in the British House of Commons regarding India's cotton duties was defeated by a vote of 304 to 109 on Thursday.

The lecture which Col. Robert Ingersoll was to deliver on "The Bible" at the Hoboken, N.J., on Sunday night was forbidden by the Mayor.

Rev. J. W. Anns, pastor of Queen's Avenue Methodist Church, London, was stricken down with a fatal paralysis, and is in a critical condition.

Mr. J. R. Douglass has been re-elected president of the Quebec branch of the Dominion Alliance, holding its sixteenth annual convention in Montreal.

The Manitoba Government has selected Mr. Dalton McCarthy to represent them in the appeal in the school case, to be heard at Ottawa on the 26th inst.

The new torpedo destroyer Bansee was given an official trial on the Clyde on Friday. The boat attained an average speed of twenty-eight knots an hour.

The boiler on the premises of J. J. McLaughlin, mineral water manufacturer in Toronto, exploded on Monday, wrecking the building and doing considerable damage.

Frederick Douglas, the well-known colored orator, died suddenly of heart disease at his residence in Washington, opposite the White House, on Wednesday night.

Thomas McBride, of Chatham, has been found guilty of conspiracy and defrauding the Metropolitan Life Assurance Company, and Charles Davis has been arrested on a similar charge.

M. Montpetit, one of the translators of the House of Commons, has been paid of \$7,000 for translating the report of the Royal Commission on the liquor traffic. The account is disputed.

Sir Henry Brougham Lock, Governor of Cape Colony, has been recalled from his position, owing to a long-standing difference of opinion with Mr. Cecil Rhodes, the Premier of the colony.

Kadiff killed a lot of Portuguese troops in East Africa, entering the camp at early morning under the guise of friendship, beginning their murderous work before many of the soldiers were awake.

The Bordeaux Chamber of Commerce has petitioned the Government to place Canadian petroleum under the minimum tariff so as to enable it to compete with the Russian and the United States oil.

Hon. Winston Churchill, eldest son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill, has entered the army, receiving the appointment of lieutenant in the Fourth Hussars, one of the crack cavalry regiments.

The liquor bill, the passage of which was expected, and which would have made North Carolina practically a prohibition State, has been defeated in the Senate. There was a bare majority of one against it.

A school teacher named Whittington, living with his brother near Mossburn, attempted to cut off his head with a carpenter's drawknife, but only partially severed the neck, and will probably recover.

Baptiste Cornelius died in the County jail, London, from consumption. Cornelius had been sentenced to two months' imprisonment for selling liquor to Indians on his reserve. His pardon arrived just before he died.

Referring to the Egyptian situation, the Journal des Debats, Paris, insists that it is the task of France to rouse Continental Europe so that it will give unmitigated evidence that its sympathy is with Egypt as against Great Britain.

Lulu Lacey, thirteen years old, is under arrest in South Grimsby on a charge of poisoning Mrs. Piers' baby. The girl was left in charge of the child, and in some way it got hold of a bottle of strychnine and swallowed enough of the contents to kill it.

The Marquis of Dufferin, at the annual banquet of the French Chamber of Commerce, said that there never had been a peace since his father-in-law, when the relations of the two countries were more friendly and more obviously conciliatory on both sides.

The Montreal Street Railway has discovered a conspiracy for defrauding it. The conductors were provided with a small trough of nickel or German silver which is put into the slot at the top of the box and the five cent pieces slide into the operator's hand.

The first session of the eighth Legislature of the Province of Ontario opened on Thursday by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, who read the speech from the throne. Mr. W. D. Balfour, member for the south riding of Essex, was elected Speaker for the new House.

At Leamington silver medals have been presented to Messrs. F. Comer, Colin Cullin, B. Miller, J. J. Jones, J. Ives, Herman and Ralph Robson, John Robinson and M. Williams for their bravery in rescuing five ice-cutters who drifted out into the lake on February 1.

Taylor & Henry, livermen of Hamilton, were summoned by Humane Inspector Hunter on a charge of starving their twenty-year-old stallion. The horse was removed from the stable and died two days afterwards. The defendants gave evidence that the animal was fed.

Fire broke out in the Ledger Wood Bakery on Front street, near the Springs, Ark., on Friday morning. It is in the northern part of the city, where boarding houses abound, and in an hour three women had been burned to death, six boarding houses, several stores and fifteen cottages, in all worth \$100,000, had been swept away. The dead are: Mrs. Laura Scammon, Mrs. H. J. McLeod and Augustine Sivetto (colored).

REFORMERS IN SESSION

The Meeting of the North Hastings Conservatives.

MR. WATERS PLEAD GUILTY

Poultry and Fat Stock Show—Berlin Assault Case—One Month in Jail

Hot's Estate—Is It Murder?

Conor, Feb. 27.—The first annual exhibition of the Cobourg and District Poultry and Fat Stock Association was opened yesterday.

The character of the exhibition is quite a surprise to those who have not seen it. The highest grade commenced to arrive here on the evening express from the east. The first arrivals were magnificent from W. Ford's, of Cobourg; Dr. Halloway, John Morrow, T. H. Gales, of Cobourg, and from the west on the midnight express a magnificent lot of game birds, including Golden Pheasants and Red-breasted Games. Port Road sent some of the best of its breeders, including some well-known breeders of Brown and Langdon, who show about 30 birds, consisting of Golden Wyandottes, White Cochins and Red Bantams, and Indian games; also J. L. Margach, of the Brown Leghorn man. McKnight & Osborne, of Bowmanville, are showing a very fine line of Hamburgs, Javas, etc. But the greatest surprise to all is the high character of the Cobourg exhibition.

Fred Field, the noted poultry farmer, showed at least fourteen red-breasted games, among others his gold medal cock. The exhibit of pigeons, canaries, etc., are very fine. Today the exhibition will be open when it is expected that nearly 100 dogs will be here for competition for some very good prizes. Mr. Kirk, president of the Toronto Kennel Club, will be the dog judge, and Mr. J. J. J. of the Ontario Agricultural Fair, will judge the poultry. There are at least 500 birds on exhibition.

New Canadian Industry.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 27.—Before the Legislature's Corporations Committee yesterday, Mr. G. Leitch and his son appeared, in favor of a bill incorporating the Colonial Iron and Coal Company.

Messrs. Leitch said they intended to spend nearly one million dollars in Quebec in the development of mines, and in St. John establishing blast works and improved appliances for extracting coal. They proposed to spend \$400,000 in St. John, and said if given their charter they would begin at once and have the works in operation next year. They declared they intended removing the Lousbury Iron Works because St. John was a better distributing centre. They would bring about half their ore from Annapolis County, and the rest from the mines at St. John, Musquash and from Albert. They would bring all the coal from Queen's by water in summer and rail in winter.

Berlin Assault Case.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The three ex-freemen, Messrs. Deane and Silvert, appeared before Judge Lacourse yesterday on charge of assault preferred against them by Thos. Bishop, a month ago, and which had been enlarged till Bishop, who was wounded and injured, could attend the court. He was present this morning and when put on the stand declared he was too drunk at the time to remember what happened. He was a witness of the fracas were then called upon to give evidence which went to show conclusively that it was most brutal assault and the judge committed Messrs. Deane and Silvert to jail for two months, and each of the other two to one month each in jail at hard labor. This had a humiliating effect on the prisoners, who thought they were being treated with a warning. Geibelt has a large family of small children and much sympathy is expressed for them.

Is It Murder.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The terribly mangled body of Robert Huxon, who for some years was connected with the officers' mess room at the military barracks here, was found Monday night about eleven o'clock. The victim's home is in Jarvis, Ont., and he was to have been married next month. Suspensions of foul play are not entertained.

The coroner's jury, after hearing some unimportant evidence, decided to adjourn until Thursday evening next at 7.30, when it is expected a verdict will be rendered. Nothing new was elicited at this evening's session of the jury.

Florence J. Allen in Distress.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 27.—Schooner L. J. Selig, which arrived to-day from Antigua, reports February 2nd, northwest of Bermuda, passing three-masted schooner, Florence J. Allen, of Bath, Me., dismasted, abandoned and full of water. The Allen was a vessel 58 tons, 12 years old, and was on a voyage from Antigonish to Philadelphia, having sailed from former port Jan. 21. She was commanded by Captain Eastman.

One Month in Jail for Charles.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27.—Charles Spratt, of Ottawa, came before Judge Denys in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday on answer a charge of obtaining \$500 worth of goods from the Ames Holden Company on false pretences. Previous to this he was accused being brought before the court his relatives had settled for the goods with the firm and they withdrew their charge and asked for his release. His honor gave him one month in jail.

Sir George Elliott's Estate.

HALIFAX, Feb. 27.—The will of the late Sir George Elliott, Baronet, M.P., London, was filed this afternoon in the Probate Office, the estate is worth £100,000. The testators son, George William Elliott, M.P., and John George Griffiths and Edward Hunter are appointed executors.

Mr. Lang, ex-M.P., Nominated.

NORWICH, Ont., Feb. 27.—A large gathering of the Liberals of East Peterborough assembled in the town hall, Norwich, yesterday and unanimously selected Mr. Lang, ex-M.P. of Ontario township, as their candidate for the approaching election for the Commons.

Waters Pleads Guilty.

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—Waters, the customs officer who was suspended by the court last short time ago for unexplained deficits in his accounts, was arraigned yesterday and pleaded guilty. The magistrate sentenced him to one year in jail.

North Hastings Conservatives to Meet.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 27.—The Conservatives of North Hastings are to meet at Madoc on Thursday, March 14th, to select a candidate for the Commons.

THE LEGISLATURE

Opens With the Tenth Parliament—The Speech from the Throne.

TORONTO, Feb. 21.—This afternoon under the usual military escort His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor opened the first session of the eighth Parliament of Ontario. Promptly at three o'clock he walked into the assembly room of the Parliament building in Queen's park, and found the Speaker's chair vacant. On account of the intentional and customary overrunning of the members authorized to attach "Hon." to his name and take the chair. When the Lieutenant-Governor was informed of the fact he returned and delivered the Speech from the Throne.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly.

In opening this, the first session of the eighth Parliament of the Province, I am glad to welcome you as the representatives of the people assembled for the despatch of business.

While the past year was unfavorable to the agricultural interests in some respects, the prices of many products, especially grain, have been high, and it is gratifying to know that increased interest has been taken in improved methods of farming and in the improved applications of the Department of Agriculture. Various agricultural associations and organizations have been making increased demands for instruction. The special dairy work in connection with the Agricultural College at Guelph has been proceeding for instruction, and I am pleased to learn that last year's progress was the most successful year in the history of the College.

From time to time public attention has been directed to our northern districts as suitable for settlement by an agricultural population. At the present time considerable progress is being made in that direction, and it is proposed to establish, with your approval, at a moderate expense, a pioneer dairy farm to attract further settlers for instruction, and also to prove their adaptability to agriculture.

During the past year the Rainy Lake region has come into notice as a gold field. Many prospectors have been attracted to a number of promising locations have been taken up and partially developed, and it is expected that some of them will be in operation this year. The prospect of gold mining in this district will doubtless promote settlement in the rich agricultural lands in the Rainy Lake valley.

A bill will be laid before you containing some supplementary provisions which the experience of the last general election has indicated to be desirable in the election of the House of Representatives. It is a bill of last session with respect to cities, having worked satisfactorily, you will be asked to consider the propriety of extending its operations to towns.

Your attention will be invited to a measure designed to lessen the number of appeals in the courts of the Province and otherwise to simplify the proceedings of the High and Superior Courts; a measure to provide, in matters of Provincial jurisdiction, that where jurors are not unanimous they may be ordered to retire, and some other measures of law reform.

You will further be asked to consider bills for extending the benefit of the Factory Act and the Child Labor Act; for revising and consolidating the Acts relating to agriculture, and the Acts relating to Mechanics' Institutes and Free Libraries.

The Supreme Court of Canada having held that the Province has no power to pass a prohibitory liquor law, my Government is taking the necessary proceedings for an appeal to Her Majesty's Privy Council upon this question, and the appeal is expected to be heard and disposed of before the end of the present year.

In accordance with the promise made to the House last session, I appointed a commission to collect and report the facts bearing on the views which have been expressed with respect to the mode of remunerating and appointing certain provincial officials now paid by fees and with respect to the extent of the remuneration they should receive, including in regard to the said matters respectively the practice and experience of other countries. The commission have pursued their task with diligence and have made full inquiry into the matters referred to them. The report is about completed and will be submitted in your hands for your consideration, with a view to such legislation as may appear to be proper.

The question of the maintenance of Government House at the expense of the Province will no doubt receive your earnest attention; and I trust that the policy which may be adopted will be such as may prove to be generally satisfactory.

Since the last session the main building of the Brockville Asylum has been completed, and patients were admitted before the end of the year, relieving thereby the crowded condition of some of the other institutions.

I am pleased to be able to inform you that considerable progress has been made during the past year by the arbitrators to whom were submitted all questions relating to the unsettled accounts between the Dominion and the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and between the two provinces and that all the parties interested have shown their sincere desire to have the differences between them settled.

The Public Accounts for the year just closed will be placed in your hands at a very early day. You will be glad to know that the total of the Public Accounts for the year were kept well within the appropriations, and that the actual receipts were in excess of the estimates.

The estimates for the current year, without delay, be submitted for your approval, and I trust to have them placed in your hands for your consideration, and the necessities of the public service.

It is to be noted that the House of Commons was kept well within the appropriations, and that the actual receipts were in excess of the estimates.

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FARMING IN FOREIGN LANDS.

The government of South Africa is improving English hackney stallions for breeding purposes.

Vanilla culture is increasing on the island of Reunion, in the Indian ocean, the export of product being nearly 100 tons yearly.

The depleted rabbit of Australia is being anxiously inquired for by the British army contractor, who sees a possible supply of cheap and wholesome food for the army in this direction.

The grape and wine industry in Hungary is suffering greatly from phylloxera and black rot. The vintage has steadily decreased year by year, that of last year being only three-eighths of the annual average of fifteen years ago.

The experiments of fax-growing for seed and fiber in south Australia has proved eminently satisfactory, fax exceeding in production the cotton of the same larger area will be devoted to fax culture, and possibly other fiber plants.

The director of the government farm at Nariad, India, reports officially that cotton seed has been sent to the Punjab, India, for the purpose of being tested. He recommends, therefore, that the cultivation should stop, and indigenous varieties be cultivated instead.

LITTLE CURIOUS THINGS.

The first oil well in America was discovered on a small mountain farm in Wayne county, Ky., in the year 1829.

In the year 1261 a tide was laid upon all Wales' tongues brought into Bayonne, there being at that time highly esteemed as food.

Indian corn, or maize, never has an uneven number of rows of grains, because it has opposite radicals of growth from the cob center.

Delphinium gives figures to prove that the planet earth has supported 66,237,842,237, 075,960 human inhabitants since the beginning of time.

According to M. Flammarion, the great astronomer, the mean temperature of Paris for the past six years has been two degrees below the normal.

Stonemasons will probably get a better idea of the immense size of the Great Pyramid when they learn that it consists of 80,028,000 cubic feet.

In Persia the women of fashion paint black circles around each eye and ornament the cheeks with figures of various small animals, bugs, etc.

OTHER LANDS THAN OURS.

Mr. Labouchere carries his radicalism so far as to refrain from giving the readers of his paper any information of the birth of an heir to the throne.

Since he won the derby, Lord Rosebery has also bagged first and second prizes for shortown cows, four first and one second for sheep and a first and second prize for pigs.

Sir Edward Burne-Jones confesses that the only one of his paintings which he woreied him was his most famous "The Golden Stairs." He declares that he got "so tired of those girls."

The number of reindeer owned by a Laplander in Sweden varies to a considerable degree. The poor may have from three hundred to seven hundred, and the rich Laplander will keep one thousand, and even five thousand.

A collection of eighty thousand stuffed birds will be one of the attractions of a museum now in course of erection at Leyden, Holland. The building will, in size, outclass anything of the kind in the world, except the British museum.

THE FASHIONS.

White satin and white chiffon is the ideal combination for a bridal petticoat.

Chinese muslin is a pretty new material, and it comes both plain and figured a la pompadour.

The autumn bell skirt will be fuller and wider than the original model, but exactly like it in other respects.

Braiding will be a very favorable garniture in rich dresses next season, as well as on tailor goods and utility costumes.

The new poplin coats take the place of the dress waists. Some are Vandyked on the sides in deep points, but are shorter than any of the coats worn a year ago.

JUDGMENTS.

The unexpected never happens twice. The next century will take up women's wrongs.

Comparisons are odious, except those in your favor.

Who he lives in the fear of death is already dead.

Women lie about their ages, men about their weight.

It is impossible to count on what a jury or a girl will do.

It aggravates us more to hear our enemies praised than to hear our friends maligned.—Madeline Orvis, in Judge.

FOR YOUNG HOUSEKEEPERS.

When ironing starched clothes have a bit of beeswax tied in a piece of muslin to rub the sardies.

Hang in the kitchen in a convenient place for reference, a slate, with tape, pencil and sponge attached.

Scour the butter bowl and paddle once a week with coarse barrel salt, and use sal soda instead of soap to clean dry utensils.

NOTES FOR THE CURIOUS.

Europeans pay \$3,350,000,000 taxes per annum. There are less than 300 pure-blooded Greenlanders.

A Russian is not legally of age till he is 26 years old.

There is an interest account with England of \$125,000,000.

One half of the wealth of England is in the possession of 1,000 individuals.

Over 4,000,000 people in this country live upon the wages paid by railroad companies.

AROUND THE CENTURY MARK.

Mrs. Lucy Healy, of Cheltenham, R.I., has just completed her 99th year. She is a daughter of a revolutionary soldier.

Mrs. Henry Della, of Astoria, Ore., is over 100 years old, yet it is reported she can walk five miles without experiencing undue fatigue.

Hoses Brown of Wildermere, Ore., is said to be the only survivor of the war of 1813 on the Pacific coast who draws a pension.

Israel D. Condit, of Milburn, N.J., who has just celebrated his 92nd birthday, is the only living charter member of the Morris & Essex railroad.

Marshall Canrobert, probably the oldest living holder of a baton, recently celebrated his 86th birthday. He is the pet of his aunt, Miss Wilkinson, who is hale and hearty in her 103rd year.

Thomas Gornley, aged 104 years, was knocked down and had his shoulder broken by a horse car in New York recently. Notwithstanding his great age, Mr. Gornley is said to be in excellent health, and that he will recover from the accident.

Eljah Bryan, of Nevada, Mo., who is now in his 95th year, as a youth helped to defend the homes of the Missouri settlers against the raids of Black Hawk's warriors. His family is related to that of Daniel Boone, and he owns an old flintlock gun which was a favorite with the frontiersman.

SCRAPS OF SCIENCE.

Five volumes of air contain one volume of oxygen.

The moon is apparently brought within fifty miles of the earth by the largest telescope.

The total work performed by the human body during five hours of constant climbing is equal to 1,326,000 foot pounds, not counting other forces exerted, which Dr. Bucheiser says will run the grand total up to 1,380,000 foot pounds.

Carbonic acid gas, which is ejected in large quantities from the earth, is being utilized in several localities. At Burgbrohl, near Coblenz, a carbonic acid spring opened during boring operations, and which is eight inches wide and some thirty or forty feet high, is being used in the impregnation of mineral waters.

MISSING LINKS.

The best bricks in the world are made by the tribes of Central Asia.

New York city has thirty-four thousand miles of underground wires.

Every Yankee warship has an outfit of over one hundred and fifty flags.

In England householders have to pay a tax on each male servant in their employment.

Street bands are not permitted in Germany unless they accompany processions.

In 1850 the foreign-born population formed 9.68 per cent of the whole; now it is 14.77.

Mysteries of the

HUMAN BRAIN

and not the nerve centres, which are the cause of the trouble.

The wonderful cures wrought by the Great South American Nervine Tonic are due alone to the fact that this remedy is based upon the foregoing principle. It cures by rebuilding and strengthening the nerve centres, and thereby increasing the supply of nerve force or nervous energy.

Wheat—50c. to 55c. per bush.